# GANGADHAR MEHER UNIVERSITY Amruta vihar ,sambalpur,odisha



Syllabus for

## **MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS**

## (2-Year Programme)

Course Effective from Academic Year 2021-2022

## **DEPARTMENT OF MCA**

#### **PROGRAM OUTCOMES(POs):**

- **PO1.** Knowledge and Understanding: Develop an ability to understand the theoretical foundations of computer science for designing efficient methodologies along with the knowledge of limitations of computing.
- **PO2.** General, Technical and Professional Skills: An ability to function effectively as an individual with diversified skills or as a part of a multi-disciplinary team setting to accomplish defined goals.
- **PO3.** Application of Knowledge and Skills: Developing problem analysis skills and knowledge and applying the same in real life situation.
- **PO4.** Research Skills: Explore research based knowledge and carry out academic investigations on the cutting edge technologies in allied subjects of Computer Science.
- **PO5.** General Learning Outcomes: Create, select and apply advanced techniques and tools including modelling complex activities related to Computer Science.
- **PO6.** Constitutional, Humanistic, Ethical and Moral Values: Design, develop and evaluate new system components or processes of computer science that meet the desired needs with appropriate considerations of industry, society, public health, safety, culture, environment and sustainable development sticking on to the ethics and values.
- **PO7: Employability Job Skills and Entrepreneur Skills:** Prepare the students to take up a career as versatile contributors in industry, academia, research and development or entrepreneurship employing their expertise to advance personal growth while making meaningful contributions to societal progress

#### **PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES(PSOs):**

**PSO1**. To shield students from the rapid obsolescence of computer technology, the program focuses on imparting foundational knowledge, fostering critical thinking skills, and cultivating technical expertise.

**PSO2**. Analyze, design, and develop software applications with latest computing tools and technologies.

**PSO3.** Empowering the students to pursue careers in IT industry/ consultancy/ research and development, teaching and allied areas related to computer science.

## MCA Programme Structure

Year	Semesters			
First Year	Semester I	Semester II		
Second Year	Semester III	Semester IV		

#### Part-I: Semester-I

Papers		Marks		Total	Duration	Credit
Paper No	Title	Mid	End	Marks	(Hrs)	
		Term	Term			
MCA101	Programming and Data Structure	20	80	100	4	4
MCA102	Data Communication &	20	80	100	4	4
	Networks					
MCA103	Operating Systems	20	80	100	4	4
MCA104	Computer Based Numerical	20	80	100	4	4
	Methods					
MCA105	Lab (Problem Solving and Data			100	4	4
	Structures using C)					
Total				500		20

## Part-I: Semester-II

Papers		Marks		Total	Duration	Credit
Paper No	Title	Mid	End	Marks	(Hrs)	
		Term	Term			
MCA201	Object Oriented Programming	20	80	100	4	4
	using JAVA					
MCA202	Design and Analysis of	20	80	100	4	4
	Algorithms					
MCA203	Database Management Systems	20	80	100	4	4
MCA204	Theory of Computation	20	80	100	4	4
MCA205	Lab (Java and Database)			100	4	4
<b>DSE Papers</b>	5					
MCA206 A	Data Warehousing and Mining	20	80	100	4	4
MCA206 B	Wireless Sensor Networks	20	80	100	4	4
MCA206 C	Internet of Things	20	80	100	4	4
MCA206D	Mobile Computing	20	80	100	4	4
Total				600		24

#### Part-II: Semester-III

Papers		Marks		Total	Duration	Credit
Paper No	Title	Mid	End	Marks	(Hrs)	
		Term	Term			
MCA301	Information Security	20	80	100	4	4
MCA302	Computer Architecture	20	80	100	4	4
MCA303	Software Engineering & OOAD	20	80	100	4	4
MCA304	Web Technology	20	80	100	4	4
MCA305	Lab(Web Technology and			100	4	4
	Software Engineering)					
<b>IDSE Papers</b>						
<b>MCA306A</b>	Network and Internet	20	80	100	4	4
	Technologies					
<b>MCA306B</b>	<b>Fundamentals of Computer</b>	20	80	100	4	4
MCA306C	Introduction to Programming	20	80	100	4	4
	Using Python					
Total				600		24

#### Part-II: Semester-IV

Papers		Marks		Total	Duration	Credit
Paper No	Title	Mid	End	Marks		
		Term	Term			
MCA401	Industrial Project Work and VIVA			500		20
	VOCE					
MCA402	MOOCs-1					3
MCA403	MOOCs-2					3
Total				500		20+6*
			-			
	Grand Total			2200		88+6*

\*Non-Divisional Credits

SEMESTER WISE CREDIT DISTRIBUTION					
Semester	Ι	II	III	IV	TOTAL
<b>Total Credit</b>	20	24	24	20+6*	88+6*

## Semester-I

Course Name:	PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURE
Category:	Programme Core Course
Prerequisite:	Computer fundamental
Learning Objective:	• To understand the various steps in Program development.
	• To understand the basic concepts in C Programming Language.
	• To learn how to write modular and readable C Programs
	• To learn to write programs (using structured programming approach) in C to solve problems.
	• Familiar with basic data structure of algorithms
Learning Outcome:	<ul> <li>To make the student understand simple sorting and searching methods.</li> <li>This course enables us to understand the concepts of Data structure</li> </ul>

• This course enables us to understand the concepts of Data structure and also ability to apply solving and logical skills to programming in C language and also in other languages.

Paper-MCA101
Programming and Data Structure
UNIT-I: 12hrs
Review of C programming, Control structures: conditional and looping statements, Arrays. Multi-dimensional arrays, Structures, Functions, Recursive functions, use of pointers, Dynamic memory allocation using malloc() and calloc()
UNIT-II: 10hrs
Linear data structures and their sequential storage representation, Stack, Queues, Circular Queues and Dequeues, Operations on these data structures, Applications of Stack and Queue, Priority Queue. Linear data structures and their linked representation: Singly linked, Circularly linked and doubly linked lists, insertion and deletion operations on these data structures, Representation of sparse matrix using linked list
UNIT-III: 8hrs
Non-linear data structures: Binary tree representation, Tree traversal: Inorder, Preorder, Postorder (recursive and non-recursive algorithms), Conversion of general tree to Binary tree, Binary search tree, Representations of graph: adjacency matrix, adjacency list, multi list, Graph traversal: Depth first and Breadth first
UNIT-IV: 10hrs
Performance analysis of Searching techniques such as Sequential and Binary search. Performance analysis of Sorting techniques such as Insertion, Selection, Bubble, Quick, Radix,

Merge, and Heap sort.

Representation of B-tree and AVL tree, creation, insertion and deletion operations on these trees,

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. E. Balagurusamy, **Programming in ANSI C**, McGraw-Hill, 2012.
- 2. A. M. Tanenbaum, Data Structure using C, Pearson Education India, 1990.

3. An Introduction to data structures with applications, J. P. Tremblay and P. G. Sorenson, McGraw Hill.

4. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C - Horowitz, Sahni, Anderson-Freed, Universities Press

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. B. Kernighan and D. Ritche, The C Programming Language, prentice-Hall, 1988
- 2. A. K. Rath and A. K. Jagadev, Data Structures Using C, Second Edition.

3.Data Structures using C - ReemaThareja, Oxford University Press

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-
<b>CO1</b>	Explain Linear data structure and their Linked Representation.
<b>CO2</b>	Perform operation on tree data structure and their operation,
<b>CO3</b>	Analyse performance of different Sorting Techniques.
<b>CO4</b>	Explain and represent B tree and AVL tree along with their operations.
<b>CO5</b>	Use both Linear and Nonlinear Data structure in Real time Application through Coding.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	3	3	2		1	1		
CO2	1	2	3	3	2		1	2	1	1
CO3	1	2	3	2	2		1	1	1	1
CO4	1	3	3	3	2		2	3	2	1
CO5	2	2	3	3	2		2	2	1	1

Course Name:	DATA COMMUNICATION & NETWORKS
Category:	Programme Core Course
Prerequisite:	Basics of Computer
Learning Objective:	• The objective of the course is to provide an overview of communication network functions and a good foundation for further studies in the subject. It involves understanding and application of design principles and methods for systems development and review of the underlying systems, and communications technologies and significant standardized systems.
Learning Outcome:	• Understand and be able to explain the principles of layered protocol architecture; be able to identify and describe the system functions in the correct protocol layer and further describe how the layers interact.
Paper-MCA102	
	Data Communication & Networks

**UNIT-I: 10hrs** Overview of Data Communications and Networking. Physical Layer: Analog and Digital, Analog Signals, Digital Signals, Analog versus Digital, Data Rate Limits, TransmissionImpairment, More about signals. Digital Transmission: Line coding, Block coding, Sampling, Transmission mode. Analog Transmission: Modulation of Digital Data; Telephone modems, modulation of Analog signals. Multiplexing: FDM, WDM, TDM, Transmission Media:Guided Media, Unguided media (wireless) Circuit switching and Telephone Network: Circuit switching, Telephone network.

UNIT-II:

12hrs

**Data Link Layer**: Error Detection and correction: Types of Errors, Detection, ErrorCorrection Data Link Control and Protocols: Flow and Error Control, Stop-and-wait ARQ. Go-Back-N ARQ, Selective Repeat ARQ, HDLC, Point –to- Point Protocol, MultipleAccess, Random Access, Controlled Access, Channelization. Local area Network: Ethernet, Traditional Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet. Wireless LANs: IEEE 802.11,Bluetooth virtual circuits: Frame Relay and ATM.

UNIT-III:

**10hrs** 

**Network Layer:** Host to Host Delivery: Internetworking, addressing, Routing. Network Layer Protocols: ARP, RARP, NAT, BOOTP, DHCP, IPV4, ICMP, IPV6, ICMPV6 and Unicast routing protocols Transport Layer: Process to Process Delivery: UDP, TCP, congestioncontrol and Quality of service.

**UNIT-IV:** 

8hrs

**Application Layer:** Client Server Model, Peer to peer network, Domain Name System (DNS): Electronic Mail (SMTP) and file transfer (FTP) HTTP and WWW.

**Text Books:** 

1. B. A. Forouzan, **Data Communications and Networking**, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill 2007.

**Reference Books:** 

1.Computer Networks -A S Tenenbaum (PHI)

2. Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet, 3/e - James F. Kurose

& Keith W. Ross (Pearson Education India)

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-
<b>CO1</b>	Identify the networks with their related concepts.
CO2	Memorize the protocols at different layers of the network.
CO3	Compare the same concepts with different dimension.
<b>CO4</b>	Practice the numerical problems of the related concept.
CO5	Explain the signals with their differences.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	2	3	2	1	2	2	1	3	1
CO2	1	3	3	3	1	2	1	2	2	1
CO3	1	2	3	2	1	2	2	1	2	1
CO4	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	1	2	1
CO5	1	2	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	1

## **OPERATING SYSTEMS**

**Course Name: Category: Prerequisite:** 

Programme Core Course

- Computer Programming and Data Structures •
- Computer Organization and Architecture
- Provide an introduction to operating system concepts (i.e., processes, threads, scheduling,
  - synchronization, deadlocks, memory management, file and I/O • subsystems and protection)
  - Introduce the issues to be considered in the design and development of operating system

#### **Learning Outcome**

- To master the concepts of a process and how the processes are scheduled • and synchronized.
- To develop the understanding of detecting a deadlock situation and be able to recovery from it.
- To understand the different approaches to memory management and disk management.
- To understand the structure and organization of the file systems and I/O systems

Paper-MCA103
<b>Operating Systems</b>
UNIT-I: 10hrs
Operating System Overview: -Introduction, The Need of Operating Systems, Evolution of
Operating Systems, Types of Operating Systems, Simple Batch, Multiprogrammed, Time-shared,
Personal Computer, Parallel, Distributed Systems, Real-Time Systems, System components,
Operating System services, System Calls, Virtual Machines, System Design and Implementation.
Process Management - Process concepts, Life cycle, PCB, Schedulers, Process Scheduling,
Threads, Scheduling Levels, CPU Scheduling: Scheduling-Criteria, Algorithms, Algorithm
Evaluation.
UNIT-II: 10hrs
Concurrency:-Process synchronization, The Critical- Section Problem, Peterson's Solution,
synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, Classic problems of synchronization, Monitors.
Deadlocks: System Model, Deadlock Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks,
Deadlock detection, deadlock prevention, deadlock avoidance, Recovery from deadlock.
UNIT-III: 10hrs
Memory Management: Main Memory, Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation,
Segmentation, Paging, Structure of the Page Table.

Learning Objective:

**Virtual Memory**: Demand Paging, Page Replacement, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing, Memory-Mapped Files

#### **UNIT-IV:**

10hrs

**Mass-Storage Structure**: Overview, Disk Structure, Disk scheduling, disk management, Swapspace management, RAID structure.

**File Systems**: File Concept, Access Methods, Directory and Disk Structure, File-System Mounting, Protection. File- System Structure and Implementation, Directory Implementation, Allocation Methods, Free-Space Management.

#### **Text Book:**

1. A. Silberchatz, P. B. Galvin, G. Gagne, **Operating System Concepts**, 7th Edition, John Wiley, 2003.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Charles Crowley, Operating systems : a design-oriented approach, McGraw-Hill, 1996.

2. A. S. Tanenbaum and H. Bos, Modern Operating Systems, Pearson, 2015.

3. W. Stallings, **Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles**, Prentice Hall, 2009.

4. D. M. Dhandhere, Operating Systems-A Concept Based Approach, McGraw-Hill, 2006.

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-
<b>CO1</b>	Explain the different types of Operating systems
<b>CO2</b>	Describe the lifecycle of a process and its attributes with its scheduling algorithms
CO3	Analyze the concept of Deadlock
<b>CO4</b>	Apply segmentation and paging techniques
<b>CO5</b>	Explain the structure and organization of the file systems and I/O systems

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1			1	1		1	1		
CO2	2	2	3	3	1		2	2	2	1
CO3	1	2	3	2	2		1	2	1	1
CO4	1	2	3	3			2	1		1
CO5	1	3	3	3	1		1	2	2	1

## **Course Name: Computer Based Numerical Methods**

Category: Programme Core course

#### Prerequisite: A good knowledge of number systems, calculus and matrices.

#### Learning Objective:

- aware of different error calculations in numerical computations, Polynomial interpolation, Numerical differentiation and Integration.
- know Numerical solution of differential equations and system of linear equations.
- study concept of Eigen vectors & Eigen values of matrices.

#### **Learning Outcome:**

- Understand the concepts of error in numerical computations, its control and methods of root fining.
- Acquire numerical skills and concepts of computation of matrix inverse and solution of linear systems.
- Understand and apply the concepts of interpolation for approximating functions.
- Perform differentiation and integration using various numerical methods.
- Study and use the eigen values and eigen vectors of matrices, its properties and applications.

## Paper-MCA104

## **Computer Based Numerical Methods**

UNIT-I:	10hrs
Fixed point arithmetic, rounding error, truncation error, loss of significance an	nd error propagation
and stability, computational methods for error estimation, convergence of	of sequences, some
mathematical preliminaries.	
UNIT-II:	10hrs
Roots of $f(x)$ by bisection method, method of false position, secant method methods, fixed point iteration method. Solution of $Ax = b$ : Solution of simultaneous liner equations by Cra elimination method. Grauss Jordan method. Grauss Seidel method matrix i	d, Newton-Raphson mer's rule, Gauss'
Jordan method.	liversion by Gauss-

Curve Fitting: Least square approximation of functions by liner regressing, polynomial regression..

#### UNIT-III:

10hrs

Numerical differentiation and integration: Differentiation formulae, integration by trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 rule and 3/8 rule.

Numerical solution of Ordinary Differential Equation:

Euler's method, modifications of Euler's, Runge-Kulta methods of the third and fourth order, Predictor-corrector methods.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

10hrs

Miscellaneous topics: Determination of eigen values and eigen vectors of a matrix by iteration, Inverse of a matrix.

#### **Text Book:**

1. S.C. Chopra and R.P. Canole, Numerical Methods for Engineers, McGraw-Hill, 2010.

#### **Reference Book:**

1. S.D. Conte and C. De Boor, Elementary Numerical Analysis: an algorithmic approach, SIAM, 2017.

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-
<b>CO1</b>	Able to use logical notation to define and reason about fundamental mathematical concepts such
	as sets, relations, and functions.
<b>CO2</b>	To apply mathematical foundations, algorithmic principles, and computer science theory to the
	modelling and design of computer based systems.
<b>CO3</b>	Able to construct simple mathematical proofs and possess the ability to verify them.
<b>CO4</b>	Model problems in Computer Science using Numerical differentiation and integration.
<b>CO5</b>	To Understand and prove fundamental results and solve algebraic problems using appropriate
	techniques

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1		2
CO2	1	2	1	1	1		1	1		1
CO3	1	2	1	1	1		1	2	1	1
CO4	2	3	1	2	2		2	2	1	1
CO5	2	2	1	2	1		1	2	1	1

#### Paper-MCA105

## Lab :Problem Solving and Data Structures using C

#### LAB PROGRAMS ON C:

1. Simple Programs using C :Find Area, Perimeter of Square & Rectangle, Find max. Among 3 nos, Check leap year

2. Programs using Loop :Factorial of Number, Prime Number, Perfect Number, Armstrong Number, Floyd's Triangle

3. Function Programs : Simple Function Problems, Function with call by reference, Recursion function e.g. sum of digit, reverse of digit, Fibonacci Series, Inter conversion of Decimal, Binary & Hexadecimal no, LCM & GCD of numbers

4. Array & Structure Operations: Insert & Delete an element at given location in array, Transpose of matrices, Multiplication of matrices, Display upper & lower diagonal of matrices Array of Structure e.g. student result, Employee pay slip, Phone bill

#### DATA STRUCTURE PROGRAMS:

- **1.** Implementation of sparse matrix
- 2. Implementation of linear search, binary search, bubble sort, insertion sort, selection sort
- 3. Implementation of single linked list and its operations
- 4. Design a doubly linked list to hold strings and use it for organizing a sequence of cities
- 5. Repeat Q4 using doubly circular linked list
- 6. Create a polynomial using single linked list and perform addition operation of two polynomials
- 7. Implement a stack, use stack for conversion of infix to postfix and evaluation of postfix expression.
- 8. Implementation of circular queue (using array) with menu options like insert, delete, display and exit.
- **9.** Implementation of a priority queue and use it to organize studentrecords prioritized by marks.
- **10.** Recursive implementation of quick sort and merge sort. Generate 10 random integers in a given range and apply sorting mechanisms.
- **11.** Implement linear search and binary search to find out whether a given element is present or not in the array. Compare two search mechanisms based on number of comparisons required for a successful as well as unsuccessful search.
- **12.** Implementation of a binary search tree with menu options: Construct a tree, insertanode, delete anode, traverse and display preorder, in order and post order sequence of its nodes.
- **13.** Implementation of Heap Sort.
- **14.** Implementation of digraphs using adjacency matrix and find the transitive closureusingWarshall's algorithm.
- **15.** Implementation of a weighted graph and find minimal cost spanning tree usingPrim's algorithm.

### Semester-II

**Course Name:** 

**Prerequisite:** 

**Category:** 

	<b>OBJECT</b>	<b>ORIENTED</b>	<b>PROGRAMMING</b>	<b>USING JAVA</b>
--	---------------	-----------------	--------------------	-------------------

Programme Core Course Basic procedural programming Language (like C-Programming)

- Learning Objective:
- Introduces object oriented programming concepts using the Java language.
- Introduces the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and demonstrates how they relate to the design of abstract classes.
- Introduces the implementation of packages and interfaces.
- Introduces exception handling, event handling and multithreading.
- Introduces the design of Graphical User Interface using applets and swings.

#### Paper-MCA201 Object Oriented Programming using JAVA

#### **UNIT-I:**

**Java Evolution and Environment:** Java evolution, overview of java language, java history, features of java, how java differs from C and C++, java and World Wide Web, web browser.

**Java Environment:** Java Development Kit(JDK), Application Programming Interface(API), java programming structure, java tokens, constants, variables, expressions, decision making statements and looping, java statements, overview of arrays and strings, machine neutral, Java Virtual Machine(JVM), Command Line Arguments.

#### UNIT-II:

**12 hrs** 

8hrs

**Classes, Objects and Methods:** Introduction, defining a class, creating objects, accessing class members, constructors, method overloading, static members. Inheritance: Defining a sub-class, sub-class constructor, multi-level variables, final classes and finalize methods, abstract methods and classes, visibilitycontrol.**Arrays and Strings:** One-dimensional arrays, creating an array, declaration of arrays, initialization of arrays, two-dimensional arrays, string arrays, string methods, string buffer class, vectors, wrapper classes, Basic I/O Streams: Scanner, buffered reader, Collection classes. **Managing Errors and Exceptions**: Introduction, types of errors: compile time and run-time errors, exceptions, types of exceptions, syntax of exception handling code, multiple catch statements, using finally statement, throwing our own exceptions.

#### UNIT-III:

10hrs

Interfaces, Package and Multi-threaded Programming: Introduction, defining interfaces, extended interfaces, implementing interfaces. Package: Creation, importing a package and userdefined package. Threads: Introduction to threads, creating threads, extending the thread class, implementing the 'runnable' interface, life-cycle of a thread, priority of a thread, synchronization, and deadlock.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

10hrs

**Applet programming:**Introduction, how applets differ from applications, building applet code, applet life cycle, about HTML, designing a web page, passing parameters to applets, getting

input from the user.**Graphics Programming:** Introduction, abstract window toolkit class hierarchy, frames, event-driven programming, layout managers, panels, canvases, drawing geometric figures.**Introduction to Swings:** Introduction to Swings, overview of Swing components: Jbutton, JCheckBox, JRadioButton, JLabel, JTextField, JTextArea, JList.

#### **Text Book:**

1. H. Schildt, **The Java Complete References**, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2014. **Reference Books:** 

- 1. Y.Daniel Liang, An Introduction to JAVA Programming, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009.
- 2. K. Sierra, **Head First java**, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Shroff Publishers, 2012.
- 3. 3. E. Balaguruswamy, Programming with JAVA, 2/e, Tata McGraw Hill

	<b>COURSE OUTCOMES:</b> After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to:-
CO1	Explain the basic principles of object-oriented programming along with its strength and weakness
CO2	Identify Java standard libraries and classes.
CO3	Apply the object-oriented programming techniques in developing small to medium-sized application programs and use it in real life applications.
CO4	Identify Java code utilities in applets, Java packages, and classes.
CO5	Design simple Graphical User Interface applications and use it in real world scenario.

	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	<b>PO6</b>	<b>PO7</b>	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2		3	2	3		3	2	1	1
CO2	3	1	3	3		1	2	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	3

Course Name:	DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS
Category:	Programme Core Course
Prerequisite:	Data Structure
Learning Objective:	<ul><li>Learn the algorithm analysis techniques.</li><li>Become familiar with the different algorithm design techniques.</li></ul>

• Understand the limitations of Algorithm power.

### Paper-MCA202

## **Design and Analysis of Algorithms**

#### **UNIT-I:**

Introduction to Design and analysis of algorithms, Growth of Functions (Asymptotic notations), Recurrences, Solution of Recurrences by substitution, Recursion tree method, Master Method, Analysis of Searching and Sorting Techniques: Brute Force Technique, Selection sort, Bubble sort.

#### UNIT-II:

Divide and Conquer: Merge sort, Quick sort, Time complexity analysis for Merge and Quick sort. Transform and Conquer: Balanced search tree, Heaps and Heap sort. Dynamic Programming algorithms: Matrix Chain Multiplication, Elements of Dynamic Programming, Longest Common Subsequence, 0/1 Knapsack problem.

#### **UNIT-III:**

Greedy Algorithms: Activity Selection Problem, Elements of Greedy Strategy, Fractional Knapsack Problem, Huffman Codes. Graph Algorithm - BFS and DFS, Minimum Spanning Trees, Kruskal algorithm, Prim's Algorithm, Single Source Shortest paths, Bellmen Ford Algorithm, Dijkstra's Algorithm.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

String matching, Rabin-Karp Algorithm, KMP Algorithms. Theory of NP-completeness: Complexity classes of P, NP, NP-Hard, NP complete. Polynomial reduction, Cook's theorem, discussion on SAT, CNF-SAT, Min vertex cover, max clique, Graph coloring.

#### **Text Book:**

1. T.H.Coreman et.al. Introduction to Algorithms, MIT press Cambridge, 2001.

#### **Reference Books:**

1.M. R. Kabat, Design and Analysis of Algorithms, PHI, 2013.

2. S. Sridhar, Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Oxford University Press

3. E. Horowitz, S. Sahni, **Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms**, computer science press, 1978.

#### 10hrs

**10hrs** 

10hrs

## 10hrs

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to
<b>CO1</b>	Describe asymptotic notation, its properties and use it in measuring algorithm behaviour
<b>CO2</b>	Apply mathematical principles in analysis of algorithms to solve real world problems
<b>CO3</b>	Analyze and apply the complexities of various algorithms and select the best one
<b>CO4</b>	Know the different strategies that are known to be useful in finding efficient algorithms to
	solve problems and to be able to apply them in real scenario
<b>CO5</b>	Choose appropriate data structures and algorithms and use it to design algorithms for a
	specific problem

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2		2	3	2	1	3	3	3
CO2	2	2	3	2	3	2	1	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	3
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	3
CO5	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3

## **DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**

**Course Name:** 

Prerequisite:       Basic Knowledge of Computer Programming and Data structures         Learning Objective:       • Classify modern and futuristic database applications based on size ar complexity         • Design a database from understanding an Universe of Discourse, using E diagrams; map ER model into Relational model and to normalize th relations.         • Create a physical database from a design using DDL statements with appropriate key, domain and referential integrity constraints; analyze different ways of writing a query and justify which is the effective an efficient way; and compare and contrast various indexing strategies in different database systems and list key challenges in advanced database systems and to critique how they differ from traditional database design and query languages.         Paper-MICA203
<ul> <li>Learning Objective:</li> <li>Classify modern and futuristic database applications based on size ar complexity</li> <li>Design a database from understanding an Universe of Discourse, using E diagrams; map ER model into Relational model and to normalize th relations.</li> <li>Create a physical database from a design using DDL statements with appropriate key, domain and referential integrity constraints; analyz different ways of writing a query and justify which is the effective an efficient way; and compare and contrast various indexing strategies in different database systems and list key challenges in advanced database systems and to critique how they differ from traditional database systems.</li> <li>Learning Outcomes</li> <li>To study the concepts of databases especially Relational Database design and query languages.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Design a database from understanding an Universe of Discourse, using E diagrams; map ER model into Relational model and to normalize th relations.</li> <li>Create a physical database from a design using DDL statements wit appropriate key, domain and referential integrity constraints; analyz different ways of writing a query and justify which is the effective an efficient way; and compare and contrast various indexing strategies i different database systems and list key challenges in advanced database systems and to critique how they differ from traditional database systems.</li> <li>Learning Outcomes</li> <li>To study the concepts of databases especially Relational Database design and query languages.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Create a physical database from a design using DDL statements with appropriate key, domain and referential integrity constraints; analyz different ways of writing a query and justify which is the effective an efficient way; and compare and contrast various indexing strategies in different database systems and list key challenges in advanced database systems and to critique how they differ from traditional database systems.</li> <li>Learning Outcomes</li> <li>To study the concepts of databases especially Relational Database design and query languages.</li> </ul>
Learning Outcomes       • To study the concepts of databases especially Relational Database design and query languages.         Paper-MCA203       • To study the concepts of databases especially Relational Database design
Paper-MCA203
Database Management Systems
UNIT-I: 10hrs
<b>Introduction to DBMS</b> : Characteristics, Purpose, Application of the Database approach Advantages of using DBMS approach upon file structure, Three-schema Architecture, Data Abstraction, Data Independence, Data base languages, DBMS Architecture, Data Mode overview, Introduction to ER model and Relational data model.
Relational Query Language: Relational algebra, Tuple and Domain Relational Calculus, SQL.
UNIT-II: 10hrs
<b>Database Design and ER model</b> : Overview of Design Process, Entities, Attributes, Constraint Weak Entities, ER diagram, Extended ER Features, Reduction to Relational Schemas. <b>Relational Database Design</b> : Feature of Good Relational Design, Atomic Domain and Fir Normal Form, Functional Dependency Theory, Decomposition of Schemas, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Normal forms and Normalization, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF, Multivalue Dependencies & 4NF. Performance tuning and Denormalization
UNIT-III: 10hrs
Query Processing and Optimization: Evaluation of Relational Algebra Expression QueryEquivalence, Join strategy, Query optimization algorithms. Storage Strategies: Indice B+Trees, Hashing

**Transaction Processing**: Transaction Concept, ACID Properties of Transaction, Serializability, Recoverability.

**Concurrency Control**: Overview, Lock-based Protocol, Timestamp ordering protocol, Multi version and Optimistic concurrency control techniques.

**Recovery Systems**: Database Failure and Recovery, Log based Recovery to preserve Atomicity and Durability

Text Book:
1. A. Silberschatz, F. H. Korth, Database System Concepts, 6th Edition, MGH, 2010.
Reference Books:
1. R. Elmasri, Fundamental of Database Systems, Pearson Education, 2008.
2. B. Desai, An Introduction to Database System, Galgotia publication.
3. C.J. Date, An Introduction to Database Systems, Pearson Education

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to
<b>CO1</b>	Define the basics of databases, database management systems, architecture of database
	systems, and the role of database users. Explain effectively the features of database
	management systems and data models.
<b>CO2</b>	Construct formal queries using relational algebra and relational calculus and structured
	query languages to perform database operations.
CO3	Identify the attributes to code a real world entity and create E-R models for designing
	databases for real-world applications. Examine the database design to check for
	improvement using normalization.
<b>CO4</b>	Describe various indexing techniques and explain the basics of query evaluation
	mechanisms.
<b>CO5</b>	Recognize the state of a database instance. Apply concurrency control and recovery
	mechanisms to maintain the correctness and consistency in the database.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	3	1	2	2		2	1	2	1
CO2	2	3	1	2	2		1	2	3	1
CO3	1	2	1	2	3		2	1	3	1
CO4	1	2	1	1	1		1	1	3	1
CO5	2	3	1	2	1		1	2	2	2

Course Name:	THEORY OF COMPUTATION
Category: Prerequisite:	Programme Core Course Fundamental of computer science and mathematics
Learning Objective: Learning Outcome:	<ul> <li>To introduce concepts in automata theory and theory of computation.</li> <li>To identify different formal language classes and their relationships.</li> <li>To design grammars and recognizers for different formal languages.</li> <li>This course enables us to understand the concepts of theory of Computation and its applications.</li> </ul>

## Theory of Computation

UNIT-I: 10hrs Introduction: Automata theory, Computability theory, Complexity theory, Mathematical notations & terminology, Alphabet, String, Languages & operations on strings; Finite Automata (Deterministic): Formal definition, Transition function, Extended transition function, Language of DFA, Design of DFA; Finite Automata (Non-deterministic): Formal definition, Language of NFA, Equivalence of DFA & NFA; NFA with EpsilonTransition: Eliminating "-transitions from NFA, Conversion from Epsilon-NFA to DFA, Minimization of DFA.

## UNIT-II:

Paper-MCA204

Moore machines, Mealy machines; Regular expressions: Regular operators and their precedence, Building regular expressions, DFA to Regular expressions, Regular expressions to DFA, Arden's theorem, PumpingLemma for Regular languages, Closure properties of Regular languages.

#### **UNIT-III:**

Introduction to Grammars: Definition, Derivation of string, Left and rightlinear grammars, Regular grammars; Context Free Grammars (CFG): Definition,Derivation of string, Language of CFG, Parse Tree, Ambiguity in grammar,Elimination of ambiguity, Normal forms of CFG: Chomsky and Greibachnormal forms, Converting CFG to CNF & GNF, Closure properties of context free languages (CFL).

#### **UNIT-IV:**

10hrs

10hrs

10hrs

Push Down Automata(PDA): PDA Components, Moves of a PDA, Design of a PDA, PDA to CFG and CFG to PDA conversion, Pumping lemma for CFL;

Turing Machines (TM): Design of a TM, Variation of TM, Recursively Enumerable Languages and undecidable problems.Church Turing hypothesis, Recursive and recursively enumerablesets, Chomsky's hierarchy of languages. Ackermann's function, Godel numbering; NP Completeness: P and NP, NP complete andNP Hard problems.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. J. E. Hopcroft, R. Motwani, and J. D. Ullman, Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 2. P. Linz, **An Introduction to Formal Languages and Automata**, 4th Edition, Jones &Bartlett Learning, 2006.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. M. Sipser, Introduction to the Theory of Computation, 3rd Edition, Cengage Learning, 2012.
- 2. J. C. Martin, **Introduction to Languages and the Theory of Computation**, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2010.
- 3. K. L. P. Mishra, and N. Chandrasekaran, **Theory of Computer Science: Automata**, **Languages and Computation**, 3rd Edition, PHI, 2012.

	COURSE OUTCOMES:								
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-								
<b>CO1</b>	Develop and implement mathematical models with DFA, NFA for regular languages.								
<b>CO2</b>	Design regular expression for regular sets.								
<b>CO3</b>	Design and implement grammar and PDA for context free languages and demonstrate								
	their properties. Construct Turing machines for context sensitive and un-restricted								
	languages.								
<b>CO4</b>	Describe the Chomsky hierarchy of Formal Languages and Grammar.								
<b>CO5</b>	Explain the concept of decidability & recursive enumerability, and classify a given								
	language to the P, NP or NPC complexity classes.								

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	3	2	3	1		2	2	3	2
CO2	3	2	1	2	2			2	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	2			2	3	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	1		1		2	
CO5	2	3	2	3	3		2	1	3	3

Paper -MCA205

## Lab: Java and Database

#### **EXPERIMENTS ON JAVA**

- 1. Programs to illustrate class and objects
- 2. Programs to illustrate Overloading & Overriding methods in Java
- 3. Programs on Constructers
- 4. Programs Illustrate the Implementation of Various forms of Inheritance. (Ex. Single, Hierarchical, Multilevel inheritance....)

5. Program which illustrates the implementation of multiple Inheritance using interfaces in Java.

- 6. Program to illustrate the implementation of abstract class.
- 7. Programs to illustrate Exception handling
- 8. Programs to create packages in Java.
- 9. Program to Create Multiple Threads in Java.
- 10. Program to Implement Producer/Consumer problem using synchronization
- 11. Developing a simple paint like program using applet
- 12. Developing programs on JButtons, JTextBox, JTextButtonetc

#### **EXPERIMENTS ON DBMS:**

1. Creation of a tables using create command and writing SQL queries to retrieve information from the tables.

2. Implement data definition languages (Create, Alter, Drop, Truncate, and Rename) & data manipulation languages (Insert, Update, and Delete) for updating and viewing records.

3. Implement SELECT command with different clauses (where clause, having clause, group by clause, order by clause).

4. Implement Single Row function (character, numeric, data functions).

5. To implement Group function (AVG, MIN, MAX, SUM).

6. Implement various types of integrity constraints (NOT NULL Constraint, DEFAULT

Constraint, UNIQUE Constraint, PRIMARY Key, FOREIGN Key, CHECK Constraint).

7. Creation of Views, Synonyms, Sequence, Indexes, Save point.

8. Creating relationship between tables.

9. Implementation of PL/SQL block.

10. Write a PL/SQL block to satisfy some conditions by accepting input from theuser.

11. Write a PL/SQL block that handles all types of exceptions.

Course Name:	DATA WAREHOUSING AND MINING						
Category:	Programme Elective Course						
Prerequisite:	Data Structure and Algorithm, Linear Algebra, Basics of Web						
	programming						
<b>Learning Objective:</b> This course deals with evolving multidimensional intelligent model fr typical system, representation of multi dimensional data for a data wareh discovering the knowledge imbibed in the high dimensional system, fidir hidden interesting patterns in data, and gives the idea to evaluate various m techniques on complex data objects.							
Learning Outcome:	This course enables us to understand the concepts of Data Mining and its applications.						

DSE Paper – MCA206A
Data Warehousing and Mining
UNIT-I: 10hrs
Evolution of Decision Support Systems- Data warehousing Components –Building a Data warehouse, Data Warehouse and DBMS, Data marts, Metadata, Multidimensional data model, OLAP vs OLTP, OLAP operations, Data cubes, Schemas for Multidimensional Database: Stars, Snowflkes and Fact constellations.
UNIT-II: 10hrs
Types of OLAP servers, 3–Tier data warehouse architecture, distributed and virtual data warehouses. Data warehouse implementation, tuning and testing of data warehouse. Data Staging (ETL) Design and Development, data warehouse visualization, Data Warehouse Deployment, Maintenance, Growth, Business Intelligence Overview- Data Warehousing and Business Intelligence Trends - Business Applications.
UNIT-III: 10hrs
Data mining-KDD versus datamining, Stages of the Data Mining Process-task premitives, Data Mining Techniques -Data mining knowledge representation – Data mining query languages, Integration of a Data Mining System with a Data Warehouse – Issues, Data preprocessing – Data cleaning, Data transformation, Feature selection, Dimensionality reduction, Discretization and generating concept hierarchies-Mining frequent patterns- association-correlation. Decision Tree Induction - Bayesian Classifiation – Rule Based Classifiation –Classifiation by Back propagation – Support Vector Machines – Associative Classifiation – Lazy Learners – Other Classifiation Methods.
UNIT-IV: 10hrs
Clustering techniques – , Partitioning methods- k-means Hierarchical Methods - distance-based agglomerative and divisible clustering, Mining complex data objects, Spatial databases, temporal databases, Multimedia databases, Time series and Sequence data; Text Mining –Graph mining-web mining-Application and trends in data mining
Text Books:
1. Jiawei Han and MichelineKamber, Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques, Morgan

Kaufmann Publishers, third edition2011, ISBN: 1558604898.

2. Alex Berson and Stephen J. Smith, "Data Warehousing, Data Mining & OLAP", TataMc Graw Hill Edition, Tenth Reprint 2007.

3.G. K. Gupta, "Introduction to Data Min Data Mining with Case Studies", Easter EconomyEdition, Prentice Hall of India, 2006

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Mehmedkantardzic, "Dataminingconcepts, models, methods, and lgorithms", Wiley Interscience, 2003.
- 2. Ian Witten, Eibe Frank, Data Mining; Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques, third edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.

3.George M Marakas, Modern Data Warehousing, Mining and Visualization, Prentice Hall, 2003

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-
<b>CO1</b>	Describe the requirement of a data warehouse and its components.
<b>CO2</b>	Explain the data warehouse life cycle.
<b>CO3</b>	Explain the concepts of data mining and data pre-processing.
<b>CO4</b>	Analyze different classification algorithms and apply the same to real life problems.
<b>CO5</b>	Apply different clustering algorithms for solving problems in various domains.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1		2		3	2			1	2	1
CO2	1	2		2	2	2		1	2	1
CO3	1	2		3	2	2	1	2	2	
CO4	1	1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2

Course Name:	WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS
Category:	Programme Elective Course
Prerequisite:	Basic Computer Network
Learning Objective:	The purpose of this course is to introduce students to Obtain a broad understanding about the network architecture of wireless sensor network.Understand all basic characteristics of wireless sensor networks and sensor nodes.The principles of data transmission, clustering algorithm and routing protocols.Design and development of new network architecture and MAC protocols.
Learning Outcome:	This course enables us to understand the concepts of wireless sensor network and its applications.

DSE Paper – MCA206B
Wireless Sensor Networks
UNIT-I: 10hrs
Introduction: Networked wireless sensor devices, Applications: Habitat Monitoring, Smart
Transportation, Key design challenges. Network deployment: Structured versus randomized deployment,
Network topology, Connectivity. Introduction to cloud system, Sensor Cloud Systems, Challenges in
Sensor Cloud Systems.
UNIT-II: 10hrs
Localization: issues & approaches, Coarse-grained & Fine-grained node localization, Network-wide
localization. Wireless characteristics: Basics, Wireless link quality, Radio energy considerations, SINR
capture model for interference.
UNIT-III: 10hrs
Issues in designing MAC protocol for WSNs, Classification of MAC Protocols, Energy efficiency in
MAC protocols, Asynchronous sleep techniques, Sleep-scheduled techniques.
Classification of Energy Management Schemes Sleep-based topology control: Constructing topologies
for connectivity, constructing topologies for coverage.
UNIT-IV: 10hrs
Routing: Metric-based approaches, Routing with diversity, Multi-path routing, Lifetime-maximizing
energy-aware routing techniques, Geographic routing. Data-centric routing, Data-gathering with
compression, Querying, Data-centric storage and retrieval, The database perspective on sensor networks.
Text Books:
1. Wireless Sensor Networks: Technology, Protocols, and Applications: KazemSohraby, Daniel Minoli,
TaiebZnati, Wiley Inter Science.
2. Networking Wireless Sensors: BhaskarKrismachari, Cambridge University Press
Reference Books:

- 1. Wireless Sensor Networks: Architectures and Protocols: Edgar H. Callaway, Jr. Auerbach Publications, CRC Press.
- 2. Wireless Sensor Networks: Edited by C.S Raghavendra, Krishna M, Sivalingam, TaiebZnati , Springer.
- 3. Distributed Sensor Networks: A Multiagent Perspective, Victor Lesser, Charles L. Ortiz, and

MilindTambe, Kluwer Publications.

4.Wireless Sensor Networks: An Information Processing Approach- by Feng Zhao, Leonidas Guibas, Morgan Kaufmann Series in Networking 2004.

	COURSE OUTCOMES:							
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-							
<b>CO1</b>	Describe the overview of wireless sensor networks and enabling technologies for wireless sensor							
	networks							
<b>CO2</b>	Apply the design principles of WSN architectures and operating systems for simulating							
	environment situations.							
<b>CO3</b>	Apply various concepts for assignment of MAC addresses.							
<b>CO4</b>	Select the appropriate infrastructure, topology, joint routing and information aggregation							
	for wireless sensor networks							
<b>CO5</b>	Analyse the sensor network platform and tools state-centric programming.							

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
CO2	3	1	3	1	1		3	1	3	1
CO3	2	1	1	1	2		1	1	1	1
CO4	2	1	1	1	1		1	2	1	1
CO5	1	2	1	1	2		1	2	1	1

	<ul> <li>To understand various protocols that govern the functioning of IoT System</li> </ul>	f an
Learning Outcome:	<ul> <li>Understand general concepts of Internet of Things (IoT)</li> <li>Recognize various devices, sensors and applications</li> </ul>	
DSE Paper –MCA 2	06C	
	Internet of Things	
UNIT-I:	10hrs	
Introduction to IoT, Basic	requirements for building an IoT system, IoT reference framework, IoT	•
network level – performan	ice criteria.	
101 devices: Sensors, Typ	es of sensors and their functions: temperature, pressure, air pollution,	
sensors Use of RFID	are & numberly, now, level, noise, and speed sensors. Characteristics of	
Actuators, Types of actu	ators and their functions: electrical, mechanical, and hydraulic actua	tors.
controlling IoT devices		,
UNIT-II:	10hrs	
IoT requirements for netw	orking protocols, device addressing, credential management, wireless	
spectrum, determinism, se	curity and privacy, application interoperability, semantic interoperability	у.
IoT Protocol Stack: layere	d view.	
Link layer: IEEE 802.15.4	technology, LoRaWAN end-to-end architecture, Time-Sensitive	
Internet Layer: Routing P	rotocol for Low-Power and Lossy Networks	
UNIT-III:	10hrs	
Application Protocols Law	er: Data Serialization Formats, Communication Paradigms:	
Request/Response Versus	Publish/Subscribe, Blocking Versus Non-blocking, QoS: Resource	
Utilization, Data Timeline	ss, Data Availability, Data Delivery	
IoT Application Protocols	: CoAP, XMPP, MQTT, AMQP, SIP, IEEE 1888, and DDS RTPS.	
Application Services Lay	er: ETSI M2M network architecture, oneM2M standards.	
IoT Services Platform: Fu	nctions and Requirements, IoT Platform Manager, Discovery,	
Communication Manager	Data Management, Management of IoT Devices, Configuration and Fai	ult
Management, Performanc	e Management and measures	
UNII-IV:		'S
IoT security and Privacy:	challenges, requirements, IoT Three-Domain Architecture, Attacks and	
Applications of IoT in (	uvillalli. reas like Smart home Agriculture Healthcare Industry Transports	tion
reprised on the line	reas like smart nome, Agriculture, ricaluleare, mousury, rialisporta	uon,

## **INTERNET OF THINGS**

Programme Elective Course **Knowledge of Computer Networks** 

**Prerequisite:** Learning Objective:

**Course Name:** 

**Category:** 

To learn the concepts behind IoT and different application areas ٠ where sensors can be effectively used to capture real-time data for ontrol for . . .

Retail, Oil and Gas, Energy etc. IoT Service Model: Anything as a Service, IoT Connected

Ecosystems Models
Text Books:
1.Internet of Things from Hype To Reality: The Road to Digitization (2nd ed), AmmarRayes and
Samer Salam, Springer, 2019.

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-
	The statents will be use to
<b>CO1</b>	Describe basic concepts of IoT, its architecture and system design.
<b>CO2</b>	Employ the communication mechanisms between sensors and systems using various
	protocols and notwork models
	protocols and network models.
CO3	Explain IoT with respect to machine to machine and design IoT systems with data
	synchronization and resource manipulation. Explore various application protocols
004	
CO4	Discuss and describe different security issues and challenges.
<b>CO5</b>	Identify real world applications of IoT in multidisciplinary domains
	fuentify feur worte appreciations of for in manufacture prinary domains.

#### **PO5 PO1 PO2** PO3 **PO4 PO6 PO7** PSO1 PSO2 PSO3 CO1 **CO2** CO3 **CO4** CO5

Course Name:

Category: Prerequisite:

## **MOBILE COMPUTING**

Programme Elective Course

#### Data communication and Computer Networks

Learning Objective:

• Describe wireless and mobile communications systems and be able to choose an appropriate mobile system from a set of requirements.

## DSE Paper-MCA206D

## **Mobile Computing**

Introduction to mobile computing, mobile computing architecture, mobile devices, mobile system networks:Cellular Network and frequency reuse, Channel Assignment, Handoff Strategies, Interferences and System Capacity, Improving coverage and capacity in Cellular Systems – Cell Splitting, Sectoring, Repeaters and Range Extension, Limitations of Mobile Computing.

#### **UNIT-II:**

**UNIT-I:** 

**Personal Communications Services (PCS):** PCS Architecture, mobility management, Global System for Mobile Communication (GSM). System overview: GSM Architecture, Mobility management, Network signalling. General Packet Radio Services (GPRS): GPRS Architecture, GPRS Network Nodes

#### **UNIT-III:**

**Mobile Network Layer:** Mobile IP (Goals, assumptions, entities and terminology, IP packet delivery, agent advertisement and discovery, registration, tunnelling and encapsulation, optimizations), Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP).

**Mobile Transport Layer:** Traditional TCP, Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, Mobile TCP, Fast retransmit/fast recovery, Transmission /time-out freezing, Selective retransmission, Transaction oriented TCP.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

Mobile Data Communication: WLANs (Wireless LANs), IEEE 802.11 standards. Mobile Satellite Communication Networks: Case studies of the IRIDIUM and GLOBALSTAR systems. Wireless Enterprise Networks: Introduction to Virtual Networks, VPN, Mobile Ad-hoc networks, 4G Technology, Long Term Evolution (LTE).

#### **Text Book:**

 R. Kamal, Mobile Computing, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Oxford University Press, 2006.
 2.Mobile Computing Technology, Applications & Service Creation, A K Talukder& R RYavagal (TMH)

3. Wireless Communication, T. S Rappaport, Pearson

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Mobile Communications Jochen Schiller (Addison-Wesley, Second Edition, 2009)
- 2. Principles of Mobile Computing UWE Hansmann, LotherMerk, Martin S. Nicklaus, Thomas Stober (Second Edition, Springer)

3. Third Generation Mobile Telecommunication Systems, by P.Stavronlakis, Springer Publishers

10hrs

10hrs

10hrs

10hrs

	<b>COURSE OUTCOMES:</b> After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-
<b>CO1</b>	Explain the basic of Mobile Computing.
<b>CO2</b>	Infer the fundamentals of wireless communications.
CO3	Analyze security, energy efficiency, mobility, scalability, and their unique characteristics in wireless networks.
<b>CO4</b>	Demonstrate basic skills for cellular networks design.
CO5	Apply knowledge of TCP/IP extensions for mobile and wireless networking.

#### **PO1 PO2** PO3 **PO4** PO5 **PO6 PO7** PSO1 PSO2 PSO3 CO1 **CO2 CO3 CO4** CO5

## Semester-III

	1							
Course Name:	INFORMATION SECURITY							
Category:	Programme Core Course							
Prerequisite:	Computer Network							
Learning Objective: Learning Outcome:	<ul> <li>Explain the objectives of information security</li> <li>Explain the importance and application of each of confidentiality, integrita authentication and availability</li> <li>Understand various cryptographic algorithms.</li> <li>Understand the basic categories of threats to computers and networks</li> <li>Describe public-key cryptosystem.</li> <li>Describe the enhancements made to IPv4 by IPSec</li> <li>Understand Intrusions and intrusion detection</li> <li>Discuss the fundamental ideas of public-key cryptography.</li> <li>Discuss aboutWeb security and Firewalls.</li> <li>Student will be able to understand basic cryptographic algorithms, message and web authentication and security issues.</li> <li>Ability to identify information system requirements for both of them such a client and server.</li> </ul>							
	• Ability to understand the current legal issues towards information security.							
Paper-MCA301								
	Information Security							
UNIT-I:	10hrs							
Attacks on Compute	ers and Computer Security: Introduction, The need for security, Security							
goals, Security attacks(Attack on Confidentiality,Integrity,Availability)Security Services and								
Mechanisms, Techniques(Cryptography, Steganography).								
Introduction to plain text and cipher text, encryption and decryption. substitution techniques,								
transposition techniques, symmetric and asymmetric key cryptography, steganography, possible								
types of cryptanalysis attacks.								

UNIT-II:

10hrs

**10hrs** 

**Symmetric key Ciphers:** Block Cipher principles &Algorithms(DES, AES, Blowfish), Differential and Linear Cryptanalysis, Block cipher modes of operation, Stream ciphers RC4,Location and placement of encryption function.

**Introduction to number theory**-Prime numbers, Euler's Phi-Function, Fermat's and Euler's theorem, Chinese Remainder Theorem, Generating Primes(MersennePrime, Fermat Prime), Primality testing(Deterministic algorithms, Probalistic algorithms)

Asymmetric key Ciphers: Principles of public key cryptosystems, Algorithms(RSA, Diffie-Hellman), Key Distribution.

TIN	TTTTT	
UT		-

Message Authentication Algorithms and Hash Functions: Message authentication

(MDC,MAC)Nested MAC,HMAC,CMAC,Whirlpool. Hash functions: MD5 Message Digest algorithm,SHA-1. Digital signatures, Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509 Authentication Service, Public — Key Infrastructure, Biometric Authentication.

**UNIT-IV:** 

10hrs

**E-Mail Security:** Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME IP **Security:IP** Security overview, IP Security architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating security payload, Combining security associations, key management.

**Web Security**: Web security considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure electronic transaction. Intrusion Detection System(types, techniques).

**Intruders, Virus and Firewalls:** Intruders, Intrusion detection, password management, Virus and related threats, Countermeasures, Firewall design principles, Types of firewalls.

#### **Text Book:**

1. B. A. Forouzan, D.Mukhopadhyay, **Cryptography and Network Security**, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2007.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. A. Kahate, **Network Security**, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 2. W. Stalling, Cryptography and Network Security, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-
<b>CO1</b>	Analyze the working of various Symmetric and Asymmetric key cryptographic
	algorithms for information security purpose
<b>CO2</b>	Identify the basic categories of threats in a networks
<b>CO3</b>	Able to demonstrate the design and use of hash functions, digital signatures, and key
	distribution with a wide range of key types
<b>CO4</b>	Discuss about Web security and Firewalls
<b>CO5</b>	Discuss about Intrusion Detection system.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	3	2	1	1			2	3	3
CO2	2	3	2	1	1			2	3	3
CO3	2	2	2		3			2	1	2
CO4	2	3	1	1	1			2	2	3
CO5	2	2	1		1			2	2	3

Course Name:	COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE
Category:	Programme Core Course
Prerequisite:	Digital Logic
Learning Objective:	
	• To study design of an elementary basic computer
	• To have a better understanding of a hardwired and microprogrammed control unit.
	• To introduce the concept of memory hierarchy and pipelining to speed-up the processor
Learning Outcome:	• After this course students understand in a better way to design and interconnection of various modules of a system, the I/O and memory

# Paper-MCA302

organization in depth.

## **Computer Architecture**

10hrs

**10hrs** 

10hrs

#### **UNIT-I:**

Register Transfer and Micro-operations:

Register Transfer Language, Register transfer, Bus and memory transfer, Arithmetic, Logical and Shift Micro Operation, Arithmetic Logic Shift Unit

#### **Basic Computer Organization and Design:**

Instruction Codes, Computer Registers, Computer Instructions, Timing and Control, Instruction Cycle & Register Reference Instructions, Memory Reference Instructions, Input-Output and Interrupt. Design of Basic Computer.

#### **UNIT-II:**

**Basic Processing Unit:** 

Some Fundamental Concepts: Register Transfers, Performing an Arithmetic or Logic Operation, Fetching a Word from Memory, Storing a word in Memory, Execution of Complete Instruction, Branch Instructions, Multiple Bus Organization

#### Micro-Programmed Control:

Control Memory, Address Sequencing: Conditional branching, Mapping of Instruction, Subroutine; Micro Program Example: Computer configuration, Microinstruction format, Symbolic Microinstruction, The fetch routine, Symbolic Microprogram, Binary Microinstruction; Design of Control Unit: Microprogram Sequencer.

#### **UNIT-III:**

#### **Memory Organization:**

Memory Hierarchy, Associative Memory: Hardware Organisation, Match Logic, Read Operation, Write Operation; Cache Memory: Associative Mapping, Direct Mapping, Set Associative Mapping, Write into Cache Memory, Cache Initialization; Virtual Memory: Address Space and Memory Space, Address mapping Using Pages, Associative Memory Page Table, Page Replacement

#### **UNIT-IV:**

10hrs

#### **Pipeline and Vector Processing:**

Parallel Processing, Pipelining: General Considerations; Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline: Four-segment Instruction Pipeline Example, Data Dependency, Handling of Branch Instructions; Vector Processing; Array Processors

#### Multiprocessors:

Characteristics of Multiprocessors, Interconnection structures, Interprocessor arbitration, Interprocessor communication and synchronization, Cache coherence

#### **Text Books:**

1. Computes Organization & Architecture-William Stallings,8<sup>th</sup> Edition (PHI)

#### **Reference Books**:

Computer Architecture and Organization- Rajiv Chopra (S. Chand)
 Computes Organization- Carl Hamacher, ZvonkoVranesic, SafwatZaky 5th Edition, McGraw-Hill Education India

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-
<b>CO1</b>	Analyze the designing process of combinational and sequential circuits.
CO2	Identify the addressing modes used in macro instructions.
<b>CO3</b>	Describe the memory organization with the virtual memory concept along with the mapping and replacement technique.
<b>CO4</b>	Describe the input / output organization technique with its implementation.
CO5	Identify the interrupt of the system and characteristics of types of systems.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	1	3	1		1	1	1	1
CO2	2	1	1	2	1		2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	2	1		1	1	1	1
CO4	3	2	3	3	1		1	1	1	1
CO5	3	2	3	2	1		1	1	1	1

Course Name:	SOFTWARE ENGINEERING & OOAD									
Category:	Programme Core Course									
Prerequisite:	Knowledge on programming and data structure									
Learning Objective:	<ul> <li>To understand common cycle process life processes.</li> <li>To understand the basic concepts in Requirement engineering,software design, coding, testing and maintenance</li> <li>To learn about the role of project management including scheduling, planning, risk management etc.</li> <li>To have a basic knowledge about software quality,how to ensure good quality software.</li> </ul>									
Learning Outcome:	• After successful completion of the course the students will be able to demonstrate basic software engineering methods and practices, and their appropriate application.									

Paper-MCA303
Software Engineering & OOAD
UNIT-I: 10hrs
<b>Software and software engineering:</b> Basic concepts about software and program, the nature ofsoftware, Evolution of Software Engineering, Stakeholders in software engineering, Softwarequality, Software engineering projects, Activities common to software projects, Basic conceptson process and life cycle models.
UNIT-II: 10hrs
<b>Models:</b> Waterfall, Prototype, Evolutionary, Incremental, Spiral, V-model, RAD. <b>RequirementAnalysis:</b> System and software requirements, Types of software requirements, Functional andnon-functional requirements, Domain requirements, User requirement Elicitation and analysis frequirements, Overview of requirement techniques, Viewpoints, Interviewing, Scenario,Requirement validation, Requirement specification, Software requirement Specification (SRS)Structure and contents, SRS format
UNIT-III: 10hrs
<ul><li>Introduction to Object Orientated Technology: Development and OO Modeling History, Modeling Concepts,</li><li>Object Oriented Analysis: Identifying Use-Cases, Complexity in ObjectOriented Analysis,</li></ul>
Business Process Modeling and Business Object Analysis, Use-Case DrivenObject Oriented Analysis, Use-Case Model. <b>Class Modeling:</b> Object and class concepts, linkand association, Generalization and Inheritance, Advanced class modeling- aggregation Abstract class constraints. State Modeling: Event state
Transition and conditions, statediagram, state diagram behaviour, concurrency, Relation of Class and State models. InteractionModeling: sequence models, activity diagrams
UNIT-IV: 10hrs

**Software Project Management:** Overview of Project Management, Responsibilities of ProjectManager, Project Planning, Metrics for Project Size Estimation, Factors Influencing Project Management, Project Estimation Techniques, COCOMO Model and its versions,

Scheduling, Work Breakdown Structures (WBS), Activity Network, Critical Path Method(CPM), Program Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT) Chart, GANTT Chart, Risk Management, Configuration Management

**Software Testing:** Testing overview, concepts, Scope of Testing, Testing Constraints, TestingLife Cycle, Levels of Testing, Blackbox Testing, Whitebox Testing, Integration Testing, Testing Object Oriented Programs

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. R.S. Pressman, "Software Engineering", A Practitioner's Approach, 7/e, McGraw-Hill, 2009
- 2. Timothy C. Lethbridge, Robert Laganière, "Object-Oriented Software Engineering Practical Software development using UML and Java", McGraw-Hill, Second Edition.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Sommerville, "Software Engineering", 9/e, Addison Wesley.
- 2. R. Mall, "Fundamentals of Software Engineering", 3/e, PHI

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-
<b>CO1</b>	Describe fundamentals of software engineering and SDLC phases.
<b>CO2</b>	Prepare requirements analysis report, estimation, planning, scheduling, and perform other
	software project management activities.
CO3	Apply object oriented analysis and design to build a software system.
<b>CO4</b>	Explain project management tasks, design artifacts, testing strategies and implement them
	appropriately.
<b>CO5</b>	Discuss maintenance, quality standards and reliability issues of softwares.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	1	1	2		1	1	2	2
CO2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1
CO3	2	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1

**Course Name:** 

## WEB TECHNOLOGY

Category: ProgrammeCore Course

#### **Prerequisite:**

- Good understanding of object oriented programming
- Basic programming skills

#### **Learning Objective:**

- Understand the principles of creating an effective web page, including an in-depth consideration of information architecture.
- Become familiar with graphic design principles that relate to web design and learn how to implement theories into practice.
- Learn the language of styling the web page using HTML and CSS.
- Acquire knowledge to develop valid and well-formed XML document.
- Learn techniques of responsive web application design.
- Develop basic programming skills using JavaScript and PHP. •

#### **Learning Outcome:**

- Design and implement dynamic websites with good aesthetic sense of designing.
- Have a Good grounding of web application terminologies and web development tools.
- Develop multiplatform interactive and dynamic web applications. •
- Outline the key components that facilitate the interoperability nature of web services.

#### Paper-MCA304

## Web Technology

Web Essentials: Clients, Servers, and Communication. The Internet-Basic Internet Protocols -The World Wide Web-HTTP request message-response message-Web Clients Web Servers-Case Study. Markup Languages: XHTML. An Introduction to HTML History-Versions-Basic XHTML Syntax and Semantics-Some Fundamental HTML Elements-Relative URLs-Liststables-Frames-Forms-XML Creating HTML Documents-Case Study.

#### **UNIT-II:**

**UNIT-I:** 

Style Sheets: CSS-Introduction to Cascading Style Sheets-Features-Core Syntax-StyleSheets and HTML Style Rule Cascading and Inheritance-Text Properties-Box Model-Normal Flow Box Layout-Beyond the Normal Flow-Other Properties-Case Study. Client-Side Programming: The JavaScript Language-History and Versions Introduction to JavaScript in Perspective-Syntax-Variables and Data Types-Statements-Operators-Literals-Functions-Objects-Arrays-Built-in Objects-JavaScript Debuggers.

#### **UNIT-III:**

10hrs

**PHP:**Introducing PHP, PHP Language Basics–Using variables, Understanding Data Types, Operators and Expressions, Constants. Decisions and Loops–Making Decisions, Doing Repetitive

#### **10hrs**

## 10hrs

Tasks with Looping, Mixing Decisions and Looping with HTML.**Strings**–Creating and Accessing Strings, Searching Strings, Replacing Text with strings, Dealing with Upper and Lowercase, Formatting Strings.**Arrays**–Creating Arrays, Accessing Array Elements, Looping Through Arrays with for-each, Working with Multidimensional Arrays, Manipulating Arrays.**Functions**, writing your own Functions, Working with References, Writing Recursive Functions.

Objects–Introduction OOP Concepts, Creating Classes and Objects in PHP, Creating and using Properties, Working with Methods.

-	-	-
UNIT-IV	/:	

10hrs

**PHP MySQL:**HandlingHTML Forms with PHP–How HTML form works,Capturing Form Data with PHP, Dealing with Multi-Value Fields, Generating Web Forms with PHP, Storing PHP Variables in Forms, Creating File Upload Forms, Redirecting After a Form Submission.**IntroducingDatabasesand SQL**–Deciding How to Store Data, Understanding Relational Databases, SettingUpMySQL, AQuick Play with MySQL, Connecting MySQL from PHP.**Retrieving Data from MySQL with PHP**–Setting Up the Book Club Database, Retrieving Data with SELECT, Creating a Member Record Viewer. Manipulating MySQL Data with PHP–Inserting, Updating, and Deleting Records.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. M. Doyle, **Beginning PHP 5.3**, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
- J.Duckett, Beginning HTML, XTML, CSS and JavaScript, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2011

#### **Reference Book:**

 L. Welling, L. Thomson, PHP and MySQL Web Development, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Sams Publishing, 2003.

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-
<b>CO1</b>	Identify basic HTML elements, XML elements and develop static web-pages.
<b>CO2</b>	Describe different styles in web page design. Apply style sheets and java script to prepare
	elegant web-pages with client side validations.
<b>CO3</b>	Implement server side business logic into dynamic web pages using PHP.
<b>CO4</b>	Use PHP to design user interactive forms for data entry with proper validation.
<b>CO5</b>	Develop aesthetic web applications with database connectivity using PHP.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	3	1	1			1	1	1	1
CO2	2	3	2	2	1				1	1
CO3	2	3	1	2	1		1	1	2	2
CO4	2	3	2	3	2		1	1	2	2
CO5	2	3	2	3	2		1	1	1	2

Paper-MCA305

## **Lab: Web Technology and Software Engineering** EXPERIMENTS ON WEB TECHNOLOGY:

1. Design a web page for your college containing a description of courses, departments, faculties using different HTML elements.

2. Customize the HTML page using CSS.

3. Create a login form which will check for username and password. If login successful then goto next form(Student registration form) that contains form with fields Name, Email, Mobile No ,Gender and a button .write a JavaScript code to validate data of above form.

4. Develop simple calculator for addition, subtraction, and multiplication and division operation using JavaScript.

5. Design a web page to create your resume usecolor, textcolor, an Image, font etc. You may use CSS to format web page.

6. Create user Student registrationform (use textbox, checkbox, radiobutton, select box etc.)

7. Design an examination registration form using HTML. Sore the required data in a database (create it using MySQL) using PHP and also display message regarding status of registration (Success or Unsuccess).

8. Create a database through PHP and MySQL, and create, delete and modify data on database.9. Store the data from a HTML form designed for registering a webinar and using PHP and

MySQL, store, and update the data. Display the database data in HTML form.

10. Create anapplication using HTML, PHP. Create login form using HTML and checkusername and password using PHP, if login successful it will go on next HTML page and if failure again goesback to login page

### **EXPERIMENTS ON SOFTWARE ENGINEERING:**

Develop requirements specification for a given problem (The requirements specification Should include both functional and non-functional requirements. For a set of about 20 sample problems, see the questions section of Chap 6 of Software Engineering book of Rajib Mall)

- 2: Develop DFD Model (Level 0, Level 1 DFD and data dictionary) of the sample problem (Use of a CASE tool required)
- 3: Develop structured design for the DFD model developed
- 4: Develop UML Use case model for a problem (Use of a CASE tool any of Rational rose, Argo UML, or Visual Paradigm etc. is required)
- 5: Develop Sequence Diagrams.
- 6: Develop Class diagrams.
- 7: Develop code for the developed class model using Java.
- 8: Use testing tool such as Junit.
- 9: Use a configuration management tool.

10: Use any one project management tool such as Microsoft Project or Gantt Project, etc

## **Course Name: NETWORK AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES**

#### **Category: IDSE Course**

Prerequisite: Basic knowledge of a computer system and Internet is required.

#### Learning Objective:

- study the fundamental concepts of computer networks.
- Introduce the fundamental concepts of Web Design.
- expose students to develop basic web applications.

#### **Learning Outcome:**

- describe the basics of computer networks topology.
- understand the basic concept of transmission media, LAN topology and network devices,
- develop web applications using web technologies

#### **IDSE-Paper-MCA306A Network and Internet Technologies UNIT-I:** 10hrs **Networks:** Computer Introduction to computer network, datacommunication, components of data communication, data transmission mode, data communication measurement, LAN, MAN, WAN, wireless LAN, internet, intranet ,extranet. Network Models: Client/ server network and Peer-to-peer network, OSI, TCP/IP, layers and functionalities. **UNIT-II: 10hrs** Transmission Media: Introduction, Guided Media: Twisted pair, Coaxial cable, Opticalfiber. Unguided media: Microwave, Radio frequency propagation, Satellite. LAN Topologies: Ring, bus, star, mesh and tree topologies.Network Devices: NIC, repeaters, hub, bridge, switch, gateway androuter. Internet Terms: Web page, Home page, website, internet browsers, URL, Hypertext, ISP, Web server, download and upload, online and offline. **UNIT-III:** 10hrs **Introduction to Web Design:** Introduction to hypertext markup language (html) Document type definition, creating web pages, lists, hyperlinks, tables, web forms, inserting images, frames, hosting options and domain name registration. **UNIT-IV: 10hrs** Style Sheets: CSS-Introduction to Cascading Style Sheets-Features-Core Syntax-StyleSheets and

HTML Style Rule Cascading and Inheritance-Text Properties-Box Model-Normal Flow Box Layout-Beyond the Normal Flow-Other Properties-Case Study.

Client-Side Programming: The JavaScript Language-History and Versions Introduction to

JavaScript in Perspective-Syntax-Variables and Data Types-Statements-Operators-Literals-Functions-Objects-Arrays-Built-in Objects-JavaScript Debuggers.

#### **Text Book:**

1. J. A. Ramalho, Learn Advanced HTML 4.0 with DHTML, BPB Publications, 2007

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. B. A. Forouzan, Data Communication and Networking, Tata McGrawHill, 2008.
- 2. D.R. Brooks, An Introduction to HTML and Javascript for Scientists and Engineers, Springer, 2007.
- 3. HTML A Beginner's Guide, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2009.
- 4. J. A. Ramalho, Learn Advanced HTML 4.0 with DHTML, BPB Publications, 2007

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-
<b>CO1</b>	Understand the fundamental concepts of Computer networks with architecture.
CO2	Basic Concept of various Network Devices
CO3	Understand the basic concept of transmission media, LAN topology.
<b>CO4</b>	Understand Fundamentals of Web Design
<b>CO5</b>	Develop Web Applications using Web Technologies

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	3	2	2	2		1			1
CO2	1	2	1			1		1	1	1
CO3	1	2	1			1		1	1	1
CO4	1	3	1	3	3	3	1	1	2	1
CO5	2	3	2	3	3	3	1		2	1

## FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER

Course Name	UNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER
Category IDSE Course	
Prerequisite: Basic mathematics	
Learning Objective:	<ul> <li>To make students understand and learn the basics of computer.</li> <li>To make them familiar with the parts and functions of compute</li> </ul>

of computer. Identify and describe the functionality of various parts of digital computer. Describe the working principle of Computer. Perform various binary arithmetic operations. Describe the use of different type of memory used in computer

#### **IDSE-Paper-MCA306B**

**Learning Outcome:** 

## **Fundamentals of Computer**

#### **UNIT-I:**

Computer Basics: Simple model of computer, Problem solving using computer (flowchart, program, working of a computer, hardware and software). Data Representation: Character representation, representation of integers and fractions, Decimal to binary conversion. Input /

#### **UNIT-II:**

Cache Memory mappingtechniques, Virtual Memory concepts, SecondaryStorage. Processor:

#### **UNIT-III:**

Binary Arithmetic: Addition, subtraction, signed numbers, Two's complement representation of numbers, addition/subtraction of numbers in 2's complement notation, binary multiplication, binary division, floating point representation of numbers, arithmetic operation with normalized floating point numbers.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

Logic circuits: switching circuits, AND, OR, NOT operation, Boolean functions, canonical forms for Boolean function, logic circuits. Computer Architecture: Interconnection of of Units, Processor to memory communication, I/O devices to processor communication, Bus architecture of personal computers; Introduction to Programming Language, Operating system.

#### **Text Book:**

1. V. Rajaraman, and N. Adabala, Fundamentals of computers, PHI, 2014.

2. A. Goel, Computer Fundamentals, Pearson Education, 2010.

#### **Reference Book:**

1. P. Aksoy, L. DeNardis, Introduction to Information Technology, Cengage Learning, 2006. 2. P. K. Sinha, P. Sinha, Fundamentals of Computers, BPB Publishers, 2007.

**Output Units**. **10hrs** 

Memory System: Basic Concepts RAM, ROM, Speed, size and cost, Cache Memory concepts, Structure of instructions, Description of a processor, Machine language program, Algorithm to simulate the hypothetical computer.

#### 10hrs

#### **10hrs**

10hrs

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-
<b>CO1</b>	Describe the basic of computer.
<b>CO2</b>	Classify the architectural level of the system
<b>CO3</b>	Explain the memory and its related concepts of the system.
<b>CO4</b>	Evaluates the complements of the numbers both for positive and negative numbers.
CO5	Discuss the concepts of Programming languages and its basic classifications.

	-				-					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1		1			1	1	1	1
CO2	1	1	2	2	1	1			1	1
CO3	1	1		1				1	1	1
CO4										
CO5	1	1	1	1	1	1			3	1

## Course Name: INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAMMING USING PYTHON

#### **Category: IDSE Course**

**Prerequisite**: Basic analytical and logical understanding including basic knowledge and usage of computers is required for this course. Prior experience with any other programming language will be beneficial.

#### Learning Objective:

- Introduce Python programming to students.
- Apply problem solving techniques to solve computational problems using python.
- Expose students to develop application for solving computational problems.

#### Learning Outcome::

- Able to install and set the python environment in their PC and execute python programs.
- Proficiently use functions and core data structure like list, dictionaries, tuple.
- Understand Python syntax, flow control, and functions to solve real life application.
- Develop application using Object Oriented Programming concepts of Python.

IDSE-Paper-MCA306C				
Introduction to Programming Using Python				
UNIT-I: 10hrs				
Introduction: Installation, First Python Program: Interactive Mode Programming, Script Mode				
Programming; Identifiers, Reserved Words, Lines and Indentation, Multi-Line Statements,				
Quotation & Comments; Assigning Values to Variables, Multiple Assignment.				
UNIT-II: 10hrs				
Standard Data Types: Numbers, Strings, Lists, Tuples, Dictionary; Data Type Conversion;				
Basic Operators: Arithmetic, Comparison, Assignment, Bitwise; Operators: Logical,				
Membership, Identity; Operators Precedence; Python Numbers & Mathematical functions				
Data Type Conversion: Basic Operators: Arithmetic, Comparison, Assignment, Bitwise; Basic				
Operators, Python Numbers & Mathematical functions; Python Strings.				
UNIT-III: 10hrs				
<b>Python statements and Loops:</b> if, if-else, While, for loops, break, continue, pass, Python Function; Files I/O.				
Functions: Definition, call, positional and keyword parameter. Default parameters, variable				
number of arguments. Modules - import mechanisms. Functional programming - map, filter,				
reduce, max, min. lambda function - list comprehension				
UNIT-IV: 10hrs				
<b>Object Oriented Programming</b> : classes and objects - Inheritance – Polymorphism overloading;				
Error handling & Exceptions - try, except and raise - exception propagation				
File Processing: reading and writing files.				

#### **Text Book:**

.1. Python Programming Fundamentals - A Beginner's Handbook, NischaykumarHegde **Refrence Book:** 

1.Python: The Complete Reference by Martin C.Brown

	COURSE OUTCOMES:
	After completion of this course successfully, the students will be able to-
<b>CO1</b>	Operate the installation of the software and its operation.
CO2	Memorize the concepts of Python language.
<b>CO3</b>	Breakdown the problems and Model according to that.
<b>CO4</b>	Design the programs according the given problems.
<b>CO5</b>	Compare this language with other language with its benefits.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1		1		2	3		1	2		
CO2		2	1	2	3		1	2	1	
CO3	2	2	1	2	3		1	2	1	
CO4	1	2	2	2	2		1	2		
CO5		2		1	3		1	2		1

## Semester-IV

### MCA401 Industrial Project Work / Internship

Students are expected to undertake a software development project (preferably a real-life project) and implement the same by following a software engineering approach.

Students will analyze a system, understand, design, write code, test, and implement the software system as an end-product.

Student has to work under the guidance of a supervisor

S/he has to submit a project report and give a presentation along with a viva voce.

### MCA 402/403

Students are required to complete any **two** of the following MOOCs courses of minimum 8 weeks duration anytime during his/her entire two years of MCA from **https://swayam.gov.in**. aswellas **https://nptel.ac.in**.The course completion certificate of below said courses need to be submitted in the final year at the time of Project Viva.

1.An Introduction to Coding Theory	2.Big Data Computing
3.Cloud Computing	4.Computer Graphics
5.Data Science for Engineers	6.Google Cloud Computing Foundations
7.Image Signal Processing	8.Scalable Data Science
9. Applied Natural Language Processing	10.Introduction to Machine Learning
11.Peer to Peer Networks	12.Animations
13. Parallel Algorithms	14. Distributed Computing systems
15.Pattern Recognition	16.Real Time Systems

17.Microprocessors and Microcontroller	18.Computational Complexity Theory
19.Deep learning	20.Data Analytics with Python
21.Embedded System Design	22.Android app using Kotlin
23.Introduction to Haskell programming	24. Human-Computer Interaction
25.Arduino	26.Blockchain Architecture Design and Use cases
27.Introduction to Soft computing	28.Computer Vision
29.Digital image processing	30.Virtual Reality

Apart from the above courses if any student wishes to do any course from<u>https://swayam.gov.in</u>.aswellas <u>https://nptel.ac.in</u>(but it should not be in there course curriculum of 1<sup>st</sup>,2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Semesters) they are allowed to do so with a prior approval of Coordinator MCA.