# Learning Outcomes – based Curriculum Framework (LOCF) and Syllabus for Post-Graduate Programme

in

#### **ECONOMICS**



#### **Programme**

Post-Graduation in Economics (Syllabus effective from 2019-20 Admission batch)

SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS GANGADHAR MEHER UNIVERSITY SAMBALPUR, ODISHA-768004 2019

### \times \text{vision}

• To develop outstanding Economics and policy oriented programs with faculty that are recognized for excellence in teaching and research and earn recognition as Center of Excellence at national and international level.

### ☐ MISSION

As a department, we are committed to:

- Enable our students to develop analytical as well as critical thinking skills.
- Promote inter-disciplinary research among the faculties and the students to create state of art research facilities.
- Adopt experiential learning, including cooperative education, as a means to introduce students to the world of professional life, reinforce classroom teaching.
- Assist students in the development and advancement of career goals.
- Enable our learners to become policy literate and thus be more informed as citizens and more productive as human resource.
- Develop an environment conducive to promoting high-quality applied research so that it can contribute to policy at the global, national or local level, or that is useful in the conduct of business or the administration of government or non-profit organizations.
- Achieve academic excellence in Economics through innovative teaching and learning processes.



#### Programme Outcomes (POs) for Post-Graduation in Economics

- PO-1: Disciplinary Knowledge: Acquaint with the deeper and multidisciplinary knowledge, aware about recent innovations in the academic field
- PO-2: Critical Thinking: Able to critically analyze, synthesis and evaluate the theories, their development and application context.
- PO-3: To develop problem solving innovative thinking with robust communication and academic writing skills
- PO-4: Research Aptitude: Scientific and research thought and abilities not only to carry out independent research but also disseminate
- PO-5: Individual and Team work: Acquire the competency to work responsibly as an individual or as a member or leader of the group in multi-disciplinary environments
- PO-6: Life-Long Learning: Aptitude to apply knowledge and skills that are necessary for participating in learning activities throughout life.
- PO-7: Ethics: Capability to identify and apply ethical issues related to one's work, avoid unethical behaviour such as fabrication of data, committing plagiarism and unbiased truthful actions in all aspects of work.
- PO-8: Investigation of Problems: Ability of critical thinking, analytical reasoning and research based knowledge including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data to provide conclusions.



## Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs) for Post-Graduation in Economics

School of Economics, G.M U, Sambalpur (Programme: PG in Economics)

PSO No	Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)
150110	Upon completion of this programme the student will be able:
PSO1	To acquire advanced knowledge of Economics & Development issues of Indian Economy in general and Economy of Odisha in particular.
PSO2	To conduct economic analysis using mathematical and statistical techniques especially by developing questionnaire, collecting primary data through field surveys.
PSO3	To forecast the future course of changes and development through their knowledge of policies and programmes of government and development agencies in the larger issues of epistemology in social sciences.
PSO4	To visualize the real world situation and enhance entrepreneurial skills for their self-employment, to improve the general attitudes and living conditions of the masses.
PSO5	To apply economic theory for critically analyzing the real national and international problems for a thorough evaluation of economic events and makes them responsible citizens.

Programme Structure of Post-Graduation in Economics, (GMU, Sambalpur)

SEM No.	Course Code	Name of the Course	Credits
I	ECO-101	Micro Economic Theory-I	4
1	ECO-101 ECO-102	Macro Economic Theory-I	4
	ECO-102 ECO-103	Economics of Social	4
	ECO-103 ECO-104	Infrastructure-I	4
		Quantitative Techniques &	7
	ECO-105	computer applications-I	4
		Development Economics-I	7
II	ECO-201	Micro Economic Theory-II	4
	ECO-202	Macro Economic Theory-II	4
	ECO-203	Economics of Social	4
	ECO-204	Infrastructure-II	4
		Quantitative Techniques &	4
	ECO-205	computer applications-II	-
		Development Economics-II	
	Electives	1	
	ECO-206-A		4
	ECO-206-B	New Institutional Economics	4
	ECO-206-C	Mathematical Economics	4
		New Frontiers in Economics	
III	ECO-301	Public Economics- I	4
	ECO-302	International economics-I	4
	ECO-303	Environment & Resources	4
	ECO-304	Economics-I	4
		Advanced Econometrics-I	
	ECO-305		4
		Behavioural Economics	
	Electives		
	ECO-306-A		4
	ECO-306-B	Indian Economy	4
	ECO-306-C	Regional Economics	4
		Indian Financial System	
IV	ECO-401	Public Economics- II	4
	ECO-402	International economics-II	4
	ECO-403	Environment & Resources	4
	ECO-404	Economics-II	4
	TG0 10-	Advanced Econometrics-II	_
	ECO-405	<b>D</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4
		Project/Dissertation	



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SEM-1- 1/5: ECC	0-101 (Micro	Economic Theory-I)
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	PG Semester – I (Course Outcomes:COs)							
Title of the C	Course &	Course	Micro	Economic	Theory -	I	Number of Credits - 4	
Code			(ECO-	101)				
Pre-requisites for mathematics.	Pre-requisites for the Course: Students must have basic knowledge of elementary microeconomics with mathematics.							
Course Objectiv	Course Objective: To develop a theoretical understanding of strategic behaviour of economic agents and							
decision making	<u>.</u>							
On completion of	On completion of the course, the students will be able to:							
CO1 Ana	Analyze and evaluate consumer behavior at advanced level.							
CO2 Art	Articulate the producer's optimizing behavior.							
CO3 Der	Derive and evaluate firm and industry behavior under competitive and monopoly market							
CO4 Eva	luate oligo	poly firm	behavio	r under diffe	rential firm o	obje	ctives.	

Units	Course content
U-1	Theories of demand- utility, indifference curve (income and substitution effects: Slutsky theorem, compensated demand curve) and their applications: Revealed Preference Theory: Revision of demand theory by Hicks: Characteristics of goods approach: consumers choice involving risk.
U-2	Theory of Production and Costs: Production function- short period and long period; law of variable proportions and returns to scale, Isoquants Least Cost combination of inputs: Returns to factors; Economies of scale; Elasticity of substitution; Euler's Theorem; Traditional and modern theories of Costs-Empirical evidence, Derivation of Cost functions from production functions.
U-3	: Price and Output Determination: Perfect competition- short run and long run equilibrium of the firm and industry, price and output determination, supply curve; Monopoly- short run and long run equilibrium, price determination, welfare aspects, monopoly control and regulation, Price discrimination of first, second and third degree, Multiplant monopolist firm, Bilateral monopoly.
U-4	Monopolistic competition- general and Chamberlin approaches to equilibrium, equilibrium of the firm and the group with product differentiation and selling costs, excess capacity under monopolistic and imperfect competition, criticism of monopolistic competition; Oligopoly- Non –collusive (Cournot, Betrand, Edgeworth, Chamberlin, Kinked demand curve and Stackelberg's solution) and collusive (Cartels and mergers,Price leadership and basing point price system) models; Price and output determination under monopsony and bilateral monopoly.
	Recommended Books: 1. Kreps, David M. (1990) A Course in Microeconomic Theory, Princeton University Press, Princeton. 2. Koutsoyiannis, A (1979), Modern Micro Economics, Mac Millan Press, London 3. Layard, P.R.G. and A.W. Walters (1978), Mircoeconomic Theory, Mc Graw Hill, New York. 4. Varian, H (2000) Microeconomic Analysis, W.W. Norton, New York. 5. Baumol, W.J. (1982) Economic theory and Operation analysis, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi. 6. Gree, H.A.G (1971) Consumer Theory, Penguin, Harmondsworth. 7. Hirshleifer J. and A. Glazer, (1997) Price Theory and Applications, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi. 8. Da Costa, G.C (1980) Production, Prices and Distribution, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3		1		1	2	3	1	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3		1		1	2	3	1	3	2	1	3
CO3	3	3		1		1	3	3	1	2	3	1	3
CO4	3	3		1		1	2	2	1	3	2	1	3
	3	3		1		1	2	3	1	3	2	1	3

#### SEM-1- 2/5 ECO-102 (Macro Economic Theory – I)

	PG Semester – I (Course Outcomes:COs)							
Title of the Co	ourse & Course Code Macro Economic Theory – I Number of Credits - 4 (ECO-102)							
Pre-requisites	Pre-requisites for the Course: Basic of concepts of Consumption and Production							
	tive: To understand the macroeconomic concepts like National Income, Employment, Consumption,							
Investment wi	th their inter-relationships and the role of effective demand in determining employment, output and							
interest rates.								
On completion	of the course, the students will be able to:							
CO1	Develop an understanding of elementary theoretical foundation of key issues and policies on national income accounting, inflation and interest rates.							
CO2	Possess deeper understanding of the concepts like multiplier, monetarism, the natural level of unemployment, and fiscal policy.							
CO3	Apply the art of abstracting and building small models related to the macroeconomics.							
CO4	Analyze the importance of regulating the financial system, and draws attention to the limitations to							
	policymaking in an open economy.							

Units	Course content
U-1	National Income and Accounts- Circular Flow of Income with government and Open Economy, Three and Four sector economy; different forms of national income accounting- social accounting, input output accounting, flow of funds accounting and balance of payments accounting. National Income and Welfare.
U-2	Consumption function- Keynes's psychological law of consumption- implications of the law; short run and long run consumption function, Empirical evidence on consumption function; Income – consumption relationship- absolute income, relative income, life cycle and permanent income hypotheses.
U-3	Supply of Money- Financial intermediation- a mechanistic model of bank deposit determination; A behavioral model of money supply determination, a demand determined money supply process; RBI approach to money supply; High powered money and money multiplier; budget deficits and money supply; control of money supply.
U-4	Neo-Classical and Keynesian synthesis- Neo-classical and Keynesian views on interest; The IS-LM model ; Extension of IS-LM model with Government sector ; Relative effectiveness of monetary and fiscal policies; Extension of IS- LM models with labour market and flexible prices.
	Recommended Books: 1. Branson W.A. (1989), Macroeconomic Theory and Policy, Harper and Row, New York. 2. Dornbusch, R and F. Stanley (1997), Macroeconomics, McGraw Hill, Inc. New York. 3. Hall, R.E and J.B Taylor (1986), Macroeconomics, W.W. Norton, New York. 4. Jha, R. (1991), Contemporary Macroeconomic Theory and Policy, Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi. 5. Levacic, R. and Rebmann, A. (1982), Macro Economics- An introduction to Keynesian –Neoclassical controversies, Macmillan, London. 6. Mankiw, N. G. (2010), Macroeconomics, Worth Publishers, 7th edition. 7. Romer, D.L. (1996), Advanced Macroeconomics, McGraw Hill Company Ltd. New York. 8. Shapiro E. (1996), Macroeconomic Analysis, Galgotia Publications, New Delhi.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2		1			2	2	1	2	2	2	1
CO2	3	3		1			1	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO3	3	2		1			2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	2	2		1			2	1	3	2	3	2	2
	3	3		1			2	2	2	2	2	2	1

#### SEM-1- 3/5 ECO-103 (Economics of Social Infrastructure-I)

	PG Semester – I (Course Outcomes: COs)							
Title of the Co	urse & Course Code	Economics	of	Social	Number of Credits - 4			
		Infrastructure-I						
		(ECO-103)						
Pre-requisites	for the Course: Basic k	nowledge of social	sciences	3				
					ocial infrastructure with externalities.			
Understanding	the social sector police	ies in India can ma	ike awar	e the future	e citizens on policy issues and human			
capital formati	on.							
On completion	of the course, the stud	ents will be able to	:					
CO1	Identify and understa	nd the concept of so	cial infr	astructure.				
CO2	Interpret the idea of human development and Examine the difference between human capital and							
	human development.							
CO3	Analyze the importance of nutrition both in human development and human resource							
	development.							
CO4	Assess and review so	cial sector policies i	in India.					

Units	Course content
U-1	Approaches to Social Infrastructure
	Human Resource Development and Human Development: Differences and Linkages, Measurement of
	Human Development - Special Characteristics of Education, Health, Nutrition and Environment -
	Externalities and Role of the State -Social Infrastructure and Economic Growth
U-2	Human Capital - Theory of Human Capital, Consumption and Investment Aspects - Education,
	Productivity and Employment-Rates of Return and their Measurement - Issues and Limitations -
	Endogenous Growth Theories: Romer and Lucas -Concept of Social Capital: Role and Policy Implications
U-3	Approaches to Nutrition- Concepts of under nutrition and malnutrition- Characterization and measurement
	of under nutrition-Linkages with Morbidity, Mortality, Implications for Human capital formation-
	Implications for Economic analysis and policy.
U-4	Social Sector Policies in India: Policy Framework in Five-Year Plans – Economic Reforms and Social
	Sectors - Typology of Economic Growth and Human Development in Indian States - Trends and
	Disparities in Social Infrastructure Development - Role of Public and Private Sectors - Financing of
	Social Sectors - Pricing of Social Sectors - Social Attainment - Limitations of Policy - Social Security -
	Special Policy Issues.
	<b>Recommended Books</b> : 1. Berman, P. (ed), Health Sector Reforms in Developing Countries: Making
	Health Development sustainable. Harvard Series on Population and International Health, Boston (1995).
	2. Blaug, M., Introduction to economics of Education, Penguin, London (1972). 3. Klarman, H. E., The
	Economics of Health, Colombia University Press, New York (1965). 4. Schultz, T.W., Investment in
	Human Capital, Free Press, New York (1971).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	1
CO2	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	2
CO3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
CO4	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	1
	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	1

#### SEM-1—4/5 ECO-104: (Quantitative Techniques & Computer Applications – I)

	P	G Semester – I (	Course Outcome:	s: COs	s)
Title of the Co	urse & Course Code	Quantitative	<b>Techniques</b>	&	Number of Credits - 4
		Computer App	olications-I		
		(ECO-104)			
Pre-requisites	for the Course: Basic k	nowledge of mat	hematics and cor	npute	r fundamentals will be an advantage.
Course Objec	tive: To familiarize	the students to	use the technic	ques o	of mathematical analysis which are
					es being based on empirical evidence,
				ic ana	lysis, research and forecasting.
On completion	of the course, the stud	ents will be able	to:		
CO1	Understand the use of	f calculus in choi	ce behaviour of e	econor	nic agents.
CO2	Illustrate matrix oper	ation, minors, co	factors, use cofac	ctor m	ethod to find inverse of a matrix, use
	Cramer's rule to solve	e systems of equa	ations.		
CO3	Demonstrate knowled	lge of dynamic o	ptimization and	time-v	varying choice problems of economic
	agent.				
CO4	Identify, critically e	valuate and syn	nthesize the sub	stanti	ve theories and create models for
	understanding econor	nic behavior with	n computer applie	cation	S.

Units	Course content
U-1	Mathematical methods-I: Calculus: Concepts of function, Limit, Continuity and derivative; Rules of
	differentiation; Rules of partial differentiation and interpretation of partial derivatives; Problems of
	Maxima and minima in single and multivariable functions; Concept of integration; simple rules of
	integration. Application of derivatives and integration in Economics.
U-2	Mathematical methods-II: Matrix algebra: Determinants and their basic properties; Solution of
	Simultaneous equations through Cramers rule , concept of Matrix- their types, simple operations on
	matrices, matrix inversion and rank of a matrix, Concept of vector- its properties; Matrices and vectors,
	Concept of Quadratic forms- Eigen roots and Eigen vectors;
U-3	Difference equations & Differential equations- Solution of first order and second order difference
	equations. Economic applications of Difference and Differential equations.
U-4	Computer Application in Economics : Basic applications of Microsoft Office- Excel, MS Word and Power
	Point, Application in Tabulation, Frequency Distribution, Correlation & Regression Analysis.
	Recommended Books: 1. Chiang A.C. (1986), Fundamental methods of Mathematical Economics,
	McGraw Hill, New York. 2. Allen, R.G.D. (1974), Mathematical Analysis for Economists, Macmillan
	Press and ELBS London. 3. Yamane, Taro (1975), Mathematics for Economists, Prentice Hall of India,
	New Delhi. 4. K. Sydsaeter and P. Hammond (2002), Mathematics for Economic Analysis, Pearson
	Educational Asia: Delhi. 5. Gupta, S. P. (1978), Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand and Sons. 6. Gupta, S.
	C. and V. K. Kapur (1970), Mathematical Statistics, Sultan Chand and Sons. 7. Murray R. Spiegel (1992),
	Theory and Problem of Statistics, Schaum's Outline Series, Metric edition 8. Gupta, S. C. (1981),
	Fundamentals of Statistics, Himalaya Publishing House

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	1	1	3
CO2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	3	1	3	2	1	2
CO3	3	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3
CO4	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	2	1	3
	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	2	1	3

#### SEM-1-5/5 ECO-105: (Development Economics – I)

	PG Semester – I (Course Outcomes:COs)
Title of the Co	ourse & Course Code   Development Economics-I (ECO-105)   Number of Credits - 4
Pre-requisites	for the Course: Preliminary idea of approaches to economic development and basic mathematics.
	etive: Make the students acquaint with models of development and development strategies.
Understand d	ecision making regarding choice of technology and choice of scale and various criteria for
investment.	
On completion	n of the course, the students will be able to:
CO1	Learn the models of economic development and critically analyze growth and development
	strategies.
CO2	Examine about choices of technology with scale and investment criteria.
CO3	Synthesize the different aspects of economic development and can use these things in their future
	research as well as in qualifying the various national level tests.
CO4	Understand and acquaint with the evolution and measures of development.

Units	Course content
U-1	Economic Growth-I: Economic growth and development- factors affecting economic growth, ; capital, labour and technology; Growth models- Harrod and Domar, instability of equilibrium; Neo-classical growth models- Solow Swan model, Cambridge criticism of Neo-classical analysis of growth, Kaldor's
	growth model.
U-2	Economic Growth-II: Technological progress- embodied and disembodies technical progress, Hicks, Harrod, Exogenous and endogenous technical progress, Learning by doing, AK Model of growth
U-3	Social and Institutional Aspects of development- Development and underdevelopment- Perpetuation of underdevelopment, Measuring development and development gap- Per capita income, inequality of income, Human development index, Multi-dimensional Poverty Index; Human resource development; Economic development and institutions- markets and market failure, state and state failure, issues of good governance.
U-4	Theories of development- Classical theory of development, Ricardo, Malthus, Karl Marx and development of capitalistic economy- theory of social change, surplus value and profit, Partial theories of growth and development- vicious circle of poverty, circular causation, unlimited supply of labour, big push, balanced growth, unbalanced growth, critical minimum effort thesis, low income equilibrium trap; Dualism-technical, behavioural and social; Ranis and Fei model.
	<b>Recommended Books:</b> 1. Ghatak, S (1986) An Introduction to development Economics, Allen and Unwin, London 2. Higgins, B. (1959) Economic Development, WW Norton, New York. 3. Meier G.M.(1986)
	Leading Issues in Economic Development, Oxford University Press, New York 4. Basu, Kaushik (2000)
	Analytical Development Economics: The less developed Economy Revisited, Oxford University Press,
	India. 5. Ray Debraj (2000) Development Economics, Oxford University Press, India. 6. Chenery H and T.N. Srinivasan (Eds) (1989) Handbook of Development Economics, Vols. 1&2, Elsevier, Amsterdem. 7.
	Todaro, M.P (1996) Economic Development, Longman, London 8. Thirlwal, A.P (1999) Growth and
	Development, Macmillan, UK. 9. Hayami, Y. (1997) Development Economics, Oxford University Press, New York 10. Sen, A.K. (Ed) (1990) Growth Economics, Penguin, Harmondsworth.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	1			1	1	2	3	1	2	1	2
CO2	3	2	1			1	2	3	3	1	1	1	2
CO3	2	3	1			3	2	2	2	1	3	1	3
CO4	3	2	1			2	2	2	3	1	2	2	2
	3	2	1			2	2	2	3	1	2	1	2

#### SEM-2-1/8 ECO-201: (Micro Economic Theory – II)

	PG Semester – II (Course Outcomes:COs)									
Title of the Course & Cou	se   Micro Economic Theory-II (ECO-201	Number of Credits - 4								
Code										
	sic knowledge of factor pricing, Distribution	and Welfare Economics will be								
	an added advantage.									
Course Objective: To expose	ne students to factor pricing, Distribution ar	nd Welfare Economics, share of								
each factor of production in Nat	onal Income, calculation of remuneration for	the factors of the production.								
On completion of the course, th	students will be able to:									
	compare modern developments in theory of fi									
CO2 Explain and den	Explain and demonstrate factor pricing under different market conditions.									
CO3 Evaluate the cor	Evaluate the conditions of general equilibrium and modern development in market failure									
CO4 Compare the var	ous criteria for evaluating social welfare and	arriving at a social choice.								

Units	Course content
U-1	Alternative Theories of the Firm: Critical evaluation of marginal analysis; Baumol's sales revenue maximization model; Williamson's model of management discretion. Marris model of managerial enterprises; Full cost pricing rule; Bain's limit pricing theory and its recent developments including Sylos-Labinis model, Behavioural model of the firm; game theoretic models.
U-2	Distribution- Neo-classical approach- Marginal productivity theory; Product exhaustion theorem; Theory of distribution in imperfect product and factor markets; determination of rent, wages, interest and profit; macrotheories of distribution- Ricradian, Marxian, kalecki and kaldor's
U-3	General Equilibrium - Partial and general equilibrium, Walrasian excess demand. The economics of information, Elementary Game Theory
U-4	Welfare Economics- Pigovian welfare economics; Pareto optimal conditions, Value judgement; Social welfare function; Compensation principle; Inability to obtain optimum welfare- Imperfections, market failure, decreasing costs; Theory of Second Best.
	Recommended Books: 1. Kreps, David M. (1990) A Course in Microeconomic Theory, Princeton University Press, Princeton. 2. Koutsoyiannis, A (1979), Modern Micro Economics, Mac Millan Press, London 3. Layard, P.R.G. and A.W. Walters (1978), Mircoeconomic Theory, Mc Graw Hill, New York. 4. Varian, H (2000) Microeconomic Analysis, W.W. Norton, New York. 5. Baumol, W.J. (1982) Economic theory and Operation analysis, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi. 6. Gree, H.A.G (1971) Consumer Theory, Penguin, Harmondsworth. 7. Hirshleifer J. and A. Glazer, (1997) Price Theory and Applications, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi. 8. Da Costa, G.C (1980) Production, Prices and Distribution, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3		1		1	2	3	1	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3		1		1	2	3	1	3	2	1	3
CO3	3	3		1		1	3	3	1	2	3	1	3
CO4	3	3		1		1	2	2	1	3	2	1	3
	3	3		1		1	2	3	1	3	2	1	3

SEM-2-2/8 ECO-202: (Macro Economic Theory- II)

	PG Semester – II (Course Outcomes:COs)								
Title of the	Course & Course	Macro Economic	Theory-II	Number of Credits - 4					
Code		(ECO-202)							
Pre-requisites	Pre-requisites for the Course: Prior knowledge on Price, Income and Employment.								
Course Object	Course Objective: Students will be acquainted with latest development in post-Keynesian analysis.								
On completion	n of the course, the stu	idents will be able to:							
CO1	Know the basic appr	oaches involved in the	Post-Keynesia	n demand for money.					
CO2	Examine the interrel	lationships involved an	nong inflation	and unemployment through Phillips					
	curve.								
CO3	Examine expectations formation by using the business cycles.								
CO4		ement of income, ou w classical macroecono		ployment and develop a critical					

Units	Course content
U-1	Post-Keynesian Demand for Money- Post Keynesian approaches to demand
	for money- Patinkin and the ral Balance effect, Approaches of Baumol and Tobin; Friedman and the
	Modern quantity theory; Crisis in Keynesian economics and the revival of monetarism. Macroeconomics
	in an open economy- Income determination in an open economy. Foreign trade multiplier, Internal and
	external equilibrium-
	Mundell-Fleming model.
U-2	Theory of Inflation- Keynesian and Monetarist approaches to inflation; Structuralist theory of inflation;
	Phillips curve analysis- Short run and long run Phillips curve, Samuelson and Solow- the Natural rate of
	unemployment hypothesis, Tobin's modified Phillip's curve ; Adaptive expectations and rational
	expectations, Policies to control inflation.
U-3	Business Cucles- Theories of Schumptere, kaldor, Samuelson and Hicks.Goodwins model; Control of
	business cycles- relative efficiency of monetary and fiscal policies.
U-4	New Classical Macroeconomics- The New classical critique of micro foundations, the new classical
	approach, Policy implications of new classical approach- empirical evidence. New Keynesian Macro
	Economics, Efficiency wage Hypothesis, Gift Exchange Model, insider Outsider Model, Menu Cost
	Theory, Labour Contract Model, Policy implications of the new Keynesian model.
	<b>Recommended Books:</b> 1. Branson W.A. (1989), Macroeconomic Theory and Policy, Harper and Row,
	New York. 2. Dornbusch, R and F. Stanley (1997), Macroeconomics, McGraw Hill, Inc. New York. 3.
	Hall, R.E and J.B Taylor (1986), Macroeconomics, W.W. Norton, New York. 4. Jha, R. (1991),
	Contemporary Macroeconomic Theory and Policy, Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi. 5. Levacic, R. and
	Rebmann, A. (1982), Macro Economics- An introduction to Keynesian -Neoclassical controversies,
	Macmillan, London. 6. Mankiw, N. G. (2010), Macroeconomics, Worth Publishers, 7th edition. 7. Romer,
	D.L. (1996), Advanced Macroeconomics, McGraw Hill Company Ltd. New York. 8. Shapiro E. (1996),
	Macroeconomic Analysis, Galgotia Publications, New Delhi.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2		1			2	2	1	2	2	2	1
CO2	3	3		1			1	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO3	3	2		1			2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	2	2		1			2	1	3	2	3	2	2
	3	3		1			2	2	2	2	2	2	1

SEM-2-3/8 ECO-203: (Economics of Social Infrastructure –II)

				P	G Seme	ester – T	I (Cours	se Outco	mes: CO	)s)				
Title of	f the Cou	ırse & C	Course C				f Social		111001		r of Cred	dits - 4		
					Infras	structui	re-II (E	CO-203	<b>3)</b>					
Pre-req	uisites f	or the C	ourse: I	Basic kn	owledge	e of soc	ial scier	ices.						
Course	Objecti	ve: To	acquai	int the	learners	with d	lifferent	approa	ches to	social in	frastruct	ure with	externa	lities.
	_		ial secto	or polic	ies in I	ndia cai	n make	aware 1	the futur	e citizen	s on pol	licy issu	es and h	uman
capital	formation	on.												
On con	npletion													
CO1		1	fy the o			een hea	ılth and	health	care and	l describ	e the fe	atures of	f health	as an
CO2	Interpret the demand and supply aspects of health care, education and articulate the different market forms in health care output. Analyze the problems of health care finance and prospects of medical insurance especially in developing countries.													
CO3	Assess the production function approach in education and judge the importance of investment in education as a matter of social choice.													
CO4		Synthesize the problem of market failure in health care due to asymmetric information and externalities in education and propose suitable policy measures.												
Units								se conte						
U-1	Heal heal addi Mar Mon than per p	Economics of Health: Distinction between health and health care, Health as an economic commodity, Health Care -need and want. Demand and supply: Consumption of health & health care, investment in health care, Asymmetric information & supplier induced demand, Aggregate demand for health care, Healthcare output, Technical efficiency, Production frontier, Multi product firm- Returns to scale, additively, allocative efficiency. Returns to scale, Short run cost functions and economies of scope, Markets in health care: Perfect competition, Monopoly- market concentration, contestable markets. Monopolistically competitive market- product life cycle, long run equilibrium, Oligopoly. Goals other than profit maximization- growth maximization, behavioral theories- utility maximization of net income per physician, market failure & role of Government  Financing health care, delivery of health care: Uncertainty &health insurance attitude to risk, demand &												
	finai dece deve	nce- ap ntraliza loping	proache tion & t countrie	s adopt the role s like In	ed by of priv dia.	governr ate pub	nents o lic mix.	f differ Equity	olems, Ho ent cour in healtl	ntries, Fi ncare Fir	nancial nance Ho	health o	care sch tor refor	emes, ms in
U-3	valu scree	ing out <sub>l</sub> ening, in	put Val nvestme	uing res	search, reening	Measur or edu	ing procession,	ductivity Signalin	on- Cond y, Educa g in the choice a	tion as s	screening	g device	- benef	its of
U-4	educational institutions. Investment in education - a social choice approach.  Market Failure: Education as a public good-The neo classical approach, Externality aspect of education, Categorization of higher education as a good. Primary education as a merit good, education as a global private good/ bad, Market & market failure in higher education, asymmetric information, adverse selection & moral hazard. Interaction between state & higher education. Indian education system - challenges and policy initiatives.													
	Reco Hea 2. B Econ	ommend th Deve laug, M nomics	<b>led Boo</b> elopmen [., Introd	t sustair duction lth, Col	nable. H to econ ombia	Iarvard omics o Univers	Series of Educa ity Pres	on Popu ution, Pe	or Refor lation ar enguin, I York (I	nd Intern London (	ational 1 1972). 3	Health, 1 . Klarmo	Boston (1 an, H. E	1995). ., The
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	]
CO1	3	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	_
CO2	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	]
CO3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	_
CO4	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	]
	2	1	2	2	1	1	I 1	1	2	1	2	1	1	1

#### SEM-2-4/8 ECO-204: (Quantitative Techniques & Computer Applications-II)

	PC	G Semester – II (	Course Outcome	s: CO	$(\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{S}})$							
Title of the Co	ourse & Course Code	Quantitative	Techniques	&	Number of Credits - 4							
		computer app (ECO-204)	lications-II									
Pre-requisites	Pre-requisites for the Course: Basic of Statistics and Computer applications will be an advantage.											
Course Object	Course Objective: To familiarize the students with basic statistical techniques and train students about use of											
Computer app	Computer applications for attaining a higher degree of precision in forecasting.											
On completion	n of the course, the stud	ents will be able	to:									
CO1	Analyze the estimates of multiple regressions and inferential statistics with the help of software and interpret it.											
CO2	Validate the estimates of weights, distributive tables, regression and any other relevant techniques by using economic variables.											
CO3	Attain the basic knowledge on computer for testing economic hypotheses and forecasting.											
CO4	Develop the idea on u	ses of statistical	software for bette	er und	derstanding of the subject matter.							

Units	Course content
U-1	Meaning, assumptions and limitations of simple correlation and regression analysis; Spearman's rank correlation coefficients and their properties; Concept of the least squares and the lines of regression;
T. C.	Standard error of estimate; partial and multiple correlation and regression
U-2	Methods of estimation of non-linear equations – parabolic, exponential, geometric, modified exponential, Gompertz and Logistic relationships.
U-3	Various types of events- classical and empirical definitions of probability; Laws of addition and multiplication; Conditional probability and concept of interdependence; Bayes theorem and its implications; Expectations, Properties of Binomial, Poisson and Normal distributions. Concept of an estimator and its sampling distribution; desirable properties of an estimator; Formulation of statistical hypotheses- Null and alternative; Goodness of fit; Confidence intervals and levels of significance; Hypothesis testing based on Z, t, Chi-square
U-4	Basic concept of sampling- random and non-random sampling; Simple random, stratified random and PPS sampling; Computer Applications: Use of statistical packages (S.P.S.S. & E View) in frequency distribution, correlation and regression analysis, ANOVA, TimeSeries Tests.
	Recommended Books: 1. Chiang A.C. (1986), Fundamental methods of Mathematical Economics, McGraw Hill, New York. 2. Allen, R.G.D. (1974), Mathematical Analysis for Economists, Macmillan Press and ELBS London. 3. Yamane, Taro (1975), Mathematics for Economists, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi. 4. K. Sydaester and P. Hammond (2002), Mathematics for Economic Analysis, Pearson Educational Asia: Delhi. 5. Gupta, S. P. (1978), Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand and Sons. 6. Gupta, S. C. and V. K. Kapur (1970), Mathematical Statistics, Sultan Chand and Sons. 7. Murray R. Spiegel (1992), Theory and Problem of Statistics, Schaum's Outline Series, Metric edition 8. Gupta, S. C. (1981), Fundamentals of Statistics, Himalaya Publishing House.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	1	1	3
CO2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	3	1	3	2	1	2
CO3	3	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3
CO4	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	2	1	3
	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	2	1	3

#### SEM-2-5/8 ECO-205: (Development Economics – II)

	PG Semester – II (Course Outcomes: COs)										
Title of the Course & Course Code Development Economics-II (ECO-205) Number of Credits - 4											
Pre-requisite	es for the Course: Basic kn	owledge of growth and development theories with	economic planning.								
	Course Objective: To familiarize students with sectoral growth, approaches to development in developing countries										
with econon	with economic planning in global perspective.										
CO1	Understand the significant	nce of sectoral growth and development approach	es in developing countries.								
CO2	Interpret the implications	s of international trade theories for developing cou	ntries.								
CO3	CO3 Review how the macroeconomic policies impact the internal growth prospects and external balance of										
developing economies.											
CO4	Propose suitable policy of	changes in regional and micro planning in the cont	ext of the Indian economy.								

Units	Course content
U-1	Sectoral aspects of development- Role of agriculture in economic development; Efficiency and productivity in agriculture, New technology and sustainable agriculture; Globalisation and agricultural growth, rationale and pattern of industrialization in developing countries; The choice of techniques and appropriate technology and employment; Efficiency of small-scale vs. large-scale production; terms of trade between agriculture and industry; Infrastructure and its importance; Labour market and their functioning in developing countries.
U-2	Trade and economic development- International trade as engine of growth; Static and dynamic gains from trade, Prebisch, Singer and Myrdal thesis vs. Free trade; Export-led growth; Dual gap analysis; balance of payments; tariffs and effective protection; Post-GATT international economic order; WTO and developing countries.
U-3	Macro-economic policies and Development- Role of monetary and fiscal policies in developing countries- price savings, inflation and growth- Empirical evidence; external resources- FDI, aid vs. trade, technology inflow; MNC activity in developing countries; Borrowings- domestic and external; Burden of borrowing- IMF and World bank policies in developing countries.
U-4	Allocation of resources- Need for investment criteria in developing countriespresent vs future, Alternative investment criteria; Cost-benefit analysis; Shadow prices, project evaluation and UNIDO guidelines. Planning and development- Need for planning-democratic, decentralized and indicative planning, micro-planning, review of Indian plan models and planning.
	Recommended Books: 1. Ghatak, S (1986) An Introduction to development Economics, Allen and Unwin, London 2. Higgins, B. (1959) Economic Development, WW Norton, New York. 3. Meier G.M.(1986) Leading Issues in Economic Development, Oxford University Press, New York 4. Basu, Kaushik (2000) Analytical Development Economics: The less developed Economy Revisited, Oxford University Press, India. 5. Ray Debraj (2000) Development Economics, Oxford University Press, India. 6. Chenery H and T.N. Srinivasan (Eds) (1989) Handbook of Development Economics, Vols. 1&2, Elsevier, Amsterdem. 7. Todaro, M.P (1996) Economic Development, Longman, London 8. Thirlwal, A.P (1999) Growth and Development, Macmillan, UK. 9. Hayami, Y. (1997) Development Economics, Oxford University Press, New York 10. Sen, A.K. (Ed) (1990) Growth Economics, Penguin, Harmondsworth

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	1			1	1	2	3	1	2	1	2
CO2	3	2	1			1	2	3	3	1	1	1	2
CO3	2	3	1			3	2	2	2	1	3	1	3
CO4	3	2	1			2	2	2	3	1	2	2	2
	3	2	1			2	2	2	3	1	2	1	2

#### SEM-2-6/8 ECO-206-A: New Institutional Economics

	P	G Seme	ster – II (Course	Outcomes: CO	rs)						
Title of	f the Course & Course Code	New	Institutional	Number of Credits - 4							
		(Elect	ive) (ECO-206	<b>A</b> )							
Pre-req	Pre-requisites for the Course: Fundamental idea on the concept of "institution".										
Course	Course Objective: To acquaint the students on the evolution, functions and structure of institutions. Understand										
the role	the role of transaction costs and property rights in the context of economic institutions.										
CO1	Understand the theories of o	ld institt	utional economic	s.							
CO2	Outline the institutional stru	cture of	a society and the	e limits. Demo	nstrate the inter dependence of social,						
	political and economic institutions.										
CO3	Assess the implications of transaction costs and property rights for economic institutions.										
CO4	Develop a suitable synthesis of best practices in the present scenario using property right institutions.										

Units	Course content
U-1	Preliminaries of the Old Institutional Economics: The concept of Institutions in the old institutional economics; Adam Smith's "The Theory of the MoralSentiments"; The pragmatic philosophy of William James, Charles Peirce, John Dewey and Clarence Ayers; formation of habits, the rule of thumb, development of customs traditions and mores as regulators of social conduct; development of legal institutions. TB Veblen: The Theory of the Leisure Class – informalinstitutions/habits and traditions, government as part of the established, institutional system (vested interests), proposal of a system of industrial planning by technical experts, Jungian Archetypes and social psychology; R Commons and JK Galbraith - formal (legalized) institutions, Scientific investigation methods; WC Mitchell- Establishment of Institutions, National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER), Statistical basis for study of institutions, New School for Social Research, origins of agent-based theory; G Myrdal –interdependence of social, political, economic and institutional phenomena, modernization ideals. Religion as an institution: Max Weber's The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism. Kenneth Boulding: Grants Economics; The three-fold taxonomy of social organization
U-2	Introduction to Institutional Analysis: The concept of institution in the New Institutional Economics: Institutions and organizations. Functions of social and economic institutions; Interaction situations and the types of norms: prisoners' dilemma-type situation; co-ordination situation; inequality situation; Enforcement characteristics; Institutional structure of a society; Formal and informal institutions; Sanctions for disobeying norms (self-enforcing sanctions, guilt, shame, informational sanctions, bilateral costly sanctions, multilateral costly sanctions); Conditions of norms' effectiveness. Interaction of formal and informal institutions; The limits of imitations of institutions from best-performing countries; The problems of their enforceability; A Comparative view of the Old Institutional Economics and the New Institutional Economics and modern institutionalism.
U-3	Transaction Costs: The concept of transaction; Market and intra-firm transactions; Transaction costs as friction in the economy; Transaction costs and transformation costs; Interdependency between transaction costs and transformation costs; Types of market transaction costs and means of transaction costs minimization (search and information costs; measurement costs; bargaining and decision costs; supervision and enforcement costs); Comparative advantages and shortcomings of the legal enforcement mechanism; Reputation as a contract enforcement device; Ideal model of "perfect reputation"; Shortcomings of the reputation as a contract enforcement mechanism. Reputation and the "free rider problem"; Reputations aided by institutions. Transaction costs, the main types of economic exchange and their institutional structure; Coexistence of the main types of economic exchange in the modern society; Transaction cost measurement.
U-4	Economic Theory of Property Rights: The definition of property rights; Property rights in different Laws/traditions; The property rights approach: some basic concepts. Specification of property rights, the bundle of rights, partitioning of property rights, attenuation of property rights; Assigning of property rights: the internalization of externalities; The Coase Theorem; Critic of Coase (dynamic effects of alternative legal rules, wealth effect, distributional effects, strategic behavior and the problem of holding-out, endowment effect, sociological critic, unrealistic assumption about zero transaction costs); Alternative

property rights regimes; Common property (open access) and the tragedy of the commons; Exclusive property rights and the conditions for their emergence; The first economic revolution. Communal property; Optimal group size; Private property; Moral and economic aspects of private property; Public property; The emergence of property rights; The optimistic theory of the emergence of property rights (naive model); The interest-group theory of property rights; The costs of collective action; The theory of rent-seeking; Interest-groups and rent-seeking behavior in an economy.

**Recommended Books**: 1. Smith Adam "An enquiry into the nature and causes of wealth of nations", (1776) 2. Galbraith J.K "American Capitalism: the concept of countervailing power", Routledge Pub. (2017) 3. Acemoglu D., Robinson J A, "Why nations fail", Profile Books Ltd. 4. Williamson Oliver E., Winter Sidney G., Oxford University Press, "The Nature of the firm", (1993). 5. Coase Ronald H "The Problem of Social Cost", Palgrave McMillan Publications (1960).6. Coase Ronald H "The firm, The Market and the Law", University of Chicago Press, (1988). 7. Vatiero Massimiliano "The theory of transaction in institutional economics: a history", Routledge Pub. (2020).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
CO2	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	2
CO3	2	2	1	1	1		2	2	2	1	1	1	2
CO4	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	1	2	2	1
	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2

SEM-2-7/8 ECO-206-B: (Mathematical Economics)

DEINE - 170	SENI-2-776 ECO-200-B. (Wathematical Economics)									
	Po	G Semester – II (Course Outcomes: CO	s)							
Title of the Co	ourse & Course Code	<b>Mathematical Economics</b>	Number of Credits - 4							
		(Elective) (ECO-206-B)								
Pre-requisites for the Course: Basic knowledge of calculus.										
Course Object	ive: to strengthen the	theoretical understanding of the studen	t by adopting mathematical approach							
for analyzing of	economic theories.									
On completion	n of the course, the stud	ents will be able to:								
CO1	Understand the consu	Understand the consumers equilibrium more objectively with the help of different forms of utility								
	forms.									
CO2	Examine the theory	of firm's equilibrium and familiarise	the students with various forms of							
	production functions	having practical relevance.								
CO3	Experiment the idea	of different types of market and ed	quilibrium in the respective market							
	mathematically.		•							
CO4	Develop solutions to Economic problems from programming and game theoretic approach.									
	Appraise the Operations Research model like Input-Output model and Linear Programming									
	model for obtaining a	nd optimum solution under complex ec	onomic situations.							

Units	Course content
U-1	Theory of Consumer Behaviour- Cardinal and ordinal utility maximization; Slutsky equation, compensated demand functions, income, substitution and price effects; Concept of elasticities-generalizations to n variable case; separate and additive utility functions; homogeneous and homothetic utility functions; constant elasticity of substitution (CES) and transcendental logarithmic utility functions; duality theorem; consumers surplus; Theory of revealed preference and index numbers; Linear expenditure systems.
U-2	Theory of production- Production function- homogeneous and nonhomogeneous, Properties of production function; CES, VEX and trans-log production function. Simple derivation of short run and long run cost functions; Modern approach to theory of costs; Cost function, constrained optimization of a producer; Generalisation to n variable case; Input demand functions; Adding up theorem, Technical progress through production function.
U-3	Price determination in various markets- price determination in perfect competition, monopoly, monopolistic competition, duopoly, oligopoly, and monopsony; Pricing of factors of production; Bilateral monopolyMarket equilibrium- Marshallian and walrasian equilibrium conditions
U-4	Game theory- Liner programming and Input-Output analysis: Concept of game- Two person zero-sum game, Payoff matrix, pure and mixed strategies. Maximin and Minmax solutions; Saddle point solution; Non- constant sum game; Prisoners dilemma; Linear programming- Primal and dual problem; Simplex method; transport and storage problems and other applications of linear programming in economics; Input-output analysis- Open and closed systems; Hawkins-Simon conditions; Leontief's dynamic system.
	Recommended Books: 1. Allen RGD (1974) Mathematical Analysis for Economists, Macmillan Press and ELBS, London. 2. Chiang, A.C (1986), Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics, Mac Graw Hill, New York. 3. Henderson &Quandt, Micro Economic Theory, A mathematical approach, Mac Gaw Hill, New Delhi. 4. Allen, RHD, (1976) Mathematical Economics, Macmillan, London 5. Arrow K.J., and M. Intrilligator, (Eds) (1982), handbook of Mathematical Economics, Volumes, I, II, III, North Holland, Amsterdam. 6. Hadley, G (1962) Linear Programming, Addison Wesley Publishing Co., Massachusetts

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	1	2	2		2	1	2	1	3	1	1	2
CO2	2	1	3	3		2	1	3	2	3	2	1	2
CO3	2	2	2	3		2	2	3	2	3	1	1	2
CO4	3	1	3	2		3	1	3	2	3	1	1	1
	2	1	3	3		2	1	3	2	3	1	1	2

#### **SEM-2-8/8 ECO-206-C:** New Frontiers in Economics

	PG Semester – II (Course Outcomes: COs)								
Title of the Cours	se & Course Code	<b>New Frontiers in Economics</b>	Number of Credits - 4						
		(Elective) (ECO-206-C)							
Pre-requisites for	Pre-requisites for the Course: Basic concepts of micro and macroeconomics.								
Course Objective	Course Objective: To familiarize the students with new developments in the discipline of Economics.								
On completion of	the course, the student	s will be able to:							
CO1	Outline the nuances of	of new classical economics and post-Ko	eynesian economics.						
CO2	Enable the students to	Enable the students to identify and describe the latest developments in the field of economics.							
CO3		Illustrate different approaches to the concept of welfare from Rawls to Sen and Appraise gender							
	issues and the feminist economic theories.								
CO4	Develop new ideas to	Develop new ideas to deal with troublesome environmental issues							

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Units	TI	4. 1	т	D 4 IZ		1 D 1		e conten						
U-1									nic Theo		Maar	a drimami	ics. Boun	dad
	rationality, framing and endowment effect," defaults for choice"—Prospect theory and heuristics Behavioral Economics and the financial sector—Behavioral Economics and public finance.									.s –				
		2.Buchanan's Public Choice Approach- Stiglitz Private Use of Public Interest- Neo- Classical: Rational									onal			
		Expectations - Sen.'s Approach to Welfare. Development as expansion of capabilities								onar				
U-2		Development Policy Issues												
						m - Cha	nging P	erceptio	ns about	the role	of the C	overnm	ent - Gro	wth
									ment and					
	Fina	incial se	ector and	l econon	nic grow	th: finar	ncial glo	balizatio	on,"optin	num fina	ncializat	ion".		
U-3													"s capab	
													methodol	
								gender:	Nussbau	ım"s bas	sic capal	bilities f	framewor	:k –
			powerm											
U-4					tainable	Develo	pment -	Waste I	Managen	nent - Na	atural Di	saster M	Ianageme	ent -
			ntal Poli											
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											ll, New L		00).	
	2. L	ornbus	ch, Fisch	her, Stra	tz. Macr	oeconoi	nics, Ta	ta McGi	raw-Hill.	New De	elhi (2004	<i>4)</i> .		
	3. A	. Grego	ry Mank	kiw, Prin	iciples o	f Macro	econom	ics, (201	<i>(4)</i> .					
	4. 0	ampbel	l McCon	inell and	l Stanley	Brue, M	<i>lacroec</i>	onomics	: Princip	oles, Pro	blems, &	Policies	s (2014).	
	5. F	łarvey,	Rosen, 1	Public F	inance.	McGrav	v Hill E	ducation	ı (India)	Private	Limited	(2012).	6. Ayala	and
									Hypothe	sis: An	assessn	nent fro	m Popp	er's
			",http://											
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									of conse	ent: Logi	cal found	dations o	of .	
			nal Dem						of Cana	lan Wila	y-Blackw	va11		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	
	2	1	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	1
	2	1	1	3	2	1	2	3	1	2	2	1	2	1
	2	2	2	3	1	1	3	3	2	1	1	1	2	1
CO4	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	ĺ
30.	2	1	1	3	2	1	3	3	2	1	1	1	2	
			1 -											i

#### SEM-3-1/8 ECO-301: (Public Economics – I)

	PG Semester – III (Course Outcomes: COs)									
Title of the	Course & Course	Public Economics (ECO-301)	Number of Credits - 4							
Code										
Pre-requisites	Pre-requisites for the Course: Basic understanding of the role and functions of the government.									
	Course Objective: Role and functions of the Government in an economy have been changing with the									
	* *	he theoretical aspects of Public Econo	omics and Public Finance.							
On completion	n of the course, the stu	idents will be able to:								
CO1	Understanding of the	e rationale for the existence of modern	n governments.							
CO2	Know how there is allocation of resources by public policy and role of voting system.									
CO3	Understand the functions and effectiveness of fiscal policy.									
CO4	Familiar with variou	s tax system in India.								

Units	Course content
U-1	Introduction- Role of Govt. in organized society; changing perspectives government in a mixed economy, public and private sector, co-operation or competition; Govt. as an agent for economic planning and development; Government as a tool for operationalising the planning process; private goods, public goods, market failure- imperfections, decreasing costs, externalities, public goods.
U-2	Public choice- Private and public mechanism for allocating resources, problems for allocating resources, problems of preference revelation and aggregation of preferences, Voting systems, Arrow Impossibility theorem, An economic theory of democracy, Politico-eco-bureaucracy; rent seeking and directly unproductive profit seeking (DUP) activities.  Rationale for public policy: Allocation of resources, provision of public goods, voluntary exchange models, impossibility of decentralized provision of public goods (contributions of Samuelson and Musgrave).
U-3	Fiscal policy- full employment, anti-inflation, economic growth, redistribution of income and wealth, interdependence of fiscal and monetary policies, budgetary deficits and its implications, Fiscal policy for stabilization-automatic vs. discretionary stabilization; Alternative measures of resource mobilization and their impact on growth, distribution and prices, balanced budget multiplier
U-4	Indian Public Finances- Indian tax system; Revenues of the Union, States and local bodies; Major taxes in India, base of taxes, direct and indirect taxes, taxation of agriculture, expenditure tax, reforms in direct and indirect taxes, taxes on services; Non-tax revenue of centre, States and local bodies; Analysis of central and state government budgets; Lack of flexibility incentral and state budgets, shrinking size of development finance throughbudgets; Trends in public expenditure and public debt; Fiscal crisis and fiscal sector reforms in India; Reports of Finance commissions in India.
	Recommended Books: 1. Atkinson, A.B. and J.E. Siglitz (1980) Lectures on Public Economics, Tata McGraw Hill, New York 2. Auerbach, A.J. and M. Feldstern (Eds) (1985) Handbook of Public Economics, Vol.I, North Holland, Amsterdam. 3. Jha, R (1998) Modern Public Economics, Routledge, London 4. Musgrave, R.A. (1959) The Theory of Public Finance, McGraw Hill, Kogakhusa, Tokyo 5. Shoup, C.S (1970) Public Finance, Aldine, Chicago 6. Peacock. A and G.K. shaw (1976) The Economic Theory of Fiscal Policy, George Allen and Unwin, London. 7. American Economic Association (1955) Readings in Fiscal Policy, George Allen and Unwin, London.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	3		1		2	1	2	2	1	2	2	3
CO2	2	2		1		1	2	2	1	2	3	2	2
CO3	2	2		1		2	2	2	2	2	1	3	2
CO4	1	1		1		1	3	3	2	2	3	2	1
	2	2		1		2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2

#### SEM-3-2/8 ECO-302: (International Economics – I)

	PG Semester – III (Course Outcomes: COs)									
Title of the	Course & Course	International economics-I	Number of Credits - 4							
Code		(ECO-302)								
Pre-requisites	Pre-requisites for the Course: Basic concepts of micro and macroeconomics.									
Course Objec	Course Objective: To provide an understanding of the broad principles of international trade and their									
welfare implic	cations for the econom	nies.								
On completion	n of the course, the stu	idents will be able to:								
CO1	Understand and com	Understand and compare different theories of international trade								
CO2	Evaluate the importance of international trade as an engine of economic growth.									
CO3	Examine and reflect on the economic policies that include international trade.									
CO4	Deduce policies to a	Deduce policies to attain balance in the economy								

Units	Course content
U-1	Theory of International trade- Theories of absolute advantage of Adam Smith, comparative advantage of
	David Ricardo, Law of reciprocal demand, Marshal Edgeworth Offer curve analysis, Heberler opportunity
	cost, modern theory of international trade- Heckscher-Ohlin theorem, factor intensity reversal argument,
	Leontief paradox, the factor price equalization theorem, Kravis and Linder theory of trade.
U-2	Measurement and gains from trade – Terms of trade; net and gross barter terms of trade, single and double
	factorial terms of trade, income terms of trade,
	Hypothesis of secular deterioration of terms of trade, its empirical relevance
	and policy implications for less developed countries, hypothesis of secular deterioration of terms of trade, ;
	Trade as an engine of economic growth, immiserising growth
U-3	Monetary theory of international trade- Balance of payment: meaning and components, autonomous and
	accommodating transaction, equilibrium Bop, balance of payment adjustment mechanism under flexible
	prices, interest rates, and income level with fixed exchange rates and flexible exchange rates.
U-4	Absorption approach and monetary approach, internal and external balance: adjustment of BOP through
	policy instruments- expenditure changing, expenditure switching and exchange control methods Trevor
	Swan model
	<b>Recommended Books</b> : 1. Salvatore, D (2014) International Economics: Trade and Finance, Wiley
	Students' Edition, 11th Edition. 2. Soderstein, Bo. And G. Reed,(1994) International Economics, The
	Palgrave Macmillan, London, 3rd (revised) edition. 3. Cherunilam, Francis (2017), Mc Graw Hill,
	Education 4. Carbough, R.J. (1999) International Economics, International Thomson Publishing, New
	York. 5. Chacoliades, M. (1990) International Trade: Theory and Policy, Mc Graw Hill, Kogakusha,
	Japan 6. Acharya, Rajat (2013) International Economics An Introduction to Theory and Policy,Oxford
	University Press, New Delhi.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3		2		2	1	3	2	1	2	2	3
CO2	3	2		2		1	2	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	2	3		2		2	2	3	3	3	1	3	2
CO4	3	1		2		1	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
	3	3		2		2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3

#### SEM-3-3/8 ECO-303: (Environment & Resource Economics – I)

	Po	G Semester – III (Course Outcomes: C	COs)					
Title of th	e Course & Course Code	<b>Environment &amp; Resource</b>	Number of Credits - 4					
		Economics – I (ECO-303)						
Pre-requis	Pre-requisites for the Course: Preliminary idea about ecology and environmental issues.							
		ques to integrate environmental conce	rns with economic development and					
policy-ma	aking to move towards sustain	nable development.						
On compl	etion of the course, the stude	nts will be able to:						
CO1	Define the key issues i	egarding sustainability, environmenta	l degradation and economic growth.					
CO2	Describe the analytic	eal framework adapted by the dis	cipline of Economics to include the					
	environmental concerr	s in its analysis.						
CO3			analysis that goes into decision making					
	in environmental Econ	omics.						
CO4	Develop ways in whic	h economic principles can be used for	r environmental protection and pollution					
	control.							

Units	Course content
U-1	Fundamentals: Environment economy interaction, The circular Economy, Environmental quality as a public good, Public goods and bads, natural resources, trade-off between environmental quality and economic goods, growth and environment-environmental Kuznets curve
U-2	: Market failure, The nature of market failure and problems of externalities associated with environmental problems, Pollution as Externality, Optimal Externality, Property rights, the theory of externalities and Coase theorem, Coase theorem and its implications in environmental regulations,
U-3	Cost-benefit analysis and the valuation of environmental resources, population, resource use and environmental degradation, affluence, technology and environmental degradation, environmental issues in developing countries
U-4	Theories of Optimal use of renewable resources: Growth curves, MSY, Costs and revenue, profit maximization, open access and common property solutions, preservation value, discount rate and price change effects, Theories of optimal use of exhaustible resources, Resource price and backstop technology, Environmental and development trade off and the concept of sustainable development; Integrated environmental and economic accounting and themeasurement of environmentally corrected GDP
	Recommended Books: 1. Kolstad, C. D (1999) Environmental economics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi 2. Sankar, U (Ed.) (2001) Environmental Economics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi 3. Hanley N (1997) Environmental Economics in Theory and Practice, Macmillan, London. 4. Tietenberg T. (1994) Environmental Economics & Policy, Harper Collins, New York. 5. Bromley D W, (ed.) (1995) Handbook of Environmental Economics, Blackwell, London 6. Bhattacharya, R.N. (2001) Environmental Economics an Indian Perspective, Oxford University Press, New Delhi 7. Hussen, AM (1999) Principles of Environmental Economics, Routledge, London.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	1	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	2
CO2	2	1	1	3	2	1	2	3	1	2	2	1	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	1	1	3	3	2	1	1	1	2
CO4	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	2	1	1	1	1
	2	1	1	3	2	1	3	3	2	1	1	1	2

#### SEM-3-4/8 ECO-304: (Advanced Econometrics – I)

	PC	G Semester – III (Course Outcomes: CC	Os)									
Title of the C	ourse & Course Code	Advanced Econometrics – I	Number of Credits - 4									
		(ECO-304)										
Pre-requisites for the Course: Students must have basic knowledge of Statistical and Mathematical methods.												
Course Objec	Course Objective: To provide students exposure to econometric theory, model building and data analysis.											
On completio	On completion of the course, the students will be able to:											
CO1	State the use of statist	ical techniques to analyse Economic da	ata and relations.									
CO2	Understand the Lines	ar and Non- Linear regression models	s. Evaluate statistical significance of									
	results obtained throu	gh hypothesis testing.										
CO3	Sketch the problems of	encountered in hypothesis testing and the	ne remedies.									
CO4	Develop appropriate	statistical models for use in economic	modelling. Design economic models									
	using simultaneous ed	quations, qualitative data and time serie	s data.									

Units	Course content
U-1	Basic Economterics- Nature, meaning and scope of econometrics: Simple and
	general linear regression model- Assumptions, Estimation (through OLS approach) and properties of
	estimators, Gauss Markov theorem; Concepts and derivation of R2 and Adjusted R2;
U-2	Concept of analysis of variance approach and its application in regression analysis; Generalised Least
	Squares (GLS)
	Estimation of non-linear equations- parabolic, exponential, geometric, hyperbolic, modified exponential,
	Gompertz and logistic functions.
U-3	Problems of regression analysis - Nature, test, consequences and remedial steps of problems of
	heteroscedasticity; Multicollinearity and autocorrelation; Problems of specification error, Errors of
	measurement (Errors in variables)
U-4	Regressions with Qualitative Independent variables- Dummy variable technique- Testing structural
	stability of regression models comparing to regressions, interaction effects, seasonal analysis, piece-wise
	linear regression, use of dummy variables, regression with dummy dependent variables; The LPM, Logit,
	Probit models- Applications, estimation under Linear restrictions (Restricted Least Squares).
	Recommended Books: 1. Jhonston J. (1991), Econometric Methods, McGraw Hill Book Co. London 2.
	AsteriouDimitrious, (2006), Applied Econometrics, Palgrave Macmillan, New York 3. Gujrati D.N.
	(1995), Basic Econometrics, (2 nd edition) McGraw Hill, New Delhi 4. Kmenta, J. (1977), Elements of
	Econometrics, (reprint edition) University of Michigan Press, New York. 5. Koutsoyiannis A. (1977),
	Theory of Econometrics (2nd ed.) The Macmillan Press Ltd. London. 6. Madalla G.S. (1997),
	Econometrics, McGraw Hill, New York. 7. Intrilligator, M.D. (1978), Econometric Methods, Techniques
	and Applications, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey. 8. Pindyck, Robert S. and Daniel L.
	Rubinfeld, (1976), Econometric Models and Economic Forecasts, International Student edition, McGraw-
	Hill.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	1	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	3	1	2	2
CO2	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	3	1	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	1
	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	1	3	2

#### SEM-3-5/8 ECO-305: (Behavioural Economics)

	PG	Semester – III (Course Outcomes: Co	Os)									
Title of the	Course & Course	Behavioural Economics (ECO-	Number of Credits - 4									
Code		305)										
Pre-requisites for the Course: Good knowledge about neoclassical economics												
Course Object	Course Objective: To familiarize the students with various anomalies found in neoclassical economic models											
and adopt beh	avioural approach to a	ddress them.										
On completion	n of the course, the stu	dents will be able to:										
CO1	Understand the basic	es of behavioural economics and recog	gnize the anomalies of standard									
	economic neoclassic	al models.										
CO2	Understand and eval	uate the decision making under certai	n situation.									
CO3	To examine behavio	ur under uncertain situation and devel	op understanding of modern									
	advancement in the	field.										
CO4	Evaluate the strategi	c interaction & behaviour in dynamic	time framework.									

Units	Course content
U-1	INTRODUCTION: History and Evolution of Behavioral Economics, Objectives and Scope, Relationship with other Disciplines, Structure of the subject Matter, Methodology of the Study Theories, Evidence, Consilience, Foundations: The neo classical Model, Axioms, assumptions, Evolutionary Biology of Utility, The Neuroscientific basis of Utility, Types of Utility, Broadening Rationality, policy Implications
	Applications- Altruism and the Brain, The psychology of super market selling
U-2	Behavioral Alternatives in Decision Making under Certainty; opportunity costs, sunk Costs, Menu Dependence and decoy effect, Loss aversion and the endowment effect, anchoring and adjustment, Violation of rationality of Neoclassical Model- Gambler's fallacy, Conjunction and disjunction fallacies, Base rate fallacy, Conformation bias, Availability Bias, Self- evaluation Bias, Magical Beliefs, Causes of
	Irrationality, Application- Celebrity contagion and imitative magic
U-3	Decision – making under Risk and Uncertainty: Conventional Approaches to modifying Expected Utility theory, Prospect Theory, reference Points, Loss Aversion, Shape of Utility Function, Decision- weighting, Criticism of Prospect theory, Brief introduction to Recent Theories, Application- The Endowment Effect, Bundling and Mental Accounting, Framing and Editing, Choice Bracketing and dynamics, Application-why you can't find a cab on a rainy day
U-4	Inter Temporal Choice: The Discounted Utility Model- Origin, Features, Methods & Anomalies, Alternative Inter-temporal Choice Models- Time Preference, time Consistent Preferences, Hyperbolic Discounting, Modifying the Instantaneous utility Function, Case Studies- The Saving problem, The Desire for rising consumer profiles.

Recommended Books: Philosophical problems of behavioural economics by SteffanHeidel, Routlege, 1996 18 Varieties of modern economic rationality - from Adam Smith to Contemporary Behavioural and evolutionary economists by Michael S Zoubulakis, Routledge, 1997 Behavioural foundations of economics by J.L. Buxter, McMillan Press, Choice, Behavioural economics and addiction, edited by Ruby E Vachinich and Nick Heather, Pergamon Elsevier, 2003, Advance in understanding strategic behaviourgame theory experiments and bounded rationality, edited by Steffan Huck, Palgrave, McMillan, 2004 Loewenstein (1987) "Anticipation and the Valuation of Delayed Consumption". Economic Journal, 97(387): 666—684. Brunnermeier, Markus, K., and Jonathan A. Parker (2005). "Optimal Expectations." American Economic Review, 95(4): 1092-1118. Kahneman and Tversky (1979) "Prospect Theory: An Analysis of Decision Under Risk", Econometrica, 47(2): 263-291. List (2003) "Does Market Experience Eliminate Market Anomalies?", Quarterly Journal of Economics, 118(1): 41-71. Koszegi and Rabin (2006), "A Model of Reference-Dependent Preferences", Quarterly Journal of Economics, 121(4): 1133-1165. Sydnor, Justin. 2010. "(Over)insuring Modest Risks." American Economic Journal: Applied Economics, 2(4): 177-99 Charness and Rabin (2002) "Understanding Social Preferences with Simple Tests" Quarterly Journal of Economics, 117(3): 817-869. Lazear, Edward P., Ulrike Malmendier, and Roberto A. Weber. 2012. "Sorting in Experiments with Application to Social Preferences." American Economic Journal: Applied Economics, 4(1): 136-63. DellaVigna, List, Malmendier. 2012. "Testing for Altruism and Social Pressure in Charitable Giving". Quarterly Journal of Economics, 127(1): 1-56. Rabin (1993) "Incorporating Fairness into Game Theory and Economics", American Economic Review, 83(5): 1281–1302. Fehr and Gachter, (2000), "Fairness and Retaliation: The Economics of Reciprocity", Journal of Economic Perspectives, 14(3): 159-181. Fehr, E. and Schmidt, K. (1999) "A Theory of Fairness, Competition, and Cooperation" The Quarterly Journal of Economics, 114(3): 817-868. Thaler, Richard H. 1988. "Anomalies: The Ultimatum Game." Journal of Economic Perspectives, 2(4): 195-206.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	1	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	2
CO2	2	1	1	3	2	1	2	3	1	2	2	1	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	1	1	3	3	2	1	1	1	2
CO4	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	2	1	1	1	1
	2	1	1	3	2	1	3	3	2	1	1	1	2

#### SEM-3-6/8 ECO-306-A: (Indian Economy)

	PC	Semester – III (Course Outcomes: COs)								
Title of the Co	ourse & Course Code	Indian economy (ECO-306-A)	Number of Credits - 4							
Pre-requisites for the Course: Knowledge about theories and models of growth and development.										
Course Object	Course Objective: Enable the students to appreciate the evolution of Indian economy, its institutional									
framework, pl	anning policy and the re	elevance of international trade.								
On completion	n of the course, the stud	ents will be able to:								
CO1	List the basic characte	ristics of Indian economy and its potential	on natural resources.							
CO2		s the foundation of economic growth and d								
	<u> </u>	f agricultural sector and its contribution to	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
CO3		status of the economy as a whole, they wo								
	of Odisha's economy,	sources of revenue, how the state government	ment finance its programmes and							
	projects.									
CO4	Formulate policies of	inclusive growth for the Indian economy in	general and economy of Odisha							
	in particular.									

Units							Cours	e conten	ıt.					
U-1	Ind reso dev	ources, g elopmei	growth, ont, Gove	developi rnment l	ment an Budgetir	d emplo ng.	es relat yment,	ing to p Poverty	oopulatio , inequal	ity and	Inclusive	growth	bilization , Sustain	able
U-2	and con mir issu pro	Agriculture- Major crops, cropping patterns in various parts of the country, different types of irrigation and irrigation systems, storage, transport and marketing of agricultural produce and issues and related constraints; technology in the aid of farmers. Issues related to direct and indirect farm subsidies and minimum support prices; Public Distribution System - objectives, functioning, limitations, revamping; issues of buffer stocks and food security; Technology missions; economics of animal-rearing. Food processing and related industries in India- scope and significance, location, upstream and downstream requirements, supply chain management, Land reforms in India.												
U-3	Rai ind	Social and Economic Infrastructure: Education, Health, Housing, Energy, Ports, Roads, Airports, Railways etc. Effects of liberalization on the economy, Changes in industrial policy andtheir effects on industrial growth, Indian stock market and SEBI, Issues relating to India's foreign trade, role of foreign capital, FDI, external borrowings, non-resident deposits.												
U-4	rese	Odishan Economy- Basic features and issues relating to population growth, planning, mobilization of resources, growth, development and employment, Poverty, inequality and Inclusive growth, Sustainable development, Government Budgeting.												
	Red	commen	ded Boo	oks:1. A.	hluwalid	ı I.J. an	d I.M.D	Littles	(Eds.) (.	1999) In	dia's Ec	onomic .	Reforms	and
	De	velopme	nt, Oxfo	rd Univ	ersity P	ress, Ne	w Delh	i 2. Bar	dhan, P	.K. (199	9) The I	Political	Econom	y of
	De	velopme	nt in Inc	da, Oxfo	ord Univ	ersity F	Press, N	ew Delh	i. 3. Ba	wa R.S d	and P.S.	Raikhy	(Ed.) (1	997)
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	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	
CO1	2	1	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	1	2	2	1
CO2	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	3	1	2	2	2	1
CO3	2	2	2	3	1	2	2	3	3	2	1	3	2	Ì
CO4	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	3	1	]
	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	3	1	1	3	2	

#### SEM-3-7/8 ECO-306-B: (Regional Economics)

	PC	S Semester – III (Course Outcomes: CO	Os)								
Title of the Co	ourse & Course Code	Regional Economics	Number of Credits - 4								
		(ECO-306-B)									
Pre-requisites	Pre-requisites for the Course: Basic knowledge about different aspects of Indian Economy.										
Course Objec	tive: To provide a bro	oad understanding of the basics of reg	gional economics, regional economic								
theories and re	egional development in	India.									
On completion	n of the course, the stud										
CO1	Define the key issues	relating to regional economic analysis.									
CO2	Demonstrate the theor	retical background of development disp	parities of different regions.								
CO3	Examine the applicab	ility of theories of location, migration,	development with different								
	dimensions of regiona										
CO4	Critique of regional p	lanning and point out the deficiencies i	n removing regional as well as rural								
	urban disparities of In	dia.									

Units	Course content
U-1	Basics of Regional Economics:
	Need for study of Regional Economics, Definition of a region, Different types of regions, Differences between region and a nation, Objectives and scope of regional economic analysis - Regional economic problems - Causes - Economics of Geography - Krugman - Endogenous growth (Lucas and Romer).; Indicators of regional development, Social, Economic and Political factors in regional growth.
U-2	Regional Economic Theories – I Theories of Regional Economic Development – Cumulative Causation (Perroux, Myrdal, Hirschman) - Export base theory, Central place theory (Christaller), Sector theory (Colin Kuznets), Stages theory (Rostow).
U-3	Regional Economic Theories – II Theories of Location – Weber's and Florence - Migration and Regional Development – Todaro Model - Three dimensions of Regional Development – Density, Distance and Economic Divisions.
U-4	Regional Development in India:
	Socio-Economic Regional imbalance in India; Regional planning; Rural urban inequality; Role of Planning commission and finance commission in regional development, Trends in Regional Disparities in Income & Consumption, Sectoral Income and Employment Pattern across regions, Spatial Concentration of Industries in Liberalized Regime, Trends in regional agro production and productivity, Regional Distribution of Infrastructure, Trends in regional disparities in Infrastructure. Key issues in regional development of Odisha with special reference to Western Odisha and the KBK.
	Recommended Books: 1. Nayak Pulin B., Panda Santosh C, Pattanaik Prasanta K, "The Economy of Odisha: A Profile", OUP India (2016), 2.SethySusanta Kumar "Odisha Economy: Its growing dimensions", IBP (2019), 3. PattnaikNihar Ranjan "Economic History of Odisha", (1997), Indus Publishing Company, New Delhi. 4. Ghadei Committee Report 5. Odisha Economic Survey: 2020. 6. WODC: A profile.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	1	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	1	2	2
CO2	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	3	1	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	1	2	2	3	3	2	1	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	3	1
	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	3	1	1	3	2

#### SEM-3-8/8 ECO-306-C: (Indian Financial System)

	PG Semester – III (Course Outcomes: COs)									
Title of the Co	Title of the Course & Course Code Indian Financial System— (ECO-306-C) Number of Credits - 4									
Pre-requisites	for the Course: Basic knowledge on Indian Financial System									
	tive: To acquaint the students with the theory and practice of different financial institutions,									
financial asset	s, markets, government policies and the role of financial sector over time.									
On completion	of the course, the students will be able to:									
CO1	List the broad features of Indian financial institutions with the regulating mechanism of NBFCs									
	and promotion of development banking.									
CO2	Describe the trend of savings & liabilities, Mobilization of resources through mutual funds and									
	development banking analysis.									
CO3	Examine the existence and development of non-banking financial institutions, know the important									
	role of Mutual funds, investment companies etc., utilize and effectively participate in the									
	development process.									
CO4	Experiment the conditions of financial markets and its impact									
	in the economy.									

Units	Course content
U-1	Introduction to Indian Financial System
	Significance and definition, purpose and organization, Liberalization of the financial system, Factors
	determining savings, Composition of savings, financial liabilities, saving rate trend in India, Financial
	Intermediation
U-2	Mutual Funds
	Objectives of Mutual funds, Resource Mobilization, Benefit of Mutual funds, Mutual funds in India,
	Types of Mutual Funds, Return from Mutual Funds, Mutual Fund holder's Account, SEBI directives for
	Mutual Funds, Private Mutual Funds, Asset Management Company, Unit Trust of India, Mutual Funds
	abroad, Evaluation of Performance of Mutual Funds, Money market Mutual Funds, Collective Investment
	schemes
U-3	Non - Banking Finance Companies
	Definition, Mutual Benefit Finance Companies, Financial sectors reform, Liberalization measures for
	NBFCS, Regulations for NBFCS accepting Public Deposits, Limits on acceptance of Deposits, Size of
	Non-Banking companies, deposits, distribution of deposits, Comparison of Net Owned Funds (NOF) and
	deposits, Capital issues by Finance Companies
U-4	Development Banking
	Nature of development banking, Financial appraisal, Liquidity Ratios, BEP, Technical Appraisal,
	Economical Appraisal and Social Cost - Benefit Analysis ,Promoter's Contribution, Appraising term
	Loans, Choice of Financial Institutions
	<b>Recommended Books</b> 1. L. M. Bhole and J. Mahukud, Financial Institutions and Markets, Tata McGraw
	Hill, 5th edition, 2011. 2. Prasanna Chandra, Financial Management, Theory and Practice, Tata McGraw
	Hill, 6th edition, 2006. 3. John C., Hull, Options, Futures and Other Derivatives, Pearson Education, 6th
	edition, 2005. 4. Dominick Salvatore, International Economics: Trade and Finance, John Wiley
	International Student Edition, 10th edition, 2011 5. Edminister, R.O, Financial Institutions, markets and
	Management, Mc Graw Hill, New York.1986. 6. R.I Robonson, and D. Wrightman, Financial Markets, Mc
	Graw Hill, London.1981.

	PO <sub>1</sub>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	1	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	1	2	2
CO2	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	3	1	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	1	2	2	3	3	2	1	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	3	1
	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	3	1	1	3	2

#### SEM-4-1/5 ECO-401: (Public Economics-II)

	PG Semester – IV (Course Outcomes: COs)										
Title of the C	Course & Course Code	Public Economics-II	Number of Credits - 4								
		(ECO-401)									
Pre-requisite	s for the Course: Basic kn	owledge of Indian Economy.									
Course Obje	ctive: To understand the	policies, institutions and components o	f Indian Public Finance.								
On completion	on of the course, the stude	nts will be able to:									
CO1	Understand important	theories of public expenditure and refo	rms in Indian expenditure budgeting.								
CO2	Recognise the fundame	ental concepts of public economics, pu	blic expenditure, public revenue, and								
	public debt with specia	l reference of Indian economy.									
CO3	Interpret various aspec	Interpret various aspects of fiscal federalism in Indian fiscal scenario.									
CO4	Review and assess the	recent developments of the different a	spects of fiscal federalism.								

Units	Course content
U-1	
	Public expenditure- Wagner's law of increasing state activities; Wiseman-Peacock hypothesis; Pure theory of public expenditure; Structure and growth of public expenditure; Criteria of public investment;
	Social costbenefit analysis- Project evaluation, Estimation of costs, discount rate; Reforms in expenditure budgeting: Programme budgeting and zero base Budgeting.
U-2	Taxation- Theory of incidence; Alternative concepts of incidence- Allocative and equity aspects of individual taxes; benefit and ability to pay approaches; Theory of optimal taxation; Excess burden of taxes; Tradeoff between equity and efficiency; Theory of measurement of dead weight losses; The problem of double taxation.
U-3	Public debt- Classical view of public debt; Compensatory aspect of debt policy; Burden of public debt; Sources of public debt; Debt through created money; Public borrowings and price level; Crowding out of private investment and activity; Principles of debt management and repayment. Fiscal federalism-Principles of multi-unit finance
U-4	Fiscal federalism in India; Vertical and horizontal imbalances; Assignment of function and sources of revenue; Constitutional provisions; Finance commission and Planning commission; Devolution of resources and grants; Theory of grants; Resource transfer from union to states- Criteria for transfer of resources; Centre- state financial relations in India; Problems state's resources and indebtedness; Transfer of resources from Union and States to local bodies.
	Recommended Books: 1. Atkinson, A.B. and J.E. Siglitz (1980) Lectures on Public Economics, Tata McGraw Hill, New York 2. Auerbach, A.J. and M. Feldstern (Eds) (1985) Handbook of Public Economics, Vol.I, North Holland, Amsterdam. 3. Jha, R (1998) Modern Public Economics, Routledge, London 4. Musgrave, R.A. (1959) The Theory of Public Finance, McGraw Hill, Kogakhusa, Tokyo 5. Shoup, C.S (1970) Public Finance, Aldine, Chicago 6. Peacock. A and G.K. shaw (1976) The Economic Theory of Fiscal Policy, George Allen and Unwin, London. 7. American Economic Association (1955) Readings in Fiscal Policy, George Allen and Unwin, London.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	3		1		2	1	2	2	1	2	2	3
CO2	2	2		1		1	2	2	1	2	3	2	2
CO3	2	2		1		2	2	2	2	2	1	3	2
CO4	1	1		1		1	3	3	2	2	3	2	1
	2	2		1		2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2

#### SEM-4-2/5 ECO-402: (International Economics – II)

	PG Semester – IV (Course Outcomes: COs)											
Title of the	Course & Course	International Economics-II	Number of Credits - 4									
Code		(ECO-402)										
Pre-requisites	for the Course: Basic	knowledge of micro and macro econ-	omics									
Course Object	ctive: To provide an	understanding of the broad princip	oles of foreign trade, exchange rate									
determination	and international mon	etary system.										
On completio	n of the course, the stu	dents will be able to:										
CO1	Deduce the effect of	international trade on income and en	nployment.									
CO2	Reflect on the open a	and restrictive policy of international	trade.									
CO3	Corroborate the evol	ution and existence of International r	nonetary system.									
CO4	Conjecture the possi	ble changes in the role of the intern	ational financial institutions such as									
	WTO, World Bank,	IMF in the forthcoming periods.										

Units	Course content
U-1	Foreign trade multiplier with and without foreign repercussions and determination of national income and
	output, Demand and supply of export and import, Foreign exchange market, determination of foreign
	exchange rates, purchasing power parity, spot exchange rates, forward exchange rates, arbitrage and speculation
U-2	Free trade vs protection, Tariff: meaning and types, partial and general equilibrium andits welfare effects,
	theory of optimum tariff, effective rate of tariff, customs union- meaning and different types of economic
	integrations, partial and general equilibrium and its welfare effects
U-3	International Monetary System (past, present and future) gold standard, Brettonwoods system- its
	evolution and operation. Problems of international liquidity and role of IMF, conditional clauses of IMF,
	SDRs and developing countries
U-4	International debt and developing countries; International Financial institutions - UNCTAD, World
	bank, Asian Development bank, WTO- their functions and objectives.
	<b>Recommended Books</b> :1. Salvatore, D (2014) International Economics: Trade and Finance, Wiley
	Students' Edition, 11th Edition. 2. Soderstein, Bo. And G. Reed, (1994) International Economics, The
	Palgrave Macmillan, London, 3rd (revised) edition. 3. Cherunilam, Francis (2017), Mc Graw Hill,
	Education 19 4. Carbough, R.J. (1999) International Economics, International Thomson Publishing, New
	York. 5. Chacoliades, M. (1990) International Trade: Theory and Policy, Mc Graw Hill, Kogakusha,
	Japan 6. Acharya, Rajat (2013) International Economics An Introduction to Theory and Policy,Oxford
	University Press, New Delhi.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3		2		2	1	3	2	1	2	2	3
CO2	3	2		2		1	2	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	2	3		2		2	2	3	3	3	1	3	2
CO4	3	1		2		1	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
	3	3		2		2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3

SEM-4-3/5 ECO-403: (Environment & Resource Economics- II)

SEN1-4-5/5		milent & Resource Economics- 11)									
	PC	Semester – IV (Course Outcomes: CC	Os)								
Title of the Co	ourse & Course Code	<b>Environment &amp; Resource</b>	Number of Credits - 4								
		Economics – II (ECO-403)									
Pre-requisites	Pre-requisites for the Course: Fundamental knowledge of principles of public finance and concepts of										
development.			_								
Course Object	ive: To provide studen	ts an exposure to different debates and									
approaches in	environmental econom	ics.									
On completion	of the course, the stud	ents will be able to:									
CO1	List the dynamic reso	ource utilisation problems in the contex	xt of optimal allocation of resources,								
	the tragedies, regulati	ons and Human Economy.	•								
CO2	Understand the diver	se frameworks of national and global	environmental problems, analytical								
	tools, institutional	and regulatory mechanisms for en	suring environmental quality and								
	sustainability.										
CO3	Argue that economic	objectives are not necessarily in conflic	t with environmental goals, and that								
	markets mechanisms	combined with community participation	a can be useful to improve								
	environmental quality	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1								
CO4	Design suitable envir	onment policy tools to address the issue	es of management of environment and								
		egional and national level.									
-	L.										

Units	Course content
U-1	The economic process and assimilative capacity of the environment, Failure of the market to allocate environmental resources optimally, common property resources and the economic problem, The tragedy of the commons, The macro economic effects of environmental regulation,
U-2	The economics of environmental regulation- pollution taxes, Transferrable emission permits, Measuring Environmental damage: Total economic value, Valuation methodologies- WTA, WTP, Hedonic price approach, Contingent valuation, Travel cost approach
U-3	Population and environmental quality, Poverty and its interaction with population and environment, Social and economic equity and environmental sustainability, urbanization and its impact on environment, Trade and environment, Pollution Haven and race to the bottom
U-4	India's environmental policy issues- Environmental regulations in India, People's participation in the management of common and forest lands- the institution of Joint Forest Management, and Joint Protected area Management, Social Forestry- rationale and benefits, Climate change and its economics.
	Recommended Books: 1. Kolstad, C. D (1999) Environmental economics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi 2. Sankar, U (Ed.) (2001) Environmental Economics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi 3. Hanley N (1997) Environmental Economics in Theory and Practice, Macmillan, London. 4. Tietenberg T. (1994) Environmental Economics & Policy, Harper Collins, New York. 5. Bromley D W, (ed.) (1995) Handbook of Environmental Economics, Blackwell, London 6. Bhattachary, R.N. (2001) Environmental Economics an Indian Perspective, Oxford University Press, New Delhi 7. Hussen, A.M. (1999) Principles of Environmental Economics, Routledge, London.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	1	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	2
CO2	2	1	1	3	2	1	2	3	1	2	2	1	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	1	1	3	3	2	1	1	1	2
CO4	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	2	1	1	1	1
	2	1	1	3	2	1	3	3	2	1	1	1	2

#### SEM-4-4/5 ECO-404: Advanced Econometrics – II

PG Semester – IV (Course Outcomes: COs)									
Title of the Co	ourse & Course Code	Advanced Econometrics –II	Number of Credits - 4						
		(ECO-404)							
Pre-requisites	Pre-requisites for the Course: Students must have basic knowledge of Statistical and Mathematical methods.								
Course Object	ive: To provide knowle	dge on Econometric applications of Eco	onomic theory.						
On completion	of the course, the stude	nts will be able to:							
CO1	Develop understanding of the models in respect of simultaneous equations, time series analysis,								
	multivariate analysis and dynamic econometric models.								
CO2	Examine the forecasting technique with a single equation regression model and ARIMA technique								
	with Box-Jenkins methodology.								
CO3	Organize the models in econometrics by adopting PCA, Discriminant analysis, factor analysis and								
	cluster analysis in multivariate problems.								
CO4	Judge the basic conce	ot of Auto regressive distributed lag me	odel (ARDL) developed which will be						
	helpful for future research work with time series data.								

Units	Course content
U-1	Simultaneous Equation models- Introduction and examples; The simultaneous equation bias and
	inconsistency of OLS estimators; The identification problem; Rules of identification- order and rank
	conditions; methods of estimating simultaneous equation system; Recursive methods and OLS; Indirect
	least squares (ILS), 2SLS, 3SLS and ML methods- Applications.
U-2	Time series Analysis- Deterministic time series models and stochastic time
	series model, forecasting techniques, Forecasting with a single equation regression model, forecasting with
	ARIMA modeling; Box-Jenkins methodology
U-3	Multivariate analysis- principal component analysis (PCA) & Discriminant Analysis, Factor Analysis,
	Cluster Analysis
U-4	Dynamic econometric model- Autoregressive and distributed lag models- Koyck model, partial adjustment
	model, adaptive expectations; Instrumental variables; Almon approach to distributed lag models,
	Compound Geometric Lag model.
	Recommended Books 1. Jhonston J. (1991), Econometric Methods, McGraw Hill Book Co. London 2.
	Asteriou Dimitrious, (2006), Applied Econometrics, Palgrave Macmillan, New York 3. Gujrati D.N.
	(1995), Basic Econometrics, (2nd edition) McGraw Hill, New Delhi 22 4. Kmenta, J. (1977), Elements of
	Econometrics, (reprint edition) University of Michigan Press, New York. 5. Koutsoyiannis A. (1977),
	Theory of Econometrics (2nd ed.) The Macmillan Press Ltd. London. 6. Madalla G.S. (1997),
	Econometrics, McGraw Hill, New York. 7. Intrilligator, M.D. (1978), Econometric Methods, Techniques
	and Applications, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey. 8. Pindyck, Robert S. and Daniel L.
	Rubinfeld, (1976), Econometric Models and Economic Forecasts, International Student edition, McGraw-
	Hill.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	1	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	3	1	2	2
CO2	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	3	1	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	1
	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	1	3	2

#### SEM-4-5/5 ECO- 405: Dissertation/Project

PG Semester – IV (Course Outcomes: COs)									
Title of the Co	urse & Course Code	Disse	rtation	Number of Credits - 4					
Pre-requisites	Pre-requisites for the Course: Students must have basic knowledge of Statistical and Mathematical methods.								
Course Object	Course Objective: To expose students to the social and real world contexts in which the subjects								
taught in th	taught in the classroom have applications.								
On completion	On completion of the course, the students will be able to:								
CO1	Identify an economic problem and build a hypothesis to examine								
CO2	Apply the text book knowledge in real world economic scenario								
CO3	Analyse and interpret the results derived from data.								
CO4	Write research papers.								

The Dissertation/project is intended to establish the connection between Economics as confined to the text books and class rooms and Economics at play in the ground. It is expected to give an empirical content to the subject. Economics is defined as the study of mankind in the ordinary business of life. It studies individual as well as group behavior.

Dissertation/Project work at the postgraduate level is an in-depth study on a topic chosen by the student. The objective of the project work for the students at postgraduate level is to expose students to the social and real world contexts in which the subjects taught in the classroom have applications. Therefore, the topic must be related to the field of study the student is enrolled. It is undertaken with the guidance of a faculty supervisor, and involves a prolonged period of investigation and writing. The supervisor is supposed to help the student and mentor him/her throughout, from selection of the topic to submission of the project report.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	3
CO2	2	2	2	3	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	3
	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3