COURSES OF STUDIES

FOR

M.A. IN EDUCATION

(CBCS Syllabus)

Session -2023-2024



SCHOOL OF EDUCATION GANGADHAR MEHER UNIVERSITY AMRUTA VIHAR, SAMBALPUR, ODISHA, 768004

Programme Outcomes (POs)

Programme Outcomes of M.A. programme of Gangadhar Meher University are as follows.

PO1. Knowledge and Comprehension about Theories and Practice in Education: Demonstrate (i) in-depth knowledge and understanding about fundamental concepts, theories, Models of other interrelated social and behavioral sciences (Philosophy, psychology, sociology, Management, history, economics etc.), and their implications in the field of Education for educational policy formulation; designing teaching-learning process; educational management, curriculum construction; teaching and learning, assessing student's learning. (ii) Knowledge and understanding of different schools of philosophy and their implications on different aspects of education; schools of psychology for understanding psychological attributes and designing teaching learning as per their attributes; sociological phenomena and their implications on child's socialization process, instructional designing; present innovations in field of teaching-learning process, policy, examination system.

PO2. Critical Thinking Abilities: Demonstrate critical thinking abilities to analyze effectiveness of existing policies and pedagogical practices to address educational issues like Access, equity, excellence, retention, dropout, stagnation, under achievement, maladjustment etc. Critically evaluate current issues, trends in the practices of classroom instruction, curriculum development process and apply that knowledge appropriately in the development of curricula and instructional strategies.

PO3. Applications: Design appropriate and effective curricula and instructional strategies with reference to current theories of learning and pedagogy, including meeting the needs of diverse learners.

PO4. Use of Modern Tools and Technique: Select and effectively utilize modern technologies for designing and delivery of instruction for enhancing student learning and address the problem of access to education.

PO5. Conducting Research in Academic field: Conduct good quality research by scientifically identification of problem based upon research gap and socially relevance, formulating research questions or hypothesis, collecting appropriate data by the use of standardized or self-developed tools, analyzing data qualitatively or quantitatively and draw reasonable conclusions and offer offer sound recommendations based on those conclusions.

PO6. Establishing link between School and Society: Developing the sense that both these agencies are mutually interdependent, socially problems have a root in ineffective educational system and vice versa and education is a powerful medium of positive social change.

PO7. Competency to Pursue Higher Education: Integration of theoretical knowledge with practical experience to conduct research in various aspects of education will create opportunities for pursuing higher education, like Ph.D.

Programme Specific Outcomes (POs)

Programme Outcomes of M.A. (Education) programme of Gangadhar Meher University are as follows.

PO1. *Disciplinary Knowledge in Education:* Demonstrate (i)in-depth knowledge and understanding about fundamental concepts, theories, Models of other inter- related social and behavioral sciences (Philosophy, psychology, sociology, Management, history, economics etc.), and their implications in the field of Education for educational policy formulation; designing teaching-learning process; educational management, curriculum construction; teaching and learning, assessing student's learning. (ii) Knowledge and understanding of different schools of philosophy and their implications on different aspects of education; schools of psychology for understanding psychological attributes and designing teaching learning as per their attributes; sociological phenomena and their implications on child's socialization process, instructional designing present innovations in field of teaching-learning process, policy, examination system.

PO2. Critical Thinking Abilities in Education: Demonstrate critical thinking abilities to analyze effectiveness of existing policies and pedagogical practices to address educational issues like Access, equity, excellence, retention, dropout, stagnation, under achievement, maladjustment etc. Critically evaluate current issues, trends in the practices of classroom instruction, curriculum development process and apply that knowledge appropriately in the development of curricula and instructional strategies.

PO3. Applications of theories in Education: Design appropriate and effective curricula and instructional strategies with reference to current theories of learning and pedagogy, including meeting the needs of diverse learners.

PO4. Use of Modern Tools and Technique in Educational research: Select and effectively utilize modern technologies for designing and delivery of instruction for enhancing student learning and address the problem of accessto education.

PO5. Conducting Research in Academic field: Conduct good quality research in education by scientific identification of problem based upon research gap in educational fields and socially relevance, formulating research questions or hypothesis, collecting appropriate data by the use of standardized or self-developed tools, analyzing data qualitatively or quantitatively and draw reasonable conclusions and recommend for appropriate educational policies for providing quality education.

PO6 **Establishing link between School and Society:** Developing the sense that both these agencies are mutually interdependent, socially problems have a root in ineffective educational system and vice versa and education is a powerful medium of positive social change.

PO7. **Competency to Pursue Higher Education**: Integrate theoretical knowledge of education with practical experience in real life context to conduct research in various aspects of education to create opportunities for pursuing higher education, like Ph.D. and post-doctoral degrees.

Programme Structure at a Glance

M.A. in EDUCATION Programme comprising two years, will be divided into 4 (four) semesters, each of six months duration, total 88 credits and 2200 marks.

Year	Semester	Credit	Marks	
1 st	Ι	20	500	
	II	24	600	
2 nd	III	24	600	
	IV	20	500	
Total		88	2200	

Detailed Course Structure and Distributions of Marks

1st Year: Semester-I

Courses		Distribution	ns of Marks	Total	Credit
Course	Title	Mid	End	Marks	
No		Term	Term		
101	Philosophical Foundation of	20	80	100	4
	Education				
102	Sociological Foundation of	20	80	100	4
	Education				
103	Psychological Foundation of	20	80	100	4
	Education				
104	Recent Trends and Issues in	20	80	100	4
	Education				
105	Practicum c-101	_	100	100	4
	c-102	-			
	c-103 c-104	-			
	Total			500	20
	Total			500	20

1st Year: Semester-II

	Courses	Distributio Marks	ons of	Total Marks	Credit
Course	Title	Mid	End		
No		Term	Term		
201	Educational Measurement and Evaluation	20	80	100	4
202	Educational Management	20	80	100	4
203	Curriculum Development	20	80	100	4
204	Pedagogical Trend and Issues	20	80	100	4
205	Practicum c-201 c-202 c-203 c-204	-	100	100	4
DSE 1	Papers*		1		1

206(A)	Open and Distance Learning	20	80	100	4
206(B)	Environmental Education and	20	80	100	4
	Sustainable Development				
206(C)	Early Childhood Care and	20	80	100	4
	Education				
206(D)	Comparative Education	20	80	100	4
	Total			600	24

*Discipline Specific Elective Paper. Any one paper can be opted by students of this Department. Minimum student's strength to run the course in each elective paper should be 8.

2nd Year: Semester-III

Courses		Distributi	on of Marks	Total	Credit
Course	Title of Course	Mid	End	Marks	
No		Term	Term		
301	Research Methodology in	20	80	100	4
	Education				
302	Advanced Educational Statistics	20	80	100	4
303	Advanced Educational	20	80	100	4
	Technology				
304	Development of Education in	20	80	100	4
	India				
305	Practicum c-301(a)	-	100	100	4
	c-301(b)				
	c-302				
IDSE 1	Papers*		•	-	
306(A)	Philosophical Foundation of	20	80	100	4
	Education				
306(B)	Sociological Foundation of	20	80	100	4
	Education				
306(C)	Psychological Foundation of	20	80	100	4
	Education				
306(D)	Economics of Education	20	80	100	4
	Total			600	24

*Inter Discipline Specific Elective Paper. Any one paper can be opted by students from other Departments.

2nd Year: Semester-IV

Courses		Distributio Marks	ons of	Total Marks	Credit
Course	Title	Mid	End		
No		Term	Term		
401	Higher Education in India	20	80	100	4
402	Teacher Education	20	80	100	4
403	Guidance and Counseling in	20	80	100	4
	Education				
404	Inclusive Education	20	80	100	4
405	Dissertation (Practical)		100	100	4
	Total			500	20
22	Grand Total			2200	88
Papers					

N.B.: -

There will be two elective groups namely:

- > Discipline Specific Elective in Sem-II
- > Inter Disciplinary Elective in Sem-III.

A student has to select one of the DSE course in Sem-II and one of the courses in Sem-III as offered by the respective Department at the beginning of the semester II and semester-III respectively.

- 1. Each course will be of 100 marks out of which 80 marks shall be allocated for Term End examination and 20 marks for internal assessment (Mid Term Examination).
- 2. There will be four lecture hours of teaching per week for each Course and total numbers of classes are given in the detailed syllabus section.
- 3. Duration of examination for each course hall is three hours.

4. Pass Percentage:

The minimum marks required to pass any course shall be 40 percentages in each course and 40 percentages in aggregate of a semester.
 No students will be allowed to avail more than three (3) chances to pass in any course inclusive of first attempt.

FIRST SEMESTER

EDN-101

Philosophical Foundations of Education

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the students shall be able to

- **CO1** Define and describe about different Western and Indian philosophical thoughts in the light of Metaphysic, Epistemology, Axiology and their educational implications.
- **CO2** Compare (similarities and differences) between different philosophical thought in the light of above dimensions.
- CO3 Critically analyze the present educational practices in the philosophical context.
- CO4 Describe the contributions of Western and Indian thinkers in education.
- **CO5** Elaborate philosophical outlook to relate and analyze the context and problems of education.

Unit –I Western Schools of Philosophy

• Idealism, Realism, Naturalism, Pragmatism, Existentialism, Marxism, Logical Positivism with special reference to Metaphysic, Epistemology, Axiology and their educational implications for aims, curriculum, method of teaching, role of teacher and students and discipline.

Unit- II Indian Schools of Philosophy

• Jainism, Buddhism, Samkhya, Vedanta with special reference to Metaphysic, Epistemology, Axiology and their educational implication of aims, curriculum, method of teaching, role of teacher and students and discipline.

Unit-III Contribution of Western Thinkers to Educational Theories and Practice

No. of classes 08

• J.J. Rousseau, John Dewey, Ivan Illich, Paul Freire.

Unit- IV Contribution of Indian Thinkers to Educational Theories and Practice

No of classes 08

• Shri Aurobindo, Vivekananda, R.N. Tagore. M.K. Gandhi.

No. of classes 12

Mode of transaction

Lecture-cum-Discussion, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop.

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	3	1	1	2	1
CO2	1	1	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	3	3	1	1
CO3	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	3	1	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO5	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	1

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

Suggested Readings

Agrwal, J.C.(2010).*Teacher and education in a developing society*. Delhi: Vikash Publishing House.

Ayer, A.J.(1959). Logical positivism. New York: The Free Press. Ayer,

A.J.(1936). Language, truth and logic. U.S.A.: Penguin Books.

Arulsarmy, S. (2011).*Philosophical and sociological perspectives on education*.New Delhi: Neelkamal Publication Pvt. Ltd.

Bhatia,K.K.(2011). *Philosophical and sociological foundation of education*. New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers.

Brubacher, J.S. (1939). *Modern philosophies of education*. New York, USA: McGraw.

Butler, J.D. (1959). Four philosophies and their practices in education and religion. New York: Harper.

Chaube, S.P. & Chaube, A. (2009). *Foundation of education*. New Dehli: Vikash Publishing House Pvt.Ltd.

Kneller F.(1971). Introduction to philosophy of education. New York, USA: Macmillan.

Masih, Y. (2017). *A critical history of western philosophy*. New Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass.

Ross, J. S. (1960). Ground work of educational theory. London. U.K: George G.

Harrap & Co.

Rusk, R. R. (1992). *Philosophical bases of education*. London, U.K: Oxford University of London Press Ltd.

Sharma.C.D.(2016). *A critical survey of Indian philosophy*. New Delhi:Motilal Banarsidass

Wingo, G.M. (1974). *Philosophies of education*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers ******

EDN- 102

SOCIOLOGICAL FOUNDATION OF EDUCATION

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to

- **CO1** Identify different issues about inequality in Indian society.
- **CO2** Relate different social situation and practices of education.
- **CO3** Explain concept of social stratification, social change and social mobility.
- **CO4** Critically analyze the social phenomenon in the context of Indian society.

Unit-I Introduction to Educational Sociology

- Concept of Sociology of education, Approaches of sociology of education: Symbolic interaction, Structural Functionalism and Conflict theory.
- Relationship between sociology and Education
- Concept and types of social institutions and their functions: family, school and Society.

Unit-II Education and Social Change

- Education and social change: meaning, nature and types of social change, role of education in social change
- Social mobility: meaning and types, Role of education in Social mobility Theoriesof social change and their educational implication – Evolutionary theory, Functional theory, Cyclical theory and Conflict theory.

Unit- III Process of social change

- Concept of social movements and theories: Relative Deprivation, Resource mobilization and Political Process theory, New social movement theory
- Education in current Social Context: Westernization, Urbanization and Sanskritization

Unit –IV Social stratification and issues in Indian society No. of classes 09

• Illiteracy, Casteism, Gender discrimination, Unemployment, Drug addiction,

No. of classes 11

No. of classes 09

Wastage and Stagnation

• Concept of equality and equity, social values as enshrined in the constitution-Socialism, secularism, justice, liberty, freedom, democracy and equality.

Mode of transaction

Lecture-cum-discussion, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop.

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	3	1
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	1
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS:

Abraham, M.F. (2008). Contemporary sociology. New Delhi: Oxford UniversityPress.

Agrwal, J.C. (2010). *Teacher and education in a developing society*. Delhi: Vikash Publishing House.

Arulsarmy, S. (2011). *Philosophical and sociological perspectives on education*.New Dehli: Neelkamal Publication Pvt.Ltd.

Bhatia,K.K.(2011). *Philosophical and sociological foundation of education*. New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers.

Brown, F.J. (1954). Educational sociology. New York: Prentice Hall.

Chaube, S.P. & Chaube, A. (2009). *Foundation of education*. New Dehli: Vikash Publishing House Pvt.Ltd.

Clark, P. (2001). *Teaching and learning: The culture of pedagogy*. New Delhi:Sage Publication.

Dewey, J. (1916). Democracy and education. New York: MacMillan.

Dewey, J. (1973). The school and society. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.

Mathur, S.S. (1966). *A sociological approach to Indian education*. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.

Pathak, R.P. (2012). *Philosophical and sociological principls of education*. Delhi:Pearson.

Ottaway, A.K.C. (1966). *Education and society*. London: Routledge and KeganPaul. Safaya, R.N. & Shaida, B. D. (2010). *Modern theory and orinciples of education*.New Delhi: Dhanpati Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd.

Srinivas, M.N. (1986). Social change in modern India. Bombay: Allied Publishers.

Rusk, Robert R. (1996). *Philosophical bases of education*. London, U.K: Oxford University of London Press Ltd.

EDN-103

PSYCHOLOGICAL FOUNDATION OF EDUCATION

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to

- **CO1** Describe different theories and approaches of Psychology: learning, motivation, intelligence, creativity and personality.
- **CO2** Compare among different psychological perspectives on student behavior, learning process and adjustment.
- **CO3** Critically analyze different approaches of learning.
- CO4 Administer and interpret different psychological test to measure psychological traits.

Unit-I Education and School of Psychology

• Schools of psychology and their contribution towards education- Behaviorism, Psychoanalysis, Gestalt and Constructivism,

Unit-II Learning and Motivation

No. of classes 12

- Learning theories and process- Conditioning theory (Classical conditioning, Operant conditioning), Modelling theory (Bandura's Social theory) and Humanism theory (Carl Rogers theory of learning).
- Tolman's theory of learning, Kurt Lewin' field theory, Bloom's mastery learning, Ausubel's meaningful learning and Gagne's hierarchical learning.
- Theories of motivation and their educational implication: McClelland's need for achievement, Vroom's expectancy theory, Maslow's Hierarchical theory of needs.

Unit- III Intelligence and Creativity

- Concept and theories of intelligence
- Intelligence theories and their educational implications- Structure theories (Uni factor, Two factor, Multi factor, Structure of intelligence, Triarchic theory of intelligence (Sternberg), Cattel's theory of intelligence, Multiple theory of intelligence (Gardner), Measurement and types of intelligence test.
- Creativity concept and theories of creativity, Stages of creative thinking, Fostering creativity talents among students through education, Measurement and types of creativity test.

Unit- IV Personality and Adjustment Mechanism No. of classes 08

- Personality- concept and types, Type and Trait theories of personality, Type-cumtrait theories, Measurement of personality,
- Mental health and hygiene, Process of adjustment, conflicts and defense mechanism.

Mode of transaction

Lecture-cum-discussion, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop,Small group discussion.

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
CO4	2	3	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	3	1	2	3	2

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS:

Anastasi, A. (2016). Psychological testing. New Delhi: Pearson.

Block, J.H.(1971). *Mastery learning: Theory and practice*. New York: Holt Rinahart and Winston.

Bloom, B.S.(1976). *Human characteristics and school learning*. New York: McGraw Hill.

Bruner, J.S. (1973). *Beyond the information given: Studies in psychology of knowing*. New York: W W Norton and Company Incorporation.

Chauhan, S.S.(2007). *Advanced educational psychology*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.

Dash, M. & Dash, N.(2016). *Fundamentals of educational psychology*. New Delhi: Atlentic.

Freeman, F.S.(1962). *Theory and practice of psychological testing*. New Delhi: Oxford & IBH.

Gagne, R.M.(1985). *The conditions of learning and theory of instruction*.USA: Harcourt Brace College.

Klausmeier, H.J.(1984).*Educational psychology*. New York: Harpercollins College Div.

Pass, S.(2004). *Parrel paths to constructivism: Jean Piaget and Lev Vygotsky*.Nprth Corolina: Information Age Pub.

Piaget, J.(1969). The psychology of child. New York: Basic Books.

Piaget, J.(1999).*The psychology of intelligence*. New York: Taylor and Francis. Santrock, J.W.(2011).*Educational psychology*. Chennai: McGraw Hill.

Sternberg, R.J. and Sternberg, K.(2011). *Cognitive psychology*. California: Wadsworth Publishing Co Inc.

Vygotsky, L.S.(1978). Mind in society. Cambridge: Harvard University Press.

Vygotsky, L.S.(1986). *Thought and language*. Columbia: MIT Press.

Wolkfolk, A.(2014). Educacational psychology. New Delhi: Pearson.

EDN-104

RECENT TRENDS AND ISSUES IN EDUCATION

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to

- **CO1** Identify recent trends and issues in education from global and Indian context.
- **CO2** Explain the constitutional and educational policies for primary, secondary, Higher education and inclusive education.
- **CO3** Critically analyze the importance and the functions of different regulatory and statutory bodies of education.
- CO4 Explain the role of different agencies for quality assessment and assurance in higher education.

Unit -1 Regulations and Acts in Education

- Constitutional Provision in education; National policies on education during post independence period;
- Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education (RCFCE-2009);
- The Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act (RPWD Act-2016). •

Unit- II Global Trends in Education

- Globalization, Liberalization and Privatization- Concept, importance and their impact on education
- Education for international harmony and peace;
- Women empowerment and education; Education for socially marginalized sections.

Unit- III Role of Autonomous bodies and recent Schemes /programme in Education

- Role and function of UGC, NCERT, NCTE, MHRD
- Autonomy: full autonomy and graded autonomy; •
- Choice Based Credit System (CBCS); Grading system, Open book examination system
- Rashtriya Uchchatar Shiksha Abhiyan (RUSA); Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan
- Study Webs of Active- learning for Young Aspiring Minds (SWAYAM), Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs).

Unit-IV Quality Assessment and Assurance

• Quality assessment and assurance in higher education- concept, need and importance, problems and issues;

No. of classes 08

No. of classes 12

No. of classes 08

- National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC) and its role;
- National Institutional Ranking Framework (NIRF) and its role;
- Shanghai Reports.

Mode of transaction

Lecture-cum-discussion, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop.

100	001													
CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	2	2	3	1	2	2	2	1	1	3	1	2	1	4
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	2	3	2	2

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS

MHRD.(1986). National policy on education. New Delhi: Govt. of India.

MHRD.(2013). Rashtriya uchchatar shiksha abhiyan. New Delhi: Govt. of India.

Ministry of Law and Justice.(2009). *The right of children to free and compulsory education act-2009*. New Delhi: Govt. of India.

MSJE. (2016). Person with disabilities act. New Delhi: Govt. of India.

Sarangi, H. & Barik, P.(2018). *College autonomy and quality in higher education*. New Delhi: Pacific Books International.

EDUCATION- 105

Practicum

- Practicum- I Students will present a Seminar paper on any topic from Educational Philosophy.
 No. of classes 04
- **Practicum- II** Students will submit a report by collecting data on any one social issues from their locality (Illiteracy, Gender discrimination, Child labor or any other issue).

- Practicum- III Administer and interpret any psychological tests: Personality test, Intelligence test and Creativity test.
 No. of classes 04
- Practicum- IV Submission of one term paper from any topic (Recent trends in education, existing statutory policies for education, quality management process in education).
 No. of classes 04

SECOND SEMESTER

EDN-201

EDUCATIONAL MEASUREMENT AND EVALUATION

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to

- **CO1** Describe and differentiate about the various concept like Test, Measurement Assessment and Evaluation.
- **CO2** Explain the conceptual framework of educational Measurement, Assessment and Evaluation.
- **CO3** Calculate the Psychometric properties of the test.
- **CO4** Explain the quality of good test.
- **CO5** Construct and standardized of an Achievement test and prepare different types of test items.
- CO6 Critically evaluate the various Models of Evaluation.

Unit-1 T es t, Measurement, Assessment and E valuation No. of classes-09

- Meaning, nature, process and importance of Test, Measurement, Assessment and Evaluation.
- Types of evaluation Placement, Formative, Diagnostic, Summative; Criterion- Referenced and Norm- referenced evaluation; power vs speed test.
- Approaches of Assessment Assessment of learning, Assessment for learning, Assessment as learning.
- Scales of Measurement- Nominal, Ordinal, Interval and Ratio.

Unit-II Construction and Standardization of Achievement Test No. of classes- 13

- Process of test construction Planning, Preparation, Tryout and Evaluation.
- Types of A c h i e v e m e n t Test Teacher-Made, Standardized test
- Types of test items objective types (Recognition and Supply), Subjective types (Extended and Restricted), Reflective types, Interpretive types
- Item Analysis: Items discrimination, Items difficulties, Plausibility of distractor.
- Attitude scale: Concept and types Thurstone, Likert Scale, Semantic differential.

Unit-III Characteristics of good Test

- Reliability Concept, types, method of computation and factors affecting Reliability.
- Validity Concept, types, Approaches of Validity and factors affecting Validity
- Objectivity: Concept
- Usability: Concept
- Interpretation of test scores. Standard Scores- Z-Score, T-Score, Stanine, Percentile, Percentile Rank and Grading (A b s o l u t e grading and Relative grading)

Unit-IV Models of Educational Evaluation and Assessment

No. of classes- 12

- Goal attainment model
- Judgmental model
- Decision facilitation model
- Naturalistic model
- Continuous Comprehensive Evaluation.
- Portfolio, Rubric, Hot Potato, Self -Evaluation, Peer-Group Evaluation

MODES OF TRANSACTION: Lecture cum Discussion method, Observational Design, New approaches of Teaching providing Self-learning instructional Materials, Blended leaning, Seminar, Workshop.

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO2	2	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	3	1	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	3	2	1	1	1
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	1	1	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	1	1
CO6	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	3	2	1	2	3

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

2. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READING SOURCES:

Anastasi, A.(1976). Psychological testing. New York: Macmillan Publishing Co.

Anderson, L.W. (2003). *Classroom assessment: Enhancing the quality of teacher decision making*. Mahwah, New Jersey: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates.

Burke, K. (2005). How to assess authentic learning. Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin.

Cooper, D. (2007). *Talk about assessment: Strategies and tools to improve learning*. Toronto, Ontario: Thomson Nelson.

Ebel, R.L. & Frisbie, D.A. (1991). *Essential of educational measurement*. New Delhi: PrenticeHall of India Ltd.

Freeman, F.S. (1962). *Theory and practice of psychological testing*. Oxford IBH Publishing: *New Delhi*.

Garrett, H.E.(1973). *Statistics in psychology and education*. Bombay: Vakils, Feffers & Simon.

Gronlund, N.E.& Linn, R.L. (2009). *Measurement and assessment in teaching*. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson Education, Inc.

- Newman, F.M. (1996). Authentic achievement: Restructuring schools for intellectual quality. San Francisco, CA: Jossey-Bass.
- Nitko, A.J. (2001). *Educational assessment of students*. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall.
- Popham, W.J. (1993). Modern educational measurement. Englewood Cliffs, N.J.:Prentice Hall.
- Popham, W.J. (2010). *Classroom assessment: What teachers need to know*.New York: Prentice Hall.
- Stanley, J.C. and Hopkins, K.D. (1990). *Educatoinal and psychological measurement and evaluation*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall of India Ltd.

EDN-202

EDUCATIONAL MANAGEMENT

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to

- CO1. Describe and differentiate among concept of Administration, Management, Leadership.
- **CO2**. Explain the concept, theories and styles of leadership in Educational Management.
- CO3. Illustrate the concept of leadership and different leadership styles in Education

CO4 Compare between the Educational Management and Educational Administration

CO5. Describe the concept, principles of Total Quality Management approach in education.

CO6. Critically Evaluate the conceptual framework of Educational Management, Administration and Leadership.

CO7. Analyze different models of Leadership and their application in the field of Education.

CO8. Explain the role of various Quality Assurances agencies in Education.

Unit-I Educational Management and A d m i n i s t r a t i o n No. of classes- 12

- Educational Management and Administration Meaning, Principles, Functions and importance, Institutional building, POSDCORB, CPM, PERT
- Management as a system, SWOT analysis, Taylorism, Administration as a process, Administration as a bureaucracy.
- Human relations approach to Administration, Organizational compliance, Organizational development, Organizational climate, Organizational Effectiveness.

Unit-II Leadership in Educational Administration

- Leadership in Educational Administration: Meaning and Nature,
- Approaches to leadership: Trait, Transformational, Transactional, Value based, Cultural, Psychodynamic and Charismatic,
- Models of Leadership (Blake and Mouton's Managerial Grid, Fiedler's Contingency Model, Tri-dimensional Model, Hersey and Blanchard's Model, Leader-Member Exchange Theory)

Unit-III Quality in Educational Management

- Concept of Quality and Quality in Education: Indian and International perspective
- Evolution of Quality: Inspection, Quality Control, Quality Assurance
- Total Quality Management (TQM), Six sigma,
- Quality Gurus: Walter Shewart, Edward Deming, C.K Pralhad
- Role of SMC and SMDC in institutional Management

Unit-IV Modern Techniques and Change Management

- Change Management: Meaning, Need for Planned change, Three Step-Model of Change (Unfreezing, Moving, Refreezing)
- The Japanese Models of Change: Just-in-Time, Poka yoke
- Cost of Quality: Appraisal Costs, Failure costs and Preventable costs, Cost Benefit Analysis, Cost Effective Analysis
- Indian and International Quality Assurance Agencies: Objectives, Functions, Roles and Initiatives (National Assessment Accreditation Council [NAAC],
- Performance Indicators, Quality Council of India [QCI]
- International Network for Quality Assurance Agencies in Higher Education [INQAAHE)
- Planning Programme and Budgeting System (PPBS)
- Appraisal of the Educational Organization -UGC, NCTE, AICTE.

MODES OF TRANSACTION: Lecture cum Discussion method, Observational Design, New approaches of Teaching providing Self-learning instructional Materials, Blended leaning, Seminar, Workshop,

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	1	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	3
CO2	2	3	2	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	2	3	1	3
CO3	1	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	2	1	1
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO6	2	1	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO7	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3
CO8	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2

No. of classes- 08

SUGGESTED READINGS

Bhatnagar, R. P. & Aggrawal, V. (2015). Book Depot,	Educational administration. Meerut:Layal
	agement. London: Harper and Row. Chalam,
K.S. (2003). Introduction to educational plan	ning and management.
New	Delhi, Anmol
Publications Pvt. Ltd.	
Chandrasekharan P. (1997). <i>Educational planning</i> Publishers Pvt. Ltd.	g and management. New Delhi: Sterling
Deshmukh, A.V. & Naik, A.P.(2010). Scho	ol administration and management.
Mumbai.	
Glasser, W.(1990). The quality school. New Yo	ork, NY: Harper Collins Publishers, Inc.
Government of India (1986/92). National pol	icy on education. New Delhi:MHRD Gupta,
S.K. & Gupta, S.91991). Educational admin	nistration and management.
Indore: Manorama Prakashan.	
Hallak, J.(1990). Investing in the future: Setting	g educational priorities in thedeveloping
world. Paris: UNESCO.	
Kalra, Alka (1977). Efficient school managem	ent and role of principals. NewDelhi: APH
Publishing Corporation.	
Kochar, S.K. (2011). School administration and	d management. New Delhi:Sterling
Mukharjee, S.N.(1970). Administration	of education, planning and finance.
Baroda: Acharya Book Depot.	
Mukherjee, P.N.(2006). Total quality manage	ment. New Delhi: PHI Learning
Pvt. Ltd.	
Mukhopadhyay, M. (2001). Total quality man	agement in education. New Delhi: NIEPA.
Shaeffer, S. (1991). Collaborating for educate community in school improvement. Paris	tional change: The role of parents and the : UNESCO.
Tyagi R.S. & Mahapatra P.C. (2000). Educat	
National Institute of Educational Plannin	g and Administration (NIEPA)

Vashist, Savita(ed.) (1998). *Encyclopaedia of school education and management*. New Delhi: Kamal Publishing House.

EDN-203

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to

- **CO1** Illustrate the concept of Curriculum Development and various stages of Curriculum Development
- **CO2** Compare among different types and models of curriculum development and their importance.
- **CO3** Explain the process of curriculum development and curriculum implementations.
- **CO4** Critically evaluate different Models of curriculum Evaluation
- **CO5** Critically analyze the Models of curriculum development and their practical relevance in Indian context.
- **CO6** Explain various factors affecting Curriculum

Unit-I Introduction to Curriculum

- Concept and Principles of Curriculum, Component of curriculum Design
- Strategies of Curriculum Development, Stages in the Process of Curriculum development,
- Foundations of Curriculum Planning Philosophical Bases (National, Democratic), Sociological basis (Socio cultural reconstruction), Psychological Bases (learner's needs and interests),
- Bench marking and Role of National level Statutory Bodies UGC, NCTE and University in **Curriculum Development**

Unit-II Models of Curriculum Design:

• Traditional and Contemporary Models (Academic / Discipline Based Model, Competency Based Model, Social Functions / Activities Model [Social Reconstruction],

- Individual Needs & Interests Model, Outcome Based Integrative Model, Intervention Model, CIPP Model (Context, Input, Process, Product Model)
- Content Analysis
- System analysis

Unit-III Curriculum Instructional Techniques and Evaluation

- Instructional System, Instructional Media,
- Instructional Techniques and Material in enhancing curriculum Transaction, •
- Approaches to Evaluation of Curriculum: Approaches to Curriculum and Instruction (Academic and Competency Based Approaches),
- Models of Curriculum Evaluation: Tyler's Model, Scriven's Model, Kirkpatrick's Model •
- Scientific models (Metfesssl-Michael evaluation and Provu's Discrepantly) ٠
- Humanistic models (Stakes responsive evaluation models, and paclett and Hamilton's ٠ model)

No. of classes- 12

No. of classes-12

No. of classes- 08

Unit-IV Curriculum change

- Meaning and types of Curriculum change
- Factors affecting curriculum change,
- Approaches to curriculum change, Role of students,

Role teachers and educational administrators in curriculum change and improvement,

• Scope of curriculum research and Types of Research in Curriculum Studies

MODES OF TRANSACTION: Lecture cum Discussion method, Observational Design ,New approaches of Teaching providing Self-learning instructional Materials , Blended leaning, Seminar, Workshop,

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	4
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	1
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2
CO6	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	2

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS

Beane, J.A., Conrad, E.P. Jr. & Samuel, J.A. (1986). *Curriculum planning and development*.

Boston: Allyn & Bacon.

Brady, L. (1995). *Curriculum development*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall. Doll, R.C. (1996). *Curriculum development: Decesion-making and process*.

Boston: Allyn & Bacon.

Krug, E.A.(1956). Curriculum planning. New York: Harper and Row Publishers.Ornstein,

A.C. & Hunkins, E (1998). Curriculum. Foundations, Principles and

Issues. Boston: Allyn & Bacon, Boston.

Oliva, P.F. (2001). *Developing the curriculum* (Fifth Ed.). New York, NY: Longman.

Pratt, D.(1980). *Curriculum design and development*. New York: MacmillanPublishing Co. Inc.

Saylor, J.G., Alexander, W.M. & Lewis, A.J.(1981). *Curriculum planning for better teaching and learning*. New York: Holt Rienehart & Winston.

Taba, H. (1962). *Curriculum development-theory and practice*. New York:Harcourt Brace, Jovanoich.

Tanner, D. and Tanner, L.(1975). *Curriculum development- theory and practice*. New York: Macmillan Publishing Co. Inc.

EDN-204

PEDAGOGICAL TRENDS AND ISSUES

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to

- **CO1** Describe the process and importance of communication in teaching learning process.
- CO2 Explain the use of traditional pedagogy in present teaching learning environment.
- **CO3** Categories pedagogical trends from behavioristic to Constructivist prospective.
- CO4 Differentiate the modern pedagogical trends strategies from Traditional pedagogical designs.
- **CO5** Evaluate various pedagogical issues in present scenario
- **CO6** Critically analyze the pedagogical issues and challenges from classroom, institutional point of view.
- CO7 Critically analyze the various Issues and challenges of Teacher Education Institution

Unit-I Teaching, Learning and Communications

- Concept, characteristics and principles of teaching & learning.
- Modalities of teaching- Teaching and instruction; Conditioning and Training.
- Stages of Teaching- Pre-active, Interactive and Post active.
- Levels of Teaching Memory, Understanding and Reflective.
- Communication process- Concept, principles, modes and barriers.

Unit-II Traditional Pedagogy

• Deductive, Inductive, Analytic, Synthetic, Lecture, Team teaching, Discussion, Panel discussion, Seminar, tutorials and problem solving.

Unit-III Modern Pedagogical Trends

- Behavioristic pedagogy- Herbartian teaching strategy and Bloom's Mastery learning
- Constructivist pedagogy-5'E Model and ICON Instruction design model.

Unit-IV Pedagogical Issues and Challenges

- Issues and challenges at grassroot levels-classroom and school levels.
- Issues and challenges at Teacher Education Institution-DIETs, ISC-CT, B. Ed and M.ED.
- Issues and challenges at macro levels- NCERT, NCTE, UGC and SCERT.

No. of classes-08

No. of classes- 08

No. of classes-10

MODES OF TRANSACTION: Lecture cum Discussion method, Observational Design, New approaches of Teaching, Blended leaning, Seminar, Workshop, Policies document analysis, Action research.

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	3	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	3
CO2	2	3	2	1	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	1	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO5	2	1	2	2	2	2	5	2	2	2	1	3	3	2
CO6	1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	2
CO7	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3	3	2	3

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS:

Bigge, M.L. & Shermis, S.S. (1992). *Learning theories for teachers*. New York:Harper Collins.

Bruner, J.S.(1966). *Toward a theory of instruction*. Cambridge: Belknap Press of Harvard University.

Bruner, J.S.(1973). *Beyond the information given: Studies in the psychology ofknowing*. NewYork: W W Norton and Company Incorporated.

Clarke, P. (2001). Teaching and learning: The culture of pedagogy. New Delhi: SagePublication

Malone, J. and Taylor, P. (eds) (1993). *Constructivist interpretations of teaching and learning general science*. Perth: Curtin University of Technology

NCERT (2005). National curriculum framework 2005. New Delhi: NCERTPiaget, J. (1969). The

psychology of child. New York: Basic Books

Vygotsky, L.S.(1978). Mind in society. Cambridge: Harvard University Press.

EDN-205 (Marks 100) PRACTICUM

Practicum -I(CC- 201)No. of classes- 08Construction of an Achievement Test on School Subject and calculatingReliability and Validity.

Practicum -II (CC-202)

Visit a School and make a report on Institutional Management and Administration.

Practicum -III (CC-203)

Prepare a report on Administration and Evaluation of any curriculum Model in Educational Institution.

Practicum -IV (CC-204)

Develop and deliver 5 lesson plans by using 5E Model /Icon Model.

No. of classes- 08

No. of classes- 08

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (DSE)

Any one paper can be opted by students of this Department. Minimum student strength to run the course in each elective paper should be 8.

EDN-206(A)

OPEN AND DISTANCE LEARNING

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to

CO1 Describe the meaning, nature and need of Distance Education in the present situation.

- CO2 Explain various kinds of information and communication Technologies used by (ICTand enable them to be familiar with their use in teaching-learning process of distance educational institutions)
- CO3 Describe and explain various modes of Student Support Services (SSS) and develop in them skills to manage such services for various kinds of programs through Distance Education.

CO4 Evaluate programs of Distance Education and to develop the ability to enhance the quality and standards of different D. E. Programs.

Unit I: Distance Education and its Development

- Definitions and Teaching learning components
- Correspondence course, Distance education, Open learning
- Need and characteristic features of Distance Education
- Growth of Distance Education
- Distance Teaching –learning systems in India.

Unit II: Intervention Strategies at Distance Education

- Information and Communication Technologies and their application in Distance Education.
- Designing and preparing self-instructional material
- Electronic media (T.V.) for Education ٠
- Print media

Unit III: Learning at a Distance

- Student-support services in Distance Education and their Management
- Technical and vocational programs through Distance Education
- Programs for women through Distance education
- Distance Education and Rural Development

Unit IV: Quality Enhancement and Program Evaluation No. of classes-06

- Quality Assurance of Distance Education
- Mechanisms for maintenance of standards in Distance Education
- Programme evaluation

No. of classes-06

No. of classes- 08

- Cost analysis in D. E. concept need and process
- New Dimensions in Distance Education promises for the future.

MODES OF TRANSACTION: Lecture cum Discussion method ,Case study ,New approaches of Teaching analyzing Self-learning instructional Materials , Blended leaning, Seminar, Workshop, **PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX**

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	1	2	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	3	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	1

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS:

Anderson,T.(2004). *The theory and practice of online learning*. Canada: AUPress. Keegan,D.(2013). *Foundations of distance education*. New York: Routledge Tayler&Francis Group.S

Moore, M.G.(2012). *Handbook of distance education*. New Delhi: RoutledgeChampan& Hall.

Moore, M.G. & Kearsley, G. (2011). *Distance education: A systems view of online learning. United State: Cengage Learning.*

Murphy, D., Evans, T., & Haughey, M. (2007). *International handbppk of distance education*. England: Emerald Group Publishing Ltd.

Pandey, U.C.(2014). *Optimizing open and distance learning in higher education institutions*. New Delhi: IGNOU.

Pandey, V.C.(2005). *Technology and development if distance education*. TamilNadu:Isha Books.

Ramanujam, P.R. (2005). *Globalization, education and open distance learning*. New Delhi: Shipra Publications.

Satyanareayana, P. & Seshartnam, C. (2018). *Open distance education in India*. New Delhi: Shipra Publications.

Sharma, A. (2011). *Distance education*. New Deldi: Global Publications.

Umesha,U.,Mudho, M.V, & Khan,K.M.(2004). A handbook on distanceeducation. New Deldi: Ess Publications

EDN-206(B)

ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION AND

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

COURSE OUTCOMES

The students will be able to

- CO1 Describe the concept, importance scope and aspect of environmental Education
- **CO2** Explain the possible environmental hazards and create awareness about pollutions of environment
- CO3 Explain the attitude towards protection of environment.
- **CO4** Differentiate various methods and strategies for realizing the objectives of environmental education

Unit-I Introduction to Environmental Studies

- Introduction to Environment- Concept, nature, scope and importance
- People and environment interaction
- Concept of sustainability and sustainable development
- Environmental Education-Concept, nature, scope, importance and functions

Unit-II Environmental Hazards

- Environmental Pollutions- Types, sources, causes, effects and control with reference to Air, Water, Soil and Noise pollutions.
- Solid waste management- control, measures of urban and Industrial waste
- Nuclear Hazards and Human health risk
- Climate change, Global warning, Ozon layer depletion, Acid rain and impact on human communities.

Unit-III Environmental Policies and Practices

- Environmental Protection Act
- Air prevention and control Act
- Water prevention and protection Act
- Wildlife protection Act
- Forest conservation Act.

Unit-IV Human Communities and the Environment

- Human population growth- Impact on environment, human health andwelfare
- Curriculum for Environmental education; strategies for

No. of classes-06

No. of classes- 08

No. of classes-08

Teaching environmental education

• Environmental movement- Chipko movement and Silent Valley

MODES OF TRANSACTION: Lecture cum Discussion method, Observational Design, Debate, Blended leaning, Seminar, Workshop,

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO4	2	3	1	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS:

Carson, R. (2002). Silent spring. Houghton: Mifflin Harcourt.

Gadgil, M. & Guha, R. (1993). *This fissured land: An ecological history of India*. USA: University of California Press.

Gleeson, B. and Low, N. (1999). Global ethics and environment. London: Routledge.

Gleick, P. H. (1993). *Water in crisis*. Stockholm Environmental Institute: Oxford Univ.Press.

McNeill, John R. (2000). Something new under the sun: An environmental historyof thetwentieth Century.

Odum, E.P., Odum, H.T. & Andrews, J. (1971). *Fundamentals of ecology*. Philadelphia: Saunders.

Pepper, I.L., Gerba, C.P. & Brusseau, M.L. (2011). *Environmental and pollution science*. Academic Press. Raven, P.H., Hassenzahl, D.M. & Berg, L.R. (2012). *Environment*.

John Wiley & Sons. Sengupta, R. 2003. Ecology and economics: An approach to sustainable development. OUP.

Singh, J.S., Singh, S.P. and Gupta, S.R. (2014). *Ecology, environmentalscience and conservation*. New Delhi : S. Chand Publishing.

EDN-206(C)

EARLY CHILDHOOD CARE ANDEDUCATION

COURSE OUTCOMES

The students will be able to

- **CO1** Describe the concept of early childhood care and education.
- CO2 Identify the common types of diseases at early childhood stage.
- CO3 Analyze the curriculum at pre-school stage.
- CO4 Evaluate the recommendations given by various organizations on ECCE.

Unit-I Introduction to Early Childhood Care and Education No. of classes- 10

- Concept of pre-school education
- Aims and objectives of pre-school education
- Integrated child development services scheme (ICDS)
- Early childhood care and education (ECCE) scheme
- Contribution of Froebel and Montessori to pre-school education

Unit-II Identification, Prevention and Remediation of Diseases in Early Childhood

No. of classes- 08

- Early childhood health care programmes
- Common ailments and diseases in early childhood
- Identification, prevention and remediation of common diseases in early childhood
- Concept and need of balanced diet

Unit -III Curriculum at Pre-School Stage

- Types of pre-school centers
- Capacity building of personnel in ECCE
- Curriculum and activities at pre-school stage
- Strategies for transaction of curriculum and role of teacher
- Status of pre-school education in India

Unit -IV Recommendation of Various National and International Organizational Child Development No. of classes- 10

- Recommendation of NPE-1986
- Indian Education Commission on pre-school education
- Role of UNICEF, WHO, and CARE for child development
- Role of Government and Non- Government organization in organizing ECCE
- Problems and issues in ECCE

MODES OF TRANSACTION: Lecture cum Discussion method, Observational Design ,New approaches of Teaching, Project , Blended leaning, Seminar, Workshop,

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	1	3	1	2	1	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	3	2	1	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	1	2	3

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS

Agrawal, J.C. & Gupta, S. (2007). *Early childhood care and education:Principles andpractices.* New Delhi: Shipra Publication.

Brewer, J. A. (1995). *Introduction to early childhood education*. Boston: Allyn andBacon.

Gupta, M. S. (2009). *Early childhood care and education*. New Delhi: Prentice HallIndia Learning Pvt Ltd.

Henniger, M. L. (2009). Teaching young children: An introduction. New Delhi:Pearson.

Mohanty, B. & Mohanty, J. (2007). *Early childhood care and education*. New Delhi:Delhi Book House

EDN-206 (D) COMPARATIVE EDUCATION

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the students shall be

CO1 Explain the concept of comparative education and the factors affecting the educational systems.CO2 Critically analyze the development and approaches of comparative education.CO3 Compare the educational system and educational structure of different countries.CO4 Explain the vocationalization of secondary education.

UNIT-I Introduction to Comparative Education No of classes 09

- Concept and aims of Comparative Education
- Need and scope of Comparative Education
- Factors influencing the Education System

UNIT-II History of Comparative Education No of classes 13

- Historical Development of Comparative Education
- Approaches of Comparative Education Historical, Philosophical, Sociological and Problem approach
- Salient features of Education system of U.S.A., U.K, Japan. & India

UNIT-III Comparative Education at Pre-Primary and Primary Education

No of classes 14

- Pre-Primary Education in U.S.A., U.K, Japan. & India
- Primary Education in U.S.A., U.K, Japan. & India (Aims, Content, Methods of Instruction and Evaluation System)
- Issues and challenges of primary education

UNIT-IV Comparative Education at Secondary Education No of classes 11

- Secondary Education in U.K., U.S.A, Japan. & India
- Vocalization of Secondary Education in U.K., U.S.A, Japan. & India
- Issues and challenges of secondary education

Mode of Transaction:

Lecture-cum Discussion, Blended learning, Seminar and Workshop

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	3
CO2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	3
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	3	1	1	1	2	3	2

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SELECTED READINGS:

Andrey, A. & Howard N. (1978). Developing curriculum: A Practical Guide. London:George Allen and Unwin.

Baradey, G.Z.F. (1964). Comparative methods in education. New Delhi: Oxford and IBHPublishing Co.

Cramer, I.F. & Brown, G.S. (1965). Contemporary education: A comparative study of National System. New York: Harcourt Brace & Company.

Dent, H.C. (1981). Educational system of England. London: George Allen and Unwon.

Denis, L. (1986). School curriculum planning. London: Hodder ad Stoughton.

Edward, A. K. (1960). The secondary school's curriculum. New York: Harper and RowPublishers.

Hans, N. (1961). Comparative education. London: Routledge and Kegan Paul.

Harold A. & Elsic, J. A. (1957). The curriculum. New York: The MacMillan Company.

International encyclopedia of the curriculum. (1991) London: Pergamon Oxford.

Sodhi T.S. (1988). A textbook of comparative education New Delhi: Association ofIndian Universities, IGNOU.

Kandel, I.L. (1963). Studies in comparative education. New York: George Harrup.Parmaji, S, (1984). Distance education, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.,Reddy, R. G. (1988). Studies in Distance Education Association of Indian Universities, Delhi New: IGNOU.

William, M. A. (1966). Planning curriculum for schools. New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston.

THIRD SEMESTER

EDN-301

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY IN EDUCATION

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to

CO1 Describe about evolutionary prospective of knowledge construction process .

- CO2 Describe the nature, scope and needs of Educational Research.
- CO3 Explain different approaches and designs of educational research.
- CO4 Identify and formulate research problem and state the hypothesis.

CO5 Differentiate between Probability and Non-probability sampling techniques.

CO6 Select and develop different types of data collection tools.

CO7 Prepare the research proposal and report

UNIT-I Introduction to Educational Research No. of classes- 10

- Evolution of scientific knowledge construction process.
- Meaning and steps of Scientific Method, Characteristics of Scientific Method (Replicability, precision, Falsifiability and Parsimony).
- Types of Scientific Method (Exploratory, Explanatory and Descriptive).
- Aims of research as a Scientific activity: Problem solving, Theory building and Prediction
- Meaning, nature, scope and needs of Educational research.
- Types of Educational research- Fundamental, Applied and Action research.
- Approaches to Educational R e s e a r c h -Qualitative, Quantitative and Mixed.

UNIT-II Research Process

- Research Problem- Criteria, Sources of identifying problem and Statement of the Problem.
- Types of Variables (Independent, Dependent, Extraneous, Intervening and Moderator).
- Review of Related Literature- Meaning and Sources.
- Hypothesis and Research Question Meaning, Characteristics, Types, Sources and Testing of hypothesis.
- Concept of Population and Sample.
- Techniques of Sampling (Probability and Non-probability), Estimate size of sample.
- Tools and Techniques of data collection (Rating scale, Attitude scale, Questionnaire, Aptitude test, Interview, Observation and Inventory).
- Identification, selection and development of tools

UNIT-III Designs of Educational Research

- Historical research- Concept, features and process.
- Descriptive research- Concept, importance, types (Case study, Survey research, Phenomenological, Ethnographic, Naturalistic inquiry and developmental) and process
- Co relational research- Concept, features and process
- Experimental research- Concept, Characteristics, Design, Internal and External validity and Process
- Ex-post facto research- Concept, features and process

UNIT-IV Research Report

- Writing proposal- format and style
- Writing Thesis/ Dissertation- format and style
- Writing Article for Journal
- Writing paper for seminar and conference
- Writing reference, Bibliography and citation
- Research ethics and concept of plagiarism & it's protection

MODE OF TRANSACTION

Lecture cum Discussion method, Problem solving, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop

No. of classes- 11

No. of classes- 12

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	1	3	1	3
CO3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	1	1	1	2	3	2
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	2	3	2	1	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO6	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	3	2	3	3	2	1	3
CO7	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	3	2	1	2	1	2	1

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READING SOURCES:

Ary, D. & Jacobs, L. (2002). *Introduction to research in education*. Belmont-USA:WadsworthThomason Learning.

Best, J.W.(1986). Research in education. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.

Borg, W.R. & Gall, M.D. (1989). *Educational research: An introduction*.NewYork: Longman.

Campbell, W.G. & Ballou, S.V. (1974). *Form and style: Theses, reports, termpapers*. Boston :Houghton Mifflin.

Creswell, J.W. (2014). *Educational research*. Delhi: PHI learning private limited.

Creswell, J.W. (2007). *Qualitative inquiry and research design: choosing amongfive approaches*. London: Sage Publications.

Edwards, A.L.(1984). *Experimental design in psychological research*. New York:HarperCollins College Div. Publication.

Gay, L.R. & Airsian, P. (2000). *Educational research: competencies for analysisand application*. New York: Macmillan.

Kerlinger, F.N.(2018). *Foundation of behavioural research*. Delhi: SurjeetPublication.

Koul, L.(1988). Methodology of educational research. New Delhi: Vikash

Publishing House.

McMillan, J.H. & Schumacher, S. (1989). *Research in education: A conceptualintroduction*. New York: Harper Collins.

EDN-302

ADVANCED EDUCATIONAL STATISTICS

COURSE OUTCOMES

- On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to **CO1** Describe the concept, importance and use of Descriptive and inferential statistics in Research.
 - **CO2** Describe the concept, assumptions and use of Parametric and on parametric statistics.
 - **CO3** Differentiate between the Parametric and Nonparametric statistics in terms of their use in different contexts.
 - **CO4** Compute and use various statistical measures of Co-efficient Of correlation, Variability, Regression and Prediction.
 - **CO5** Demonstrate the skill of computation of various type of Parametric and Non-parametric statistics by use of SPSS.

Unit-I Introduction to Educational Statistics

- Descriptive and Inferential Statistics- concept, importance, differences and uses
- Parametric and Non-parametric Statistics- concept, assumption, differences and uses
- Testing of hypothesis, Levels of significance, Types of error (Type-I and Type-II)
- One- Tailed test and Two- Tailed test

Unit-II Co-efficient of Correlation

- Biserial correlation
- Point Biserial correlation
- Tetrachoric correlation
- Phi-Coefficient correlation
- Partial correlation
- Multiple correlation

Unit-III Parametric Statistics

- Significance of difference between Means (t test)
- Analysis of Variance (ANOVA)- Importance, uses, assumption and types (One-way, Two-way and Three-way),
- MANOVA and ANCOVA

No. of classes-14

No. of classes- 08

- Post-hoc test
- Regression and Prediction

Unit-IV Non-Parametric Statistics

- Chi-square test- importance, (Independence, and Contingency)
- Median test
- Mann-Whitney test

MODE OF TRANSACTION

Lecture cum Discussion method, Problem solving, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop, Small group teaching, Home assignment. **PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX**

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	1	2	1	2	1	2	3	1	3	3	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	1	1	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	1	2	3
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	3	3
CO5	2	3	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READING SOURCES

Aggarwal, Y.P. (1988). Statistical methods-Concepts,

application and computation. New Delhi: Streling.

Edwards, A.L. (1959). *Experimental design in psychological research*. New York: Rinehart & Company, Inc.

Enhance, D.N., Elhance, V., & Aggaewal, B.M. (2014). Fundamentals of statistics.

Allahabad: Kitab Mahal.

Ferguson, G.A. (1976). *Statistical analysis in psychology and education*. NewYork: McGraw Hill.

- Fisher, R. A. (2017). *Statistical methods for research workers*. Newdelhi: KalpazPublications.
- Garrett, H. E.(1973). *Statistics in Psychology and Education*. Bombay:Vakils,Feffer and Simon.
- Guilford, J.P. (1978). Fundamental statistics in psychology and education. New York: McGraw Hill.
- Guilford, J.P. (1954). Psychometric methods. New York: McGraw Hill.
- Mangal, S.K. (2008). Statistics in education and psychology. New Delhi:PrenticeHall.
- Segal, S. and Castellan, N.J.(1988).Non parametric statistics for behaviouralscience. Singapore: McGraw Hill.

No. of classes- 06

and

types

uses

assumption,

EDN-303

ADVANCED EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to

CO1 Describe the concept and nature of Educational Technology, ICT in education and Instructional Technology.

CO2 Explain the models of Instructional Design.

CO3 Explain the various application of Computer in education.

CO4 Describe the concept and approaches of e-learning and Social learning.

CO5 Relate various Learning Theories with corresponding Instructional Strategies.

CO6 Distinguish among different types of Instructional model.

CO7 Apply the knowledge of Educational Technology, ICT and Instructional Technology to search information on different Open Educational Resources.

Unit-I Introduction to Educational Technology

No. of classes-10

- Concept of Educational Technology (ET) as a discipline
- Information Technology, Communication Technology & Information and Communication Technology (ICT) and Instructional Technology.
- Aspects of Education Technology- Hardware, Software, Courseware and Human ware
- Applications of Educational Technology in Formal, Non-formal (Open and Distance Learning), Informal and Inclusive education system.
- Meaning, nature and scope of ICT in education

Unit-II System Approach to Instructional Design and Behavior Modification

No. of classes- 10

- Concept of Teaching, Instruction and Learning
- Concept of System Approach to instructional design
- Models of development of Instructional design (ADDIE, ASSURE, Dick and Carey Model Mason's)
- Models of teaching: Basic Teaching Model of Robert Glaser, Concept Attainment Model of J. S. Bruner, Bloom's Mastery Learning, Robert Gagne's Information Processing Model
- Micro Teaching and FIAS

Unit-III Instructional System and Strategies

No. of classes- 08

• Application of Computers in Education: CAI, CAL, CBT, CLM

- Programme instruction (Linear and Branching)
- Gagne's Nine Events of instruction and Five E's of Constructivism
- Nine Elements of Constructivist instructional Design

Unit-IV Emerging Trends in E- learning

No. of classes- 12

- Concept of E-learning, Approaches to e-learning (Offline, Online, Synchronous, Asynchronous, Blended learning, mobile learning).
- Social learning (concept, use of web 2.0 tools for learning, social networking sites, blogs, chats, video conferencing, discussion forum)
- Open Education Resources (Creative Common, Massive Open Online Courses; Concept and application).
- Flipped learning
- Blended Learning
- Recommendations of NEP 2020

MODE OF TRANSACTION

Lecture cum Discussion method, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop, Debate. **PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX**

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	3	2	3
CO2	2	3	2	1	2	1	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	1
CO3	2	2	3	1	1	2	2	2	1	3	2	1	2	1
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	3	1	2	2	1
CO5	2	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	1
CO6	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	3	3
CO7	2	3	1	2	3	3	3	1	1	3	1	2	2	3

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READING SOURCES:

NCERT (2006). National Curriculum Framework 2005 Position Paper National Focus Group on Educational Technology. New Delhi: Author.

Senapaty, H.K. (2009). *ICT Integrated Learning Materials on Basic School Subjects from Constructivist Perspectives*. Bhubaneswar: Regional Institute of Education, NCERT (Monograph).

Senapaty, H.K. (2011). *Pedagogy-Technology Integration for the Professional Development of Teacher Educators*. Bhubaneswar: Regional Institute of Education, NCERT (Monograph).

Singh, L. C. (Ed.) (2010). *Educational Technology for Teachers and Educators*. New Delhi: Vasunandi Publication.

UNESCO (2002). Information and communication technology in education: A curriculum for schools and programme of teacher development. Paris: UNESCO.

UNESCO (2008). *Capacity Building for ICT Integration in Education*. Retrieved from http://portal.unesco.

UNESCO (2008). *ICT Competency Standards for Teachers: Policy Framework*. Retrieved from <u>http://portal.unesco</u>.

Mishra, P. and Koehler, M. (2007). Technological pedagogical content knowledge (TPCK): Confronting the wicked problems of teaching with technology. In C. Crawford et al. (Eds.). *Proceedings of Society for Information Technology and Teacher Education International Conference* 2007. Chesapeake, VA: Association for the Advancement of Computing in Education. (pp. 2214-2226).

Mishra, P. and Koehler, M.J. (2006). Technological pedagogical content knowledge: A framework for integrating technology in teacher knowledge. *Teachers College Record*, 108 (6), 1017-1054.

Mishra, S. (2008). Developing E-Learning Materials: Some Pedagogical Concerns. *Indian Journal of Open Learning*, 17 (2).

Resta, P. (Ed.) (2002). *Information and Communication Technologies in Teacher Education: A Planning Guide*. Paris: UNESCO.

Roblyer, M.D. (2008). *Integrating educational technology into teaching*. New Delhi: Pearson.

Stodel, E.J. et al. (2006) Learners' Perspectives on What is Missing from Online Learning:Interpretations through the Community of Inquiry Framework. The International Review ofResearchinOpenandDistanceLearning,(3).http://www.irrodl.org/index.php/irrodl/article/view/325/743.Retrieved on 19 Feb., 2007.

UNESCO (2002). Information and Communication Technologies in Teacher Education APlanning Guide. Paris: Author

UNESCO (2005). How ICT can create new, open learning environments: Information and communication technologies in schools: A handbook for teachers. Paris: UNESCO.

EDN-304

DEVELOPMENT OF EDUCATION IN INDIA

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to

- **CO1** Provide a broad sketch about the development of education in India from Pre-independence period to till date.
- **CO2** Explain level wise major schemes for quantity and quality expansion of Education.
- **CO3** Compare the educational structure, provisions among three major Policies on Education
- **CO4** Critically evaluate the Background, Objectives and recommendations of various Committees, Commissions and policies on Education.

Unit-I Education during British Period

No. of classes- 08

- Charter Act and Macaulay's Minute
- Wood Despatch
- Hunter Commission
- Calcutta University Commission
- Wardha Scheme of Education

Unit-II Committees and Commissions on Education in post-Independence India with reference to Background, Objectives and major Recommendations

No. of classes- 08

- University Education Commission (1948)
- Secondary Education Commission (1954)
- Kothari Commission (1964-66)

Unit-III Policies on Education

- NPE-1968
- NPE-1986
- Programme of Action, 1992
- RMSA, 2009
- RTE Act, 2009

• RUSA, 2013

Unit-IV National Education Policy, 2020

No. of classes- 12

- NEP- 2020
- Structure, Curriculum and Pedagogy of School Education
- Structure, Pattern and Vision of Higher Education
- Equity and Inclusion in Higher Education
- Vocational Education

MODE OF TRANSACTION

Lecture cum Discussion method, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	1	3	2	3	2	3
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	2

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READING SOURCES:

Aggrawal, J.C.(2010). Landmarks in the history of modern Indian education.New Delhi: Vikash Publishing Pvt Ltd.

Das, K.K. (1993). *Development of education in India*. New Delhi: KalyaniPublishers.

Dash, B.N. (1911). *Development of education in India*. New Delhi: Ajanta Prakashan.

Govt. of India (1986). *National policy on education*. New Delhi: MHRD. Govt. of India. (1992, 1998). *National policy on education, 1986 (Asmodified in 1992)*.

Retrieved from http://mhrd.gov.in/sites/upload_files/mhrd/files/NPE86-mod92.pdf Keay, F.E. & Mitra, Sukumar (1978). *A history of education in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Ministry of Education (1966). *Education and national development*. New Delhi: Ministry of Education, Government of India.

Mukherji, S.M., (1966). *History of education in India*. Vadodara: Acharya Book Depot.

Naik, J.P. and Syed, N., (1974). A student's history of education in India. New Delhi: MacMillan.

NCERT (2005). *National curriculum framework 2005*. New Delhi: National Council of Educational Research and Training.

Rawat, P.L.(1989). History of Indian education. New Delhi: Ram Prasad &

Sons. Website, www.mhrd.gov.in

EDN-305 PRACTICL Term End- 100

Practicum-C-301(a) RESEARCH PAPER REVIEW (25 MARKS)

No. of classes- 08

Each student will submit a review report based on their selected research problem from at least 10 research papers (Web of Science/Scopus).

Practicum –C-301(b) DEVELOPMENT OF RESEARCH PROPOSAL

50 MARKS No. of classes- 12

Each student shall have to choose a topic in consultation with his \her supervisor and deliver a seminar on the topic in the Department. The seminar topic shall be research oriented and the seminar paper is basically a proposal. After presentation of the paper, candidate's performance shall be valued jointly by both internal and external examiner. Distribution of marks for presentation of paper and participation in seminar discussion shall be as follows.

Presentation of paper	:	40	Marks
Clarification of Points and discussion	:	10	Marks

Practicum –C-302

(25 MARKS)

ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION OF QUANTITATIVE DATA USING SPSS.

Students have to analyses the data for calculation of Central tendency, Variability, Correlation, Regression by used of SPSS. No. of classes- 08

INTER DISCIPLINARY

SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (IDSE)

Any one paper can be opted by students of other departments.

EDN-306 (A)

Philosophical Foundations of Education

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to

- **CO1** Explain about different Western and Indian philosophical thoughts in the light of Metaphysic, Epistemology, Axiology and their educational implications.
- **CO2** Compare (similarities and differences) between different philosophical thought in the light of above dimensions.
- **CO3** Critically analyze the present educational practices in the philosophical context.
- CO4 Explain the contributions of Western and Indian thinkers in education.
- **CO5** Explain philosophical outlook to relate and analyze the context and problems of education.

Unit –I Western Schools of Philosophy

• Idealism, Realism, Naturalism, Pragmatism, Existentialism, Marxism, Logical Positivism with special reference to Metaphysic, Epistemology, Axiology and their educational implications for aims, curriculum, method of teaching, role of teacher and students and discipline.

Unit- II Indian Schools of Philosophy

No. of classes 12

• Jainism, Buddhism, Samkhya, Vedanta with special reference to Metaphysic, Epistemology, Axiology and their educational implication of aims, curriculum, method of teaching, role of teacher and students and discipline.

Unit-III Contribution of Western Thinkers to Educational Theories and Practice

No. of classes 08

• J.J. Rousseau, John Dewey, Ivan Illich, Paul Freire.

Unit- IV Contribution of Indian Thinkers to Educational Theories and Practice No of classes 08

• Shri Aurobindo, Vivekananda, R.N. Tagore. M.K. Gandhi.

Mode of transaction

Lecture-cum-Discussion, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop. PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	1	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	1	2	3	1	2
CO2	2	3	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	1	2	3	3	1
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	3	2
CO5	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	1	2

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

Suggested Readings

Agrwal, J.C.(2010).*Teacher and education in a developing society*. Delhi: Vikash Publishing House.

Ayer, A.J.(1959). Logical positivism. New York: The Free Press. Ayer,

A.J.(1936). Language, truth and logic. U.S.A.: Penguin Books.

Arulsarmy, S. (2011). *Philosophical and sociological perspectives on education*. New Delhi: Neelkamal Publication Pvt. Ltd.

Bhatia,K.K.(2011). *Philosophical and sociological foundation of education*. New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers.

Brubacher, J.S. (1939). *Modern philosophies of education*. New York, USA: McGraw.

Butler, J.D. (1959). *Four philosophies and their practices in education and religion*. New York: Harper.

Chaube, S.P. & Chaube, A. (2009). *Foundation of education*. New Dehli: Vikash Publishing House Pvt.Ltd.

Kneller F.(1971). Introduction to philosophy of education. New York, USA:

Macmillan.

Masih, Y. (2017). A critical history of western philosophy. New Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass.

Ross, J. S. (1960). Ground work of educational theory. London. U.K: George G. Harrap & Co.

Rusk, R. R. (1992). Philosophical bases of education. London, U.K: Oxford University of London Press Ltd.

Sharma.C.D.(2016). A critical survey of Indian philosophy. New Delhi:Motilal **Banarsidass**

Wingo, G.M. (1974). Philosophies of education. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers *****

EDN- 306 (B)

SOCIOLOGICAL FOUNDATION OF EDUCATION

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to

- **CO1** Identify different issues about inequality in Indian society.
- CO₂ Relate different social situation and practices of education.
- CO3 Explain concept of social stratification, social change and social mobility.
- **CO4** Critically analyze the social phenomenon in the context of Indian society.

Unit-I Introduction to Educational Sociology

- Concept of Sociology of education, Approaches of sociology of education: Symbolic interaction, Structural Functionalism and Conflict theory.
- Relationship between sociology and Education
- Concept and types of social institutions and their functions: family, school and Society.

Unit-II Education and Social Change

- Education and social change: meaning, nature and types of social change, role of education in social change
- Social mobility: meaning and types, Role of education in Social mobility Theories of social change and their educational implication – Evolutionary theory, Functional theory, Cyclical theory and Conflict theory.

Unit- III Process of social change

Concept of social movements and theories: Relative Deprivation, Resource mobilization and Political Process theory, New social movement theory

No. of classes 11

No. of classes 09

• Education in current Social Context: Westernization, Urbanization and Sanskritization

Unit –IV Social stratification and issues in Indian society No. of classes 09

- Illiteracy, Casteism, Gender discrimination, Unemployment, Drug addiction, Wastage and Stagnation
- Concept of equality and equity, social values as enshrined in the constitution-Socialism, secularism, justice, liberty, freedom, democracy and equality.

Mode of transaction

Lecture-cum-discussion, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop. PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	3	2	3	2	1	3	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	3

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS:

Abraham, M.F. (2008). *Contemporary sociology*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Agrwal, J.C. (2010). *Teacher and education in a developing society*. Delhi: Vikash Publishing House.

Arulsarmy, S. (2011). *Philosophical and sociological perspectives on education*.New Dehli: Neelkamal Publication Pvt.Ltd.

Bhatia,K.K.(2011). *Philosophical and sociological foundation of education*. New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers.

Brown, F.J. (1954). Educational sociology. New York: Prentice Hall.

Chaube, S.P. & Chaube, A. (2009). *Foundation of education*. New Dehli: Vikash Publishing House Pvt.Ltd.

Clark, P. (2001). *Teaching and learning: The culture of pedagogy*. New Delhi:Sage Publication.

Dewey, J. (1916). Democracy and education. New York: MacMillan.

Dewey, J. (1973). The school and society. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.

Mathur, S.S. (1966). *A sociological approach to Indian education*. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.

Pathak, R.P. (2012). *Philosophical and sociological principls of education*. Delhi:Pearson.

Ottaway, A.K.C. (1966). *Education and society*. London: Routledge and KeganPaul. Safaya, R.N. & Shaida, B. D. (2010). *Modern theory and orinciples of education*. New Delhi: Dhanpati Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd.

Srinivas, M.N. (1986). Social change in modern India. Bombay: Allied Publishers.

Rusk, Robert R. (1996). *Philosophical bases of education*. London, U.K: Oxford University of London Press Ltd.

EDN-306 (C)

PSYCHOLOGICAL FOUNDATION OF EDUCATION

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the students the students shall be able to

- **CO1** Describe different theories and approaches of Psychology: learning, motivation, intelligence, creativity and personality.
- **CO2** Compare among different psychological perspectives on student behavior, learning process and adjustment.
- CO3 Critically analyze different approaches of learning.
- **CO4** Administer and interpret different psychological test to measure psychological traits.

Unit-I Education and School of Psychology

• Schools of psychology and their contribution towards education- Behaviorism, Psychoanalysis, Gestalt and Constructivism,

Unit-II Learning and Motivation

- Learning theories and process- Conditioning theory (Classical conditioning, Operant conditioning), Modelling theory (Bandura's Social theory) and Humanism theory (Carl Rogers theory of learning).
- Tolman's theory of learning, Kurt Lewin' field theory, Bloom's mastery learning, Ausubel's meaningful learning and Gagne's hierarchical learning.
- Theories of motivation and their educational implication: McClelland's need for achievement, Vroom's expectancy theory, Maslow's Hierarchical theory ofneeds.

Unit- III Intelligence and Creativity

• Concept and theories of intelligence

• Intelligence theories and their educational implications- Structure theories (Uni factor,

No. of classes 12

No. of classes 08

Two factor, Multi factor, Structure of intelligence, Triarchic theory of intelligence (Sternberg), Cattel's theory of intelligence, Multiple theory of intelligence (Gardner), Measurement and types of intelligence test.

• Creativity – concept and theories of creativity, Stages of creative thinking, Fostering creativity talents among students through education, Measurement and types of creativity test.

Unit- IV Personality and Adjustment Mechanism

No of classes 08

- Personality- concept and types, Type and Trait theories of personality, Typecum-trait theories, Measurement of personality,
- Mental health and hygiene, Process of adjustment, conflicts and defense mechanism.

Mode of transaction

Lecture-cum-discussion, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop, Small group discussion.

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	1	2	1	3	3	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	3	3	2	3

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS:

Anastasi, A. (2016). Psychological testing. New Delhi: Pearson.

Block, J.H.(1971). *Mastery learning: Theory and practice*. New York: Holt Rinahart and Winston.

Bloom, B.S.(1976). *Human characteristics and school learning*. New York: McGraw Hill.

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EDN- 306(D) Economics of Education

Course Objectives

On completion of this course, the students shall be

- CO1. Explain the concept of planning, financing and cost of education.
- CO2. State the types of educational costs.
- CO3. State the link between the educational system and economic development.
- CO4. Elaborate on the sources of finances for education.

CO5. Critically examine the process of budget preparation for educational institutions.

Unit I: Economics of Education

- Concept, scope and importance of economics of education.
- The relationship between education and the economic system. The role of the economic systemin (i) financing of education, and (ii) absorbing the educated manpower.

- Education as an industry
- Education as consumption and education as individual, social and national investment.

Unit-II: Cost-Benefit Analysis and Financing in Education No of classes-14

- Cost-benefit analysis: Meaning, purpose and problems
- Cost-Effectiveness Analysis in Education
- Difference between Cost-benefit and Cost-Cost-effectiveness analysis.
- Concept of Cost Consciousness in Education.
- Estimation of cost of Education: Its applications to different levels (Primary, Secondary and highersecondary)
- External and Internal Efficiency of Education

UNIT-III: Sources of Fund and Budgetary Allocation No of classes 13

- Pricing of Education: Micro and Macro aspects of pricing of education (Theoretical Study);Problem of capitation fees.
- Financing of Education: Sources of finance for education: private, public, fees, donations; Endowments and grants: Grant-in-aid principles and practices with special reference to higher education; Government's role in financing education at different levels with specialreference to higher education.
- Budgetary Provision: Concept of budget. Annual grants; developmental grants and maintenance grants. Allocation of funds to education in the 5 year plans (particularly, twelfth five-year plan).

UNIT-IV Relationship between Education and National Development:

No of classes 08

- Education as a means of human development
- National development and indicators of national development
- Relationship between education, poverty and inequality

Mode of Transaction:

Lecture-cum Discussion, Blended learning, Seminar and Workshop

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	1
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	1	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	2	2	3	2
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Adam Smith. The Wealth of Nations, "Inequalities Arising from the Nature o fEmployments Themselves". pp. 100-102.
- Althusser, L. 1971. 'Ideology and ideological state apparatuses', in L. Althusser. 'Lenin andPhilosophy' and Other Essays. London: New Left Review.
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- Milton Friedman, Capitalism and Freedom, Ch. 6, "The Role of the Government in Education".Naik,J.P.1975.Equality, Quality and Quantity. The Elusive Triangle in Indian Education. Allied: Bombay. Prakash, Ved and K. Biswal.2008. Perspectives on Education and Development, NUEPA: Delhi.
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- Schultz, T.W. 1961. Investment in Human Capital, American Economic Review.
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- Tilak, Jandhyala B. G. 2002. "Education and Poverty". 3 (2) Journal of HumanDevelopment(NewYork: UNDP). July. 191-207.
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FOURTH SEMESTER

EDN-401

HIGHER EDUCATION IN INDIA

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the student the students shall be able to

- CO1 Analyze various policies and their recommendations on various aspects of higher education.
- **CO2** Evaluate the functions and importance of different Higher education institutions.
- **CO3** Examine the problems in implementation of the policies of higher education in India.
- CO4 Explore the problems and reforms in higher education in India.
- CO5 Analyze role of various agencies of higher education in India.

Unit-I Development of Higher Education in India No. of classes- 10

- Development of Higher Education in India during the Pre- Independence period- a brief history
- Development of Higher Education in India during the Post-Independence period with special reference to recommendation of UEC(1948), IEC (1964-66), and NPE(1986)NEP(2020)

Unit-II Higher Education Institutions

- Types of Universities (Central, State, Deemed and private): Establishment, management and functions.
- Institutes of National Importance: AIIMS, IIMs, IITs, IISERs, IITs and NITs
- Types of Universities in NEP 2020: Teaching-Intensive Universities, Research Intensive Universities and Autonomous Degree-Granting Colleges
- Open University, Institute of National importance: IIT, IIM, IISe and AIMS.

Unit-III Management of Higher Education

- Ministry of Human Resources Development (MHRD)- Role and functions
- State Department of Higher Education- Role and functions
- University Grant Commission (UGC)- Role, management and functions
- All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE)-Role, management and functions.

Unit-IV Reforms in Higher Education

No. of classes- 08

No. of classes- 10

• Human Resources Development Centre- Role and functions

- Academic Credit Bank in NEP 2020
- Multiple Entry-Exit Options in Academic Programmes
- Holistic and Multidisciplinary Education
- Higher Education Commission of India (HECI)
- National Scholarship Portal
- National Educational Technology Forum (NEFT)

MODE OF TRANSACTION

Lecture cum Discussion method, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop, Small group discussion.

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	3	2	3	1	2	3	2
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	2	2	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	3

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS

Rao, K.Sudha (Ed.) (2002). *Educational policies in India: Analysis and review ofpromise and performance*. New Delhi: NUEPA.

Ministry of Human Resource Development (2011). *Indian Institutes of development*. New Delhi:Government of India

Cheney, G. R., Ruzzi B. B. and Muralidharan, K. (2005). *India educationreport*.New Delhi: NCEE (National Center on Education and the Economy).

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related to expansion, inclusiveness, quality and finance. New Delhi: University Grants Commission.

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EDN-402

TEACHER EDUCATION

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the student the students shall be able to

- CO1 Describe the concept, scope and importance of teacher education.
- CO2 Analyze various policies recommendations for teacher education in India
- **CO3** Critically evaluate professional ethics, autonomy and accountability of teachers in their profession
- **CO4** Identify the problems in implementation of the policies for teacher education
- **CO5** Analyze the role and functions of different agencies of teacher Education in quality development of teacher education.

Unit-I Introduction to Teacher Education

No. of classes- 10

- Teacher education- concept, objectives, scope and importance.
- Types of teacher education- In-service teacher education and Preservice teacher education.
- Organization of Components of Pre-service Teacher Education
- Transactional Approaches (for foundation courses) Expository, Collaborative and Experiential learning
- Agencies and Institutions of In-service Teacher Education at District, State and National Levels (SCERT, NCERT, NCTE and UGC)

Unit-II Development of Teacher Education in India

No. of classes- 08

- Teacher education- Historical perspective.
- The Education Commission (1964-66)
- National Commission on Teacher-National Policy on Education (1986)
- NCFTE-2009
- NCTE Regulation Act-2014

Unit-III Teaching as a Profession

- Teaching as a profession and its characteristics
- Professional growth of teacher- Meaning, purpose and strategies

- Teacher Effectiveness- Meaning, criteria for assessment and modificationofteacher behavior.
- Characteristics of good teacher, professional ethics, autonomy and accountability of teacher
- Evaluation of teacher at different levels-
 - Evaluation by authority
 - Evaluation by students
 - Self-evaluation/Personal appraisal
 - Peer evaluation
- Importance of teacher evaluation
- Tools and techniques for teacher evaluation

Unit-IV Models of Teacher Education

- Knowledge base of Teacher Education from the view point of Schulman, Deng andLuke & Habermas
- Meaning of Reflective Teaching and Strategies for Promoting Reflective Teaching

No. of classes- 10

• Models of Teacher Education - Behavioristic, Competency-based and Inquiry Oriented Teacher Education Models

MODE OF TRANSACTION

Lecture cum Discussion method, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	1	2	3	2	1	2	1	2	2	1	2	1
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	3
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	2	1	3	3
CO5	2	3	2	1	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	3	3	4

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS

Aggrawal, J.C.(1996). The progress of education in free India. New Delhi: AryaBook Depot. Balram,R.(1993). In service education and training of teachers. Paris: OECD. Hopkins, D. & Reid, M. (1993). Professional development of teacher. London: Kogan Page. Joshi, J.N. (1997). Teacher education: pre-service and in-service. New Delhi: NCERT. NCTE (2009). National Curriculum Framework for Teacher Education. National Council for Teacher Education.

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Sahoo, P.K., Yadav, D. and Das, B.C. (2010). Professionalism in

teachereducation: Contemporary Perspectives. New Delhi: Uppal. Singh, U.K. & Sudarshan, K.N.(1996). *Teacher education*. New Delhi:Discovery

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Srivastava, R.C.(1997). Teacher education in India: Issues and perspective. NewDelhi: Regency Publication.

EDN-403

GUIDANCE AND COUNSELING IN EDUCATION

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the student-teacher shall be able to

- **CO1** Summarize the concept, need, principles and bases of guidance.
- **CO2** Apply various tools and techniques of guidance in appropriate contexts.
- **CO3** Identify the role of school in organizing different guidance programmes.
- **CO4** Illustrate the concept, scope and type of counseling.
- **CO5** Extract the process, tools and techniques of counseling.
- **CO6** Design different types of guidance services.

Unit-I Introduction to Guidance and Counseling

- Guidance and Counseling- Concept, Principles, Needs and Types (Educational, Vocational & Personal).
- Counseling- Concept, Types (Directive, Non-directive and Eclectic)
- Bases of Guidance- Psychological, Sociological and Educational.

Unit-II Tools and Techniques of Guidance

- Test and their significance in guidance programmes- various types of standardize test
- Non-Testing devices and their significance in guidance programmes with special reference to Questionnaire, Interview schedules, Socio- matric approach and Cumulative Record Cards

Unit-III Approaches and Theories of Counselling

- Cognitive- Behavioral (Albert Ellis REBT) •
- Humanistic

No. of classes- 08

No. of classes- 10

- Person- centered Counselling (Carl Rogers)
- Theories of Counselling (Behavioristic, Rational, Emotive and Reality)

Unit-IV Organization of Guidance Services

No. of classes- 10

- Placement Service
- Occupational Information Service
- Counseling Service
- Follow-up Service
- Testing Service

MODE OF TRANSACTION

Lecture cum Discussion method, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop, Small group discussion.

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	1	2	1	2	3	2	1	2	2-	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	1	2
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	2	1	3	1	3	1	1	2	1
CO5	2	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2
CO6	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS

Bhatnagar, A. & Gupta, N. (1999). *Guidance and counseling: A theoretical perspective(Vol.I)*. New Delhi: Vikas.

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EDN-404

INCLUSIVE EDUCATION

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the student-teacher shall be able to

- CO1 Describe historical background of inclusive education.
- CO2 Summarize concept, nature, and scope of inclusive education.
- CO3 Categorize types of inclusive education.
- CO4 Illustrate the types, characteristics of physically and sensory handicapped.
- **CO5** Identify characteristics, etiology and prevention of physically and sensory handicapped.
- **CO6** Categorize and summarize the types, characteristics, etiology and prevention of mentally handicapped.

Unit-I Introduction to Inclusive Education

- Concept of Impairment, Disability and Handicap and Inclusive Education
- Legal Provisions for their Education
- Persons with Disabilities Act 1995
- National Policy of Disabilities 2006
- National Curriculum Framework 2005
- RPWD Act 2016
- UNCRPD (United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities)

Unit-II Support Needs of Students with Disabilities No. of classes- 08

- Types and degree of impairment, Characteristics, Etiology and prevention, educational programs of OH, HI, VI, MR, LD.
- Support needs of orthopedically handicapped, Hearing Impaired, Visually Impaired, Mentally Retarded and Learning-Disabled Students -Types of handicapped, Characteristics, Educational programs.

Unit-III Planning and Management of Inclusive Classrooms

No. of classes- 10

- Infrastructure: Removing Architectural Barriers
 - Human Resource and Instructional Practices
 - Curriculum and Curricular Adaptations for Diverse Learners
 - Assistive and Adaptive Technology for Diverse learners
 - Product (Aids and Appliances) and Process
 - Individualized Education Plan
 - Remedial Teaching)
 - Parent Professional Partnership

Unit-IV Research Trends of Inclusive Education in India

No. of classes- 08

- Barriers and Facilitators of Inclusive Education
- Attitude, Social and Educational
- Current Status and Ethical Issues of inclusive education in India
- Research Trends of Inclusive Education in India

MODE OF TRANSACTION

Lecture cum Discussion method, Blended learning, Seminar, Workshop, Small group discussion

PO-PSO-CO MAPPING MATRIX

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	1	2	1	2	3	2	1	2	2-	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	1	2
CO4	2	3	1	2	2	2	1	3	1	3	1	1	2	1
CO5	2	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2
CO6	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2

1. Slight (Low) 2. Moderate (Medium) 3. Substantial (High)

SUGGESTED READINGS

Bateman, D.F & Cline, J.L.(2016). *A teacher's guide to special education*. United State: ASCD.

Dash, M. & Dash, N. (2005). *Essentials exceptionality and special education*. NewDelhi: Atlantic.

Hallahan, D.P., Kaceffan, J.M., & Pullen, P.C. (2011). *Exceptional learnears: An introduction to special education*. New Delhi: Pearson Education.

Kirk, S., Gallagher, J.J.& Coleman, M.R.(2014). *Educating Exceptional children*.New Delhi: Cangage Learning.

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Sarangi, H. (2018). *Cognitive development of hearing impair children*. New Delhi: Pacific book International.

Sharma, R.A.(2016). Fundamental of special education. New delhi: Bookman.

Werts, M.G., Culatta, R.A. & Tompkins, J.R.(2015). Fundamental of special education: What every teacher needs to know. New Delhi: Pearson

EDN-405

DISSERTATION

Each M.A. (Education) student of Semester IV is compulsory required to select a problem on any area of education, carry out intensive research work and prepare a dissertation under the guidance of a teacher of the department. He/she is required to submit the complete dissertation to the Department 15 days before the practical examination. The evaluation of research work shall bejointly made by both external examiner and the internal examiner.

The mark shall be distributed as follows

Dissertation: 50 Marks

Viva- Voce: 50 marks
